The Bombay Gazette,

PUBLISHED DAILY; AND CIRCULATED THROUGHOUT THE PRESIDENCY, BRITISH INDIA, & THE EAST.

No. 5,263, New Series.] BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MAY 3, 1862. [Annual Subscription in advance....Rs. 52 Single Copy for Cash .....As. 4

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

For a year in advance, delivered in Town..... Rs. 52 0
including postage..... ,, 72 0
For half a year in advance, delivered in Town ..... ,, 28 0
including postage..... ,, 38 0
or three months in advance, delivered in Town ... ,, 16 0
including postage..... ,, 21 0
For one month, delivered in Town ..... ,, 6 0
including postage..... ,, 7 12

As the prepayment of Postage on Newspapers is now compulsory, our Mofussil Subscribers must in future pay Postage in advance, at the rate of Rs. 20 per year, or their Papers cannot be forwarded.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISING.

Twelve lines and under..... Rs. 4 0
Repetitions ..... ,, 2 0
First insertion, each line..... ,, 0 6
Second insertion ..... ,, 0 4
Third and succeeding insertions..... ,, 0 2
Domestic Occurrences each..... ,, 1 0

Contract Rates may be learned on application at the Office 27, Apollo Street, Fort.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY

Is published *twice a month*—namely, on the departure of every Overland Mail from Bombay for Europe. It consists of such Indian and other Eastern Intelligence as has transpired throughout the previous fortnight, and is known to be of general interest in Europe, including all important changes in the dispositions of H. M.'s Indian Army and Navy, Reports of the Markets, Shipping, Register of Births, Deaths, and Marriages, &c.

Annual Subscription, Rupees 10, payable in advance.
Single copy 8 annas.
Postage to England in advance, Rs. 3 per annum viâ Marseilles, Rs. 2-4-0 viâ Southampton.

Letters for the Editor of the *Bombay Gazette* should be addressed to 27, Apollo Street, Bombay. Letters for the Publisher of the *Bombay Gazette*, and all communications relating to the *Bombay Gazette Press* should be addressed to the Manager, 27, Apollo Street, Bombay.

FOR LONDON.

TO SAIL ABOUT THE MIDDLE OF MAY.—The well known A 1 Fast Clipper Ship WAR SPIRIT 1234 Tons Register, J. R. Luckes, Commander, has good accommodation for a few Cabin Passengers. For terms of Freight or Passage apply to S. Burstall & Co., or to the Captain on board.

FOR LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

TO SAIL ABOUT 15th MAY, The A 1, Ship SOUTH CAROLINA, H. M. Shapcott, Commander, has superior accommodation for passengers, who will be provided with bed and bedding.

For terms apply to Captain Shapcott, on board or to,
COUPLAND & Co.
Agents.
Bombay, 16th April 1862.

FOR MALABAR COAST.

FROM BOMBAY TO COCHIN AND BACK—The Bombay Steam Navigation Company propose despatching the Steamer PIONEER to Cochin, touching at Beypoor and the usual intermediate Ports, on the following date, viz.:—

On Saturday the 10th May.

No freight received on the day of sailing.

Apply to the Manager of the Bombay Steam Navigation Company at the Company's Office, No. 20, Medow Street, Fort.

L. C. De Menezes,
Manager of the B. S. N. Co.
3rd May 1862.

FOR KURRACHEE.

THE Bombay Steam Navigation Company will despatch the Steamer TILLY, for Kurrachee, on TUESDAY the 6th May, at 5 o'clock P. M. touching, should inducement offer, at Porebunder and Dwarka.

For Passage, Freight, and further particulars, apply &c. as above.
May 3rd 1862.

FOR SURAT.

THE well-known and fast Sailing Steamer SIR J. R. CARNAC, T. Van Wullen in charge, will leave for the above Port, THIS DAY, SATURDAY the 3rd inst, at 2 P. M. positively.

It is requested that Passengers will not go on board without a shipping order from the office.

For Freight or Passage, apply at Office
Bazar Gate Street, Fort.

FOR SURAT AND GOGO.

THE fast-sailing first Class Steamship MANCHESTER, C. W. McDonald, Commander, lately repaired extensively and efficiently in Her Majesty's Dockyard under the supervision of Government Officers, her Engines have been thoroughly repaired and refitted with a new Boiler, and has excellent accommodation for first Class Passengers, will leave for the above Ports, THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 3rd May, at 2 P. M. positively.

For Freight and Passage, apply at the Office of Javerchund Atmaram Kakaparakwalla, Bazar Gate Street, Fort.

JAVERCHUND ATMARAM,
Bombay, 3rd May 1862. Manager.

FOR SURAT.

THE new and fast-sailing Screw, steamer JOHNSTON CASTLE, 197 Tons Register, Captain Main, will be despatched on MONDAY the 5th instant, at noon.

For First Class Passage, apply to
Messrs. MANOCKJEE LIMJEE & Co.,
Rampart Row.

For deck passage and Freight, apply to the manager at the Steamer's Office, Bazaar Gate Street.

N. B. This steamer has very superior accommodation for first Class Passengers.
Bombay, 3rd May 1862.

NOTICE.

THE CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per Ship *Floating Light*, from Liverpool, are requested to send off Boats to receive their Goods as they come to hand, otherwise, Captain Starkie will land the same without delay at their risk and expense.

Captain Starkie will not be responsible for the condition of any Package after it has left the ship's side.

RENNIE, SCOVELL & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 29th April 1862.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per Ship *Shantung*, Captain Webster, from London, are requested to send off Boats for same as it comes to hand, failing which the goods will be landed at the risk and expense of the concerned.

The Captain will not be responsible for the condition of any packages after leaving the Ship.

PEEL, CASSELS & Co.,
Agents for the Ship *Shantung*.
Bombay, April 30th 1862.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per Ship *Edith Byrne*, D. Anderson, Master, from Calcutta, are hereby requested to send off Boats for their respective Goods as they come to hand, failing which they will be landed at the expense and risk of the concerned.

The Captain will not be responsible for the condition of any packages after they have once left the ship's deck.

Landing Orders should be sent to us for countersignature.

LAWRENCE & Co.,
Agents for Captain Anderson.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned are prepared to accept risks of vessels and steamers and grant Policies on behalf of Reliance Marine Insurance Company of Calcutta payable in Bombay, Calcutta, Penang, Singapore, Hongkong, Shanghae and London.

DAVID SASSOON & Co.
Bombay, 19th March 1862.

NOTICE.

I THE undersigned, will not be answerable for any debts the crew of my Vessel may contract during my stay in this port.

HENRY FULLER, Master,
Barque *Countess of Yarborough*.
Bombay, 21th April 1862.

DENTAL NOTICE.

H. WASHINGTON may be consulted at his Office on the Ground-floor of the Catholic Chapel, Medow Street, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 5 P. M. daily.

HENRY WASHINGTON.
17th March, 1862.

FRESH SUPPLIES.

THE Steamer *Salette* with the Overland Mails has just brought McCOMBIE and WRIGHT their usual supply of York Hams—Berkley, Cheddar and Stilton Cheeses. Apply immediately to.

McCOMBIE & WRIGHT,
No. 1, Church Gate.

W. HANNAH & CO.

CARD PLATE ENGRAVERS AND PRINTERS.—Orders for Visiting, Wedding, and other Cards will be executed neatly and promptly.

Terms moderate, prices for cash only.

No. 4, Medow Street, opposite the Roman Catholic Chapel.

WEDDING, VISITING CARDS, &c.

ORDERS for the above will be executed with *particular* care under the supervision of a European artist. A plate, engraved (Rs. 8) and 100 Cards printed (Rs. 2) . Wedding Envelopes from annas 4 to annas 8 per pack. Only Messrs. De La Rue's best Stationery used. The above are for Cash only. Established 1846.

S. d'ESPERANCE.

*** *No connection whatever with any of the Booksellers in Bombay.*

23, Apollo Street.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons interested in Machinery for separating Cotton from the Seed, are invited to inspect the Patent Improved Machinery for that purpose, by Platt Brothers & Co., to be seen at the office of the undersigned, who is prepared to receive orders for the same.

R. NEWTON,
Agent for Platt Brothers & Co.
16, Apollo Street, Bombay.

VACANCIES.

AT No. 4, FORBES STREET, FORT, for RESPECTABLE BOARDERS.

Directory and Morning Papers on the Table.

THOS. GAYNOR,
3, Forbes Street.

NOTICE.

WITH reference to an Advertisement which has for the last few days appeared in the local Newspapers, dated from Ferozepore 21st March 1862, and bearing the name of Hormusjee Cowasjee Marker, whereby Notice purports to be given that my interest in the firm of Cowasjee Framjee's Sons ceased from the above mentioned date; I the undersigned Framjee Cowasjee do hereby give Notice that the business hitherto carried on in Bombay under the name of Cowasjee Framjee's Sons still continues to be conducted by me, and that the said Hormusjee Cowasjee Marker has no right or authority to insert the Advertisement alluded in the papers or to give notice that the Firm will not hold itself responsible for debts incurred by me. The business for the present is being carried on as heretofore despite the exertions of those (who are well known to me), who for interested motives are creating difficulties and misunderstandings between my brother and myself. The business in Bombay is under my sole control, and all persons are hereby cautioned against dealing with Hormusjee Cowasjee Marker in relation thereto. Dated this day, 8th April 1862.

FRAMJEE COWASJEE.

PIANOFORTE TUNING.

HERBERT & Co. beg respectfully to announce to Ladies and Gentlemen resident at Malabar Hill and its vicinity, that they intend sending their Pianoforte Tuner (late from Broadwoods'), to tune Pianos in that locality, TOMORROW the 1st of May and following days, until the list of Instruments to be tuned has been completed.

Orders for his services should be sent in promptly.

HERBERT & Co.
Rampart Row, 30th April.

N. B.—*Terms Cash*—Grands and upright Instruments, Rs. 3.—Squares under 7 Octaves, Rs. 6.

MRS. HERN,

MILLINER AND DRESS-MAKER, No. 3, Medow Street, Fort.

FASHIONABLE MILLINERY.

MRS. LAKE has the pleasure to announce to the Ladies of Bombay and those at Out-stations that she has just received Overland the following, viz:—

Ladies Hats richly trimmed with Velvet and Feathers.
Crinoline and Straw Hats for Children.
Crinoline and Steel Bonnets for Ladies.
White and Black Barege Burnouses.
White and Black Lama ditto.
Colored and Striped Mohair for Dresses and Burnouses.
White, Black and Colored Lama Shawls.
Large Woollen Plaid Shawls.
White and Colored Ostrich Feathers and Flowers.
Steel Petticoats and French Corsets.
Invisible and Fancy Hair Nets.
Lace and Tulle Bridal Dresses.
White Lace and Tulle Square Bridal Veils.
Bridal Wreaths and Lace Pocket Handkerchiefs.

ALSO,

Rich Silk, and Grenadine Dresses.
Fancy, and Checked *cheap* Silks.
Embroidered Muslin and Tartatan Dresses.
Mohair, Barege and Muslin Dresses.
White, Black, and Colored Glace Silks.
Black Barege, Mohair, and Half Mourning Muslins.
Black Crape Collars and Sleeves.
Plain White hemmed Collars and Sleeves for Mourning.
Embroidered Muslins and Lace Collars and Sleeves.
Square Embroidered Muslin Chimisettes.
Zauve Jacquettes and Vests.
Head Dresses in Velvet, and Flowers.
Fancy Fans and Spotted Veils.
Velvets, Ribbons, Trimmings, Buttons, &c.
"Wedding and Mourning orders, carefully and promptly executed."

N. B.—Orders from Out-stations must be accompanied by a Remittance or reference for payment in Bombay, or no notice will be taken of them.

No 7, Byculla Road.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE FURNITURE &C.

AT MAZAGON.

MESSRS. ARDASEER LIMJEE & Co. have the pleasure to inform the Nobility and Gentry of Bombay, that they have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 6th Instant, in the compound of Eden Hall, Mount Road, a valuable collection of Furniture newly imported from Europe per Ship *Hildesheim* and *Istamboul*: the same comprises, Richly Gilt Cupboards with Marble Top, Drawing Room Furniture, consisting of Couches and Sofas, Easy Chairs, Arm Chairs and Chairs of Mahogony, Pallanades and Blackwood, lined with Morracco leather and rich silk Domask. Ladies' Work Tables and Writing Desks, richly gilt Drawing Room Tables and Card Tables, Side Tables with Marble tops, Conversation Chairs, Sliding Tables, Tea and Dining Rooms, Couches and Rocking Chairs lined with hair cloth, Glass Wardrobes, Dressing Tables, Washing Stands with Marble Slabs, Children's Carriages, &c.

A Beautiful Collection of Looking Glasses of Sizes in Richly Gilt Frames.

An Assortment of Drawing Room Ornaments, Vases, Statuary Rich Clocks in Marble and Bronze with Glass Domes, Rich Candelabras and Hanging Lamps.

Also a Collection of Fountains and Fountain Ornaments, Spring Toys, Pictures, Bird Cages.

The above are now on view and Catalogues will be published.

ARDASEER LIMJEE & Co.

NOTICE.

MESSRS. C. STEPHENS have on Commission Sale, a pair of stylish Bay Arab HORSES, young, sound, and standing 15 hands high. To be seen on giving one hour's notice.

POTATOES! POTATOES!

MAHABLESHWAR POTATOES of the first sort for sale. Price Rs. 5 per basket of four maunds. Apply to Sunjorjee Dorabjee Patell, opposite the Post Office.

GILLON'S SCOTCH CONFECTIONARY.

COMPRISING—

Raspberry Drops.	Mixed Lozenges.
Mixed Drops.	Colored Almonds.
Mixed Caraways.	Rose Lozenges.
Barley Sugar Scales.	Peppermint Lozenges.

Rs. 1½ per Bottle.

Apply to McCOMBIE & WRIGHT.

RED BOOT.

ENGLISH AND FRENCH Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's Boot and Shoe Mart, Hummum Street, Bombay and Poona.

R. PARTRIDGE.

ON SALE.

THE Bombay Army List, also Her Majesty's Indian Navy List, and the Bombay Civil List, including the Ecclesiastical Establishment. Corrected to 31st March 1862, at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, 27, Apollo Street, Fort.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION.

A SELF-DRIVING PHAETON, in first-rate orders with moveable Coach Box, Apron and German Glass Shutters for the Monsoon, together with Water-proof Cover, moveable back seat for a child, and a Pole and Shafts complete. Price Rs. 700. Apply to

McCOMBIE & WRIGHT.

CHESSON & WOODHALL'S MISCELLANY.

No. XIX, for May 1862,
Is now ready.

CONTENTS.

Stanzas on Hamadan, the Ancient Echatana.
On the Way Home. Letter No. III.—Christmas Week in Rome.
Sonnet in answer to a Friendly Remonstrance.
The Corpora Quadrigeminia. Chapters XIII. XIV.
Notes on the Plays of William Shakspeare, as edited by Charles Knight. No. V. Macbeth. By C. A. D. Gordon.
On Life Assurance.
Lines on the Death of a Young Boy.
Idyls of the Stuarts. I. James I. of Scotland a Prisoner in Windsor Castle.
Lysaght of Laysmere. A Tale in four Chapters.
William Delafield Arnold, a Director of Public Instruction in the Punjab. Chapter III.
Chorus from the Œdipus Colonæus of Sophocles.
The Arian Family of Languages. A Review.
The Doomed House; a Tale, Chapters I. II.
Suicide in the Army.
A Bird's-Eye View of the American Struggle. Chapter V.
A Panic at the Khyber Pass.
The Government and Governors of British India, Past and Present.

Annual Subscription, including Postage in India, Rs. 20
Single Nos. Rs. 2 each.

*** All Back Nos. in print, and available either in loose sets or in volumes neatly bound in cloth boards.

CHESSON & WOODHALL.
28, Medow Street, Fort, Bombay.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a General Meeting of the Proprietors will be held under Section 14 of Act III. of 1840, at the Bank Office, in the Fort, on THURSDAY the 8th instant, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing a Director in room of James N. Fleming, Esq., resigned.

By order of the Board of Directors,
JAMES BLAIR,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Bank of Bombay, 1st May 1862.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS for the supply of 1,00,000 cubic feet of stone suitable for Ashlar Work, will be received at the Office of the undersigned until noon of SATURDAY NEXT, the 10th instant. Further particulars will be obtained on application to the Company's Superintending Engineer at his Office in Marine Street.

The Company do not bind themselves to accept any or the lowest tender.

By Order of the Directors,
W. NICOL & Co.
Secretaries and Treasurers Elphinstone Land and Press Company Limited.
Bombay, 2nd May 1862.

VEHAR WATER SUPPLY.—TINNED LEAD FOR COMPOSITION PIPES.—Service Pipes laid down including two of Lambert's Best Brass Cocks, Stop Cock Box, Fee and Labour.

For lengths of 50 to 100—

¼ inch, per foot	As.	14
½ ,, ,,	Rs.	1 0 as.
¾ ,, ,,	,,	1 2 ,,
1 ,, ,,	,,	1 6 ,,

For lengths of over 100 feet—

inch, per foot	As.	12
,, ,,	,,	14
,, ,,	Rs.	1 0 as.
,, ,,	,,	1 4 ,,

Specimens may be seen at the Office of this paper.

Apply to G. BURSTALL & Co.
Chinchpoogly.

ROSSELET & CO.

WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELLERS from Geneva, 3, Meadow Street, Bombay. Fine Assortment of Gold and Silver Watches for ladies and gentlemen, beautiful Selection of Jewellery, finest Guinea Gold. Musical Boxes and Clocks. Spectacles and Opera Glass.

Repairing carefully attended to at reasonable terms.

NOTICE.

TO THE CLERGY AND TRUSTEES OF CHURCHES. Landing ex *Mary Shepherd*, Tent (Sacramental Wine) at Rs. 29 per dozen. Apply at the Godowns of

LEGGATT & Co.
Bombay, 17th April 1862.

FOR SALE IN GOOD ORDER.

ONE 14-inch Dumpy Level, with Stand, and Staff, by *Elliott Brothers*. Price Rs. 170. Apply to McCOMBIE AND WRIGHT.
April 9th, 1862.

P. GRANT AND SON.

ARMY AND HUNTING SADDLERS
Harness Makers, &c.,
No. 1, Medow Street, Fort, Bombay.
(*Late W. Tapp's Saddlery Establishment*)
AND
East Street Poona.

THE THREE ARMS.

BY Lieut. T. PRENDERGAST B. WALSH, H. M.'s 1st Bombay Grenadier Regt. N. I. and late on the General Staff of the Army. The above book is now appearing in numbers in Messrs. Chesson and Woodhall, Bombay Magazine, and when finished will be presented to the public in the form of a small volume. Price to Subscribers Rs. 10 per Copy. Names will be registered by Messrs. Chesson and Woodhall, and also at the Offices of the *Bombay Gazette* and *Times of India*.

AMERICAN SCENERY IN THE STEREOSCOPE.

THE following PICTURES on Glass and Paper are now for sale at the Photographic Rooms of the undersigned.

GLASS SLIDES.

Table Rock.
Below Table Rock.
Tarapin Tower Niagara
Horse Shoe Falls do.
Suspension Bridge.
From foot of Biddle Stairs.
Ice Cave behind Horse Shoe Falls.
Ice Bridge.
Rapids from Lunar Island.
On Lunar Island.
Lunar Island Scenery.
American Falls.
Point View Summer.
Ship *Canada* at Sea.
Ice Bridge and Falls.

PAPER SLIDES.

Quebec City.
From Lunar Island.
Lunar Island from Goat Island.
From Point View.
From Tarapin Tower.
Lunar Island Bridge.
Table Rock from the Falls
Underneath Goat Island.
Below Table Rock.
Table Rock and Falls.
Horse Shoe Falls.
Tarapin Tower.
Laureate Falls Quebec.

McCOMBIE & WRIGHT,
No. 1, Church Gate.

McOOMBIE AND WRIGHT.

MESS, ARMY AND GENERAL AGENTS, No. 1 Church Gate Street. The Undersigned are now prepared to execute unlimited orders for—

Tennant's Beer and Porter.
Allsopp's India Pale Ale.
Salt & Co.'s Beer, Marzetti's Beer.
Burton Brewery Ale.

N. B.—The above in Quarts and Pints.

Dinner Sherry, Superior Sherries.
Port and Ginger Wines.
Jacquesson & Co.'s Champagne.
Best Old Tom, Gin and Whiskey.
Brandies of various prices and qualities.
Cherry Brandy and Curacoa.
Claret, Hock, Mosselle.

PRESERVED PROVISIONS OF ALL KINDS.
Gillon & Co.'s Jams and Jellies.
Hams and Cheeses.
Oilman's Stores generally.
Teas, Sugar, Coffee of approved quality.
China and Indian Preserves.

DE LA RUE & Co.'s STATIONERY.

Extra superfine large Satin Post for mercantile correspondence, Cream and Blue laid all insides ruled.
Extra large mercantile Note Ruled.
Cream and Blue Wove large and Extra large Foreign Note, Envelope attached.
Water lined Overland Post and Note,
Royal Letter Paper, various colours.
Blue laid Ivory Note.
Thick Cream laid Ivory Note.
Castle Double Thick Note.
Black bordered Note and other Paper.
Windsor Court Letter and Note Paper.
Letter and Note Paper for Inland Postage.
Envelopes of all kinds and sizes.
Official Envelopes, cloth lined and plain Playing Cards.
Blank Memo. and account Books.
Steel Pens, Quills and Quill Pens.
Indian Rubber, Black lead Pencils.
Japan, Red and Blue Inks.

N. B.—Every requisite kept in stock.

PHOTOGRAPHIC BRANCH.

Chemicals, Apparatus.
Albumenized Paper.
Albumenized Paper for Stereoscopic Pictures.
Stereoscopes and Pictures.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Piano Fortes, and all Wooden Instruments.
Kohler's Brass Instruments for Military Bands.
Clarniet and Bassoon Reed.
Extras for all Instruments.
Violin and Viollucello strings.
Guitar Strings.
Military Bag Pipes.
Chanter and Drone Reeds for Bag Pipes.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Silver Lace for Cavalry Regiments.
Chubb's Boxes and Locks.
China Matting.
Tucker's Argand Lamps.
Huntley and Palmer's Biscuits.
And other articles too numerous to mention.

McCOMBIE & WRIGHT.

W. H. WALKER & Co.,

IRONMONGERS, CUTLERS, BRASSFOUNDERS AND GENERAL DEALERS, Corner of Church Street, Fort.—Rely on their customers not to hesitate in sending orders for *anything* required.

GALVANIZED WROUGHT IRON PIPING ½ to 2 inch.
COOKS, STOP, BIB, and BALL, ½ to 1¼ inch.
STEEL, BLISTER, very best Rs. 20 per cwt.
VICES, PARALLEL, and BENCH, 4 to 7 inch.
ANVILS, SMITH'S, and SWAGE. HAMMERS.
DRILLING MACHINES. JIM CROWS. LATHE CARRIERS.
COIR MATTING in Rolls, 60 feet by 3 feet—Rs. 12-8.
BICKFORD'S WET and DRY FUZE.
PUMPS, Double Action, LIFT and FORCE combined.
DITTO, LEVER from 8 inch 3 inch barrels.
HINGES, very handsome, English-made, for Godown Doors, Factories, Spinning Mills, &c.

W. H. WALKER & Co.

FOR SALE

AT THE BIBLE SOCIETY' DEPOSITORY, Verge of the Esplanade, Dhobee Talao, BIBLES AND TESTAMENTS, in English, Marathi, Hindustani, Gujerathi, Persian, Portuguese, French, and nearly fifty other languages, principally Eastern and European.

Revised Editions now available.

Marathi Bible, royal 12mo, 1 Rupee. Testaments, 4 Annas. Guzerathi Old Testament, Price 12 Annas. New Testament, gilt, 1 Rupee; plain, 4 Annas.

The Gospel of John, in English and Marathi. The Marathi expressed in Roman letters. Price 4 annas.

WANTED.

FOR THE BAND OF HIS EXCELLENCY MOOKTEEBAR-OOL-MOOLK SALAR JUNG BAHADOOR, the undermentioned Musicians:—

1 Solo Clarionette player.
1 First Cornet and Piston player.
1 First Trumpet player.
1 A Piccolo player.
2 Euphonia players.
1 Bombarda player.

Musicians wishing to enter His Excellency's service, and those ought to be acquainted well with the above Instruments, are requested to apply to J. De Souza, Esq., Director of Music H. E. 1st. N. N. T., Chuddaghaut; or to Captain W. R. Round, Commanding H. E. 1st N. N. T. Chuddaghaut. From either of these gentlemen full particulars regarding Pay, Clothes, &c. can be obtained.

All letters must be prepaid.

WANTED.

A HOUSE at Matheran with immediate possession, suitable for a Family. Rent no object. Apply to "L." at *Gazette Office*.

TO LET.

A HOUSE IN RAMPART ROW, close to Messrs. Herbert and Co., lately occupied by Mr. R. T. Crossley. For particulars, apply to

SORABJEE JAMSETJEE JEJEEBHOY.

TO LET.

FROM THE 1st PROXIMO, a House in Love Lane, at present occupied by Mr. Edward Marshall. Apply to

SORABJEE JAMSETJEE JEJEEBHOY.

TO LET.

A FINE Airy, Comfortable Upper-Room BUNGALOW at Upper Colaba, opposite the Observatory. Apply to

EDULJEE CURSETJEE MADON.
Borah Bazar Street Fort.

TO LET.

AN AIRY UPPER-STORIED SMALL BUNGALOW, near the sea-shore at Girgaum, near the Portuguese Chapel. Apply to Mr. Rustomjee Merwanjee Narealwalla, at Messrs. Cursetjee Nusserwanjee Cama and Co.'s, No. 1, Hornby Row, Fort.

TO LET.

THE Large and Commodious HOUSE has sufficient light in the Cook room, situated in Rampart Row, and lately vacated by the Collector of Bombay. Apply to Mr. Nowrojee Rustomjee Mottarshot, at Byculla, near the Railway Bridge.

TO LET.

A SMALL AND COMMODIOUS BUNGALOW, suitable for a single gentleman, and a water well in the Compound, situated in the Nesbit Lane, Fort, and also Stable for Horses and Carriages situate in Medy Bay with supply of Vehar Water; also a large and commodious Bungalow, situated at Grant Road with stable and outhouses, and a large Godown with supply of Vehar Water, apply to Dossabhoy & Bramjee & Co., Neabit Lane, No. 3, Fort.

TO LET.

POONA. A large furnished HOUSE in Neutral Lines, to let for the season. For particulars, enquire at Messrs. Crawford & Co., Auctioneers, Fort.

TO LET.

A LARGE GODOWN, from the 1st proximo, well ventilated and situated in Bora Bazaar Street. Apply to

Messrs. PESTONJEE HORMUSJEE SONS.
29, Apollo Street.

TO LET.

ROOMS IN APOLLO STREET, suitable for the Office of a Barrister or a Merchant. Apply to "H. C.," at this Office.

MESSRS. N. SORABJEE & Co.

House, Commission and General Agents, and Registrars of Domestic Servants, &c. Bell Lane, No. 2.

LARGE AND AIRY BUNGALOWS, &c. To be Let as follows:—

2 Bungalows in Byculla—One of which is near the Jewish Church, commanding an excellent view of Breach Candy—and another is quite new near Mrs. Lake's.

2 Bungalows on Malabar Hill—three in Mazagon, one in Girgaum Road near the Sea side with a story.

1 Large and airy Bungalow in Tardeo, Breach Candy. One Large and three-Storied House well adapted for Offices and also Dwellings, in Church Gate Street, Fort.

TO BE LET OR SOLD.

One extensively commodious Bungalow with many outhouses, &c., situated in the best position in Horse Artillery Lines, Poona. As for plan, rent, value, and other particulars apply to

N. SORABJEE & Co.

N. B.—Also six houses and two shops to let in the Fort.

MANUFACTURED EXPRESSLY FOR

McCOMBIE AND WRIGHT, No. 1, Church Gate Street, COLLARD AND COLLARD'S PIANO FORTES.—The undersigned have the utmost gratification in announcing the safe arrival per *Meredythe*, of a few of the above Instruments. They consist of—

SOLID Mahogany square Semi Grand Piano Fortes, 7 Octaves, Patent Repeater action, Transverse strings, Raised Top, Fret Work, Carved Legs, Metal Pin Block, Double Bars, in every way suited to the Indian climate and country.

A Certificate of Authenticity accompanies each of these superb and in every way desirable Instruments.

McCOMBIE & WRIGHT,
Sole Dealers in these Instruments.

JUST PUBLISHED.

ACTS OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL OF INDIA relating to the POLICE, MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT, and TAXATION OF BOMBAY. Reprinted from the *Calcutta, Gazette*. Price Two Rupees.

Bombay Gazette Office.

NEW MUSIC.

SONGS AND BALLADS.

	Rs.	As.
Let others sing the praise of wine. Drinking song, *music by Balfe*	1	14
A lovely daughter's heart. By Balfe	1	0
Bliss for ever past. By Balfe	1	0
I'm alone. By Benedict	1	0
Lily Mavourneen. By Benedict	1	0
It is a charming girl I love. By Benedict	1	0
I'm leaving thee my mother dear. By J. Barker.	1	0
The rival Othellos, Comic Song. By P. Musgrave.	1	14
At the eleventh hour, Sacred Song. By Lindley	1	4
A young and artless maiden. By H. Glover	1	0
Five o'clock in the morning. By Claribel	1	14
The Sailor Boy. By Claribel	1	0
The Summer Blooms. By B. Richards	1	14
The light in the window. By V. Gabriel	1	14
Will o' the Wisp. By Kuhl	1	14
Great Expectations, Suggested by the popular Novel	1	0
Lovely rose, the Queen of flowers. By F. Musgrave	1	0

WALTZES.

The Lily of Killarney. By F. Laroche	2	8
The Cruiskeen Lawn. By P. Laroche	2	4
Lily Mavourneen. By C. Coote	2	8
Madeline. Valse Chantante. By F. Musgrave	2	8
LaBelle Blanche Waltzes. By Carl Strauss	2	8
Peep o'Day. By Laurent	2	8
The Octoroon Waltz. By Wagner	2	8
Beethoven Waltz. By Laurent	2	8

POLKAS.

The Heather Bell. By P. Musgrave	1	14
Little Charley. By Cecilia Burnaud	1	14
Punch. By C. Coote	1	14

QUADRILLES.

The Broadway Quadrilles, on the newest Christy Minstrels' melodies. By F. Musgrave	2	8
Fontainbleau. By Strauss	2	8
Rosamunda. By H. Masson	2	8
The Lily of Killarney. By C. Coote	2	8
The Cruiskeen Lawn. By P. Laroche	2	8

MISCELLANEOUS.

Boosey's 24 Popular Dances arranged as Duets for the Violin and Pianoforte. By P. Musgrave.	1	12
Boosey's Model Pianoforte Tutor	2	8
Boosey's One Thousand Songs and Dances for the Violin	8	0
The Schoolroom Music Book	2	0
The Christy's Minstrels' Song Book, Vol. 2	3	0
Ditto. Vols 1 and 2 in one	6	0
Boosey's Christmas Annual of Dance Music for 1862	2	0
Musical Cabinet:—		
No. 64.—25 Comic Songs	0	12
62.—Glover's new Opera Ruy Blas	0	12
Christmas Annual of Dance Music	0	12
68.—The Classical Pianoforte Album	0	12
67.—The Juvenile ditto	0	12
66.—100 Christy's Minstrels' Melodies	0	12
61.—12 Songs by E. Capern	0	12
72.—20 Sacred Compositions. No words	0	12
71.—20 Songs of the Christy's Minstrels	0	12
69.—The Golden Wreath	0	12
70.—20 Songs of the Christy's Minstrels	0	12
65.—100 Reels, Country Dances, Jigs, &c.&c.	0	12
Boosey's Monthly Violinist, 1 to 13	6	8
50 Psalm and Hymn Tunes. By J. Forbes	0	8
Locke's Music for Macbeth	0	8
The Musical Times, and singing Class Circular, Vols. 1 to 8, bound in 4	17	8
Ditto, Vols. 3, 4, 5, and 6, paper covers, each	2	0
Ditto, loose numbers. Per dozen	1	2

CHESSON & WOODHALL.
28, Medow Street

ST. ANDREW'S LIBRARY, BOMBAY.

MAUNDERS' POPULAR TREASURIES. New and thoroughly revised Editions: each *Treasury* complete in One compact Volume, Fcap. 8vo, of about 900 pages, comprising about 1800 columns of small but very legible type, price Rs. 6. as. 4.

MAUNDERS' TREASURY OF NATURAL HISTORY: A popular Dictionary of Animated Nature: Enlivened with Anecdotes of the Instinct, &c., of Animals; with 900 Woodcuts.

MAUNDER'S TREASURY OF KNOWLEDGE, AND LIBRARY OF REFERENCE: A popular Compendium of Universal Knowledge: viz., Grammar, Dictionary, Gazetteer, Mythology, Chronology, Peerage, &c.

MAUNDER'S BIOGRAPHICAL TREASURY: Consisting of Memoirs, Sketches, and brief Notices of above 12,000 Eminent persons of all Ages and Nations.

MADAGASCAR; during three visits, including a Journey to the Capital, with Notices of the Natural History, and of the present Civilization of the People. By Rev. W. Ellis 5th Thousand. With Portrait and Illustrations, 8vo. Rs. 10.

"The friends of the London Missionary Society may be fairly congratulated on the wonderful popularity of Dr. Livingstone's work. It has conveyed ideas of our work amidst the heathen—of its civilizing results, and its spiritual successes—into quarters where the achievements of Evangelical enterprise had before been little known. That another work, by another of our missionaries, should issue from the press, within little more than twelve months afterwards, bidding fair to rival its predecessor in celebrity, is a matter for even greater surprise, and still more grateful congratulation. Mr. Ellis is a brave, adventurous man."—*Evangelical Magazine.*

DICTIONARY OF CHRISTIAN CHURCHES and SECTS, from the Earliest Ages of Christianity. By the Rev. J. B. Marsden, A.M., Author of 'The Early and Later Puritans.' Rs. 10.

"The best book on the subject in our literature."—*Athenæum.*

"A work of great interest and utility."—*Daily News.*

TENNYSON'S MAY QUEEN; illustrated by E. V. B. Rs. 6.

"E. V. B. is a lady of rank, well known in the world of art, who prefers this *incognito*. She has illustrated Tennyson's *May Queen* with sympathy."—*Saturday Review.*

THE POETRY OF NATURE, illustrated by H. Weir. Rs. 9.

In the *Poetry of Nature*, illustrated by Mr. Harrison Weir we have a title which tells little of the book itself, which is a curious one. The thing to be done was to expand a canvas exactly suited to Mr. Harrison Weir—an artist who, in our judgment, combines much of the excellences of Bewick and Landseer. We are not sure that he does not equal, if not excel, them in at least one particular. He is an animal draughtsman—by which we mean a draughtsman who thoroughly entres into the characters, and, if they possess them, the moral peculiarities, of his sitters or standers."—*Saturday Review.*

Rampart Row. THACKER, VINING & Co

CHESSON & WOODHALL'S LIBRARY.

28, MEDOW STREET.

NEW BOOKS, AND NEW EDITIONS.
Received per steamer "Jeddo."

Moral and Metaphysical Philosophy, from the 14th century to the French Revol

COMMERCIAL.

BOMBAY DAILY BILL, SHARE, STOCK, AND FREIGHT LIST.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OFFICE,
Saturday, 3rd May 1862.

EXCHANGE.

On what Place	Terms.	Rates.
London (Credits)	6 months' sight...	2s. 07/16d.
Do. Documents ...	Do. do....	2s. 07/16d.
Do. Bank Rates	Do. do....	2s. 0¾d.
Calcutta	Sight	¼ Prem.
Madras	30 days' sight.....	101¼
China	60 do. do.	Rs. 219 per $100.

SHARES.

Names.	Paid up.	Last Half-yearly Dividend.	Rates.
	Rs.		
Bombay Bank	1,000	5 p. cent.	70 Prm. ex Div.
Madras Bank	1,000	2½ do.	31
Agra Bank	500	7 do.	80 do.
Oriental Bank Corporation	250	7 do.	192 do.
Commercial Bank	500	3 do.	144 do.
Mercantile Bank	250	5 do.	33½ do.
Central Bank of W. India	150	2½ do.	1½ Prem.
Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company, Consolidated Shares	218.3.0	2½ do.	Par.
Do. New Shares.....	87.4.4	2½ do.	Rs. 5 do.
Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway.....	1,000	2½ do.	Nomi. [sh. Div.
Hydraulic Press Company	4,000	350 p. sh.	Rs. 250 Dis. p.
Apollo Press Company ...	11,000	1,650 p. sh.	Rs. 20,000 do.
Colaba Press Company ...	2,700	13 do.	Rs. 5,300 do.
Colaba Land Company ...	10,000	100 p. sh.	Rs. 11,500 do.
Elphinstone Land Company	5,100	200 p. sh.	Rs. 4,300 do.
Bombay Steam Navigation Company.....	500	32 do.	Rs. 375 dis.
Spinning and Weaving Co	5,000	1,000 do.	Rs. 100 p. sh.
Oriental Spinning and Weaving Company.....	2,500	[p. ann. 450 p. sh.	[Prem. noon. Rs. 200 Div.
Do. New Shares.....	625	.....	Rs. 40 Prem.
Do. New Shares.....	625	.....	Rs. 25 p. sh.
Victoria Spinning Co.....	5,090	.....	Nominal.
Royal Spinning and Weaving Company ...	1500	.....	Rs. 350 Dis.
Great Eastern Spinning and Weaving Company	400	.....	Rs. 350 do.
Manockjee Pitti's Spinning and Weaving Co..	350	.....	Rs. 150 do.
Turcotie Mill Company...	4,990	.....	300 Dis.
Bombay United Spinning Company...	4,500	.....	Nominal.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Four Per Cent. Transfer Loan	Nominal.
" Loan 1835-36	94½
" Loan 1842-43	94½
" Loan 1854-55	94½
Now Five Per Cent. Loan	104½
Five and a Half Per Cent. Loan	111½

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each.....	Rs. 10-6
Bank of England Notes.....	Nominal.
Spanish Dollars	Rs. 230 Nominal
Carolus.....	259 do.
Mexican Dollars.....	" 227 do.
German Crowns.....	" 213½ do.
Five Franc Pieces.....	" 203
Bar Silver	" 106½
Gold Leaf	" 15-14
German Crowns.....	" 213½ do.
Five Franc Pieces	" 203
Bar Silver.....	" 106½
Gold Leaf	" 15-14

FREIGHTS.

To Liverpool (Cotton) ready ...£3 2s. 6d. to £3 5s. 0d.
" May loading...£3 10s. 0d.
" (Seeds) .....£1 17s. 6d.
To London (Cotton) ready.....£2 15s. 0d.
" (Seeds) .....£2 7s. 6d. to £2 10s. 0d.
To China.....Rs. 9 to 10 per candy. Nomi.
To Clyde.....no offers.

PRICES CURRENT (May 2nd, 1862.)

		Per candy.
COTTON at Colaba :		
New Broach, ready	Rs.	226 to 227
New Dholleras, and Bhownagger	"	220 to 222
New Oomrawuttee	"	195 to 198
New Compta, ...	"	207 to 208
New Dharwar Sawginned	"	274 to 275
New Garese, and Nuggur	"	192 to 193
New Varaul	"	198 to 199
Khandeish	"	175 to 180
New Poratchee	"	200 to 202
New Ancola	"	215 to 216
New Manglore	"	200 to 203
NEW COTTON to Arrive :		
Broach and Surat (May)	"	222 to 223
Dhollerah and Bhownagger (Do.)	"	217 to 218
Oomrawuttee .....(May)	"	None.
Varavole ..... Do.	"	190 to 191
Dharwar Sawginned..... May	"	268 to 270
Mangalore.....	"	192 to 193
Poratchee	"	194 to 195
Coompta	"	198 to 200

OPIUM.—Malwa, Rs. 1,375 to 1,380.

SEEDS.—Linseed, Candeish...at Rs. 5-13 to 5-14 ans per cwt.
Rapeseed, Guzerat..... " 6-12 to 6-14
Singedly mixed (Black " 33 to 34
and White)..... " 35 to 37
Nigger..... " 27 to 28

BANKS.

THE AGRA AND UNITED SERVICE BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED IN INDIA IN 1833.
Incorporated by Royal Charter
— LONDON.

HEAD OFFICE.....
BRANCHES AT CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS, AGRA, LAHORE, KURRACHEE, UMRITSUR, SHANGHAI, HONG-KONG and EDINBURGH.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, £2,000,000 (TWO MILLIONS STERLING.)
PAID-UP CAPITAL, £1,000,000 (ONE MILLION STERLING.)
RESERVED FUND, £200,000 (TWENTY LAKS OF RUPEES.)

THE BOMBAY MANAGER of the AGRA AND U. S. BANK, LIMITED, is authorised to draw on the undermentioned establishments :—
THE LONDON & WESTMINSTER BANK.
THE ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND (and Branches).
THE NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND (and Branches).
THE NATIONAL BANK (IRELAND) (and Branches.)
THE BOMBAY BRANCH, makes advances on the pledge and deposit of Government Paper, and Loans are granted to Officers in the services on approved Security, and to Regiments for Regimental purposes.
The Bank grants Circular Notes negotiable in Egypt and the Continent of Europe. The following are the current rates of Exchange :—

On London at 6 months' sight.....	2s. 0d.		
" 4 months' sight.....	1s. 11¾d.		
" 3 months' sight.....	1s. 11¾d.		
" 2 months' sight.....	1s. 11¾d.		
" 1 month's sight.....	1s. 11¾d.		
" On demand	1s. 11¾d.		
On Scotland	1s. 11¾d.		
On Ireland			
Circular Notes.....	1s. 11d.		

The London General Manager will generally, if desired, be prepared to discount the Bank's Bills at the current rate of the day.
The Bank purchases Bills and grants Drafts payable at Calcutta, Agra, Mulraj, Lahore, Kurrachee, Umritsar, Hong-Kong, and Shanghai.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

1. On Floating, or Current Deposits, payable on demand of not less than Rs. 1,000 or more than Rs. 50,000 2 per cent. per annum.
2. On Fixed Deposits at 3 months' notice, 3 per cent. per annum.
3. On Fixed Deposits at 6 months' notice, 4 per cent. per annum.
4. On Fixed Deposits at 12 months' notice, 5 per cent. per annum.

Fixed Deposits may generally be availed of for the Bank's Bills on London without notice.
Notice of withdrawal can be given at the time of depositing the money, or at any time thereafter.
Interest is credited to Deposit accounts half-yearly.
No Interest allowed on Current Account Balances under Rs. 1,000 or over Rs. 50,000, unless by special agreement.
The Funds of all public bodies connected with the Services and of such other Societies as the Directors may consider eligible for the reserve provided, will be received by the Bank at the highest rate of interest for the time being, subject to modified conditions.
The Bank reserves to itself the right of paying off all Interest Deposits, and of modifying the terms thereof, on giving one month's notice.
Parties making remittances to the Banks should specify distinctly the Account or Accounts to which the sums are to be credited. *Accuracy in this respect is particularly desirable.*

COMMISSION.

The Bank takes charge of Government Securities, Shares in Banks and other Companies without charge, and realizes the Interest and Dividends, for which a charge will be made of ¼ per cent.
On returning Government Paper or other Securities out of safe custody, a charge will be made of ¼ per cent.
On the purchase or sale of Government Securities and Bank or other Stock, ¼ per cent.
To obviate disappointment to parties at a distance purchasing the Bank's Bills on England, which might reach them too late for despatch by first Mail, it is hereby notified that the Bank will, whenever so requested, transmit the first of Exchange direct, on being furnished with the correct address of the party as Home to whom the remittance is to be sent.
All Orders or Hoondies should be made payable to the Manager of the Agra & U. S. Bank, Limited, or order, and the letters enclosing them should state distinctly the name of the person to whom the Remittance is to be made, (*if to a Lady, her Christian name or names in full,*) and the sight at which the Bills are to be drawn.
NOTICE.—The Bank will obtain registry of Promissory Notes of the several Loans of the Indian Government, and endorsement for payment of the Interest in London.
Bombay, 1st May 1862.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA.

HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

ON Current Deposit Accounts above Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding 50,000, repayable on demand... 2 per ct. per ann.
Fixed Deposits for 6 months ..... 4 do. do.
Ditto do. 12 do..... 5 do. do.
No Cheques paid, or Cash received under Rs. 20.

C.-H CREDITS.

On Government Securities ..... 8 per cent.
On other Securities ..... 9 do.

EXCHANGE.

Bills on London, at 6 months' sight.....2s. per Rupee
Ditto 3 ditto .....1s. 11¾d. do.
Ditto 2 ditto .....1s. 11¾d. do.
Ditto 1 ditto .....1s. 11¾d. do.
Ditto on demand .....1s. 11¾d. do.

COMMISSION.

On the sale or purchase of Government Paper, Bank Stock, and other Securities, ¼ per cent. on the amount realised or invested.
The Bank receives Government and other Securities for safe custody, free of charge, the Interest or Dividends thereon being credited to account, or remitted home in the Bank's Bills, without charge.
On Interest, or Dividends, or on proceeds of Securities by sale per cent. commission charged, if the amounts be paid in India ; if remitted home by the Bank, no commission charged.
On return ing Securities out of safe custody, ¼ per cent commission.

Hours of business .....10 to 4 o'clock.
Saturdays .....10 to 1 do.

ROBERT ANGUS,
Bombay 30th April 1861. Manager.

CENTRAL BANK OF WESTERN INDIA.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

ON Current Deposit Accounts above Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 50,000, repayable on demand, at 2 per cent. per annum.

On Deposits for 3 months certain 3 per cent. per annum.
Do. " 6 " " 5 " "
Do. "12 " " 6 " "

EXCHANGE.

Bills on London, at 6 months' sight 2s. 0¾d. per Rupee.
Ditto at 4 ditto 2s. 0¾d. do.
Ditto at 3 ditto 2s. 0d. do.
Ditto at 2 ditto 1s. 11¾d. do.
Ditto at 1 ditto 1s. 11¾d. do.
Ditto sight ditto 1s. 11¾d. do.

Drafts at 6 months' sight are not granted for less than £50, and amounts under £20 are only drawn for payable on demand.

COMMISSION.

On the sale or purchase of Government and other Securities ¼ per cent. on the amount realised or invested.
The Bank receives Government and other Securities for saf custody, free of charge, the Interest or Dividends thereon being credited to account or remitted home in the Bank's Bills, also without charge.
On Interest, or Dividends, or proceeds of Securities by sale, ¼ per cent. if the amounts be paid in India, if remitted home by the Bank, no commission charged.
On returning Securities out of safe custody ¼ per cent. Commission.

Hours of business .....10 A. M. to 4 P. M.
Saturdays .....10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

EDWIN HEYCOCK,
Bombay, 10th January 1862. Manager.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
Head Office—No. 29, Threadneedle St., London.
Paid up Capital—£644,000.
London Bankers. { The Bank of England. / The City Bank.
Branches and Agencies at
Bombay, Calcutta, Singapore, Hongkong, and Shanghai.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

EXCHANGE.

THE Bank's Agency in Bombay grants Bills of Exchange on THE CITY BANK, London, at the following rates, viz :—

6 months' sight (not under £50) at 2s. 0d. per Rupee.
4 Do. ..... at 1s. 11¾d. "
3 Do. ..... at 1s. 11¾d. "
2 Do. ..... at 1s. 11¾d. "
1 Do. ..... at 1s. 11¾d. "
On demand (Head Office) ..... at 1s. 11¾d. "

DEPOSITS.

Interest is allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNTS at 2 per cent. per annum, on the daily balance, and on Fixed Deposits, as follows :—

Repayable in one sum, at 3 months' notice, 4 per cent.
Do. do. 6 do. 5 "
Do. do. 12 do. 6 "

No Interest allowed on Current Account Balances under Rs. 1,000 nor on Deposits above Rs. 50,000, unless by special arrangement.

REMITTANCE.

The Bank's Agency undertakes to realise Drafts or Hoondies on the Presidency without charge, for remittance to Europe in the Bank's Bills on the City Bank, London.
All Drafts, or Hoondies, forwarded for realisation, to be made payable to the Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China or order.

COMMISSION.

On the sale or purchase of Government Paper, Bank Stock and other Securities ¼ per cent. on the amount realised or invested.
The Bank receives Government and other Securities for safe custody, free of charge, the Interest or Dividends thereon being credited to account, or remitted home in the Bank's Bills.
On Interest or Dividends, or proceeds of Securities by sale, ¼ per cent. if the amounts be paid in India, if remitted home by the Bank, no commission charged.
On delivering up of Securities, deposited for safe custody, ¼ per cent.

Office hours 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.; Saturdays 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

ANTHONY MORRISON,
May 2nd, 1862. Agent.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

EXCHANGE.

THE CORPORATION grant Drafts on London on Demand, and at from one day to six months' sight, and Drafts on Scotland and Ireland on demand ; also Circular Notes negotiable in Egypt, Syria, the Continent of Europe, New York, the West Indies, Australia, New Zealand, and the Cape of Good Hope.
The Current rates of Exchange are :

On London at 6 months' sight	2s.	0d.	per Rupee.
" 4 do.	1s.	11¾d.	do.
" 3 do.	1s.	11¾d.	do.
" 2 do.	1s.	11¾d.	do.
" 1 do.	1s.	11¾d.	do.
" on demand			
On Scotland do.	1s.	11¾d.	do.
On Ireland do.			
On Paris, at 3 days' sight	1s.	11¾d.	do.

Circular Notes payable throughout Europe 1s. 11¾d. do.
No Drafts at six months' sight are granted for sums under £50. Sums under £20 are only drawn for on Demand.
Drafts are also granted on Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Hongkong, Singapore, Mauritius, Melbourne, and Sydney.
The Co poration purchase or collect Bills payable in Europe or in Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Hongkong, Singapore, Mauritius, Melbourne, and Sydney.

DEPOSITS.

The Corporation receive Deposits on the following terms :—
Repayable on demand, in sums of Rs. 100 and upwards..... 2 per ct. per annum.
Do. in one sum, at 3 months' notice ..... 3 " "
Do. do. 6 do. ..... 4 " "
Do. do. 12 do. ..... 5 " "

No interest allowed on Deposits under Rs. 1,000, nor on deposits over Rs. 50,000, *unless by special arrangement.*

REMITTANCE.

The Corporation undertake to remit money to Europe by each Overland Mail, free of charge.
Parties are requested to make all Orders or Hoondies payable to " *The Oriental Bank Corporation or Order,*" and to state distinctly the name and address of the person to whom the Remittance is to be made, *(if to a Lady, her Christian name or names in full,)* and the sight at which the Bills are to be drawn.

COMMISSION.

The rate of Commission charged by this Agency on the purchase or sale of Government Securities negotiable in Bombay, is ¼ per cent. on the amount invested or realized, and on the collection of Bills, one per cent. and Postage.
The Corporation take charge of Government Paper, Shares in the Bank of Bombay, and other local Stocks, free of all charges, and will draw Interests and Dividends on the same as they fall due, on the following terms :—
If to be remitted through the Corporation .....Without charge.
If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ..... ¼ per cent.
On returning Government Paper out of safe custody ..... ¼ per cent.

Hours of business ..... 10 to 4 o'clock.
Saturday ..... 10 to 1 do.

KURRACHEE SUB-AGENCY.

Messrs. Finlay and Co. will grant Drafts on the Corporation and negotiate Bills payable in London and Bombay.
Bombay, 1st May 1862.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.

EXCHANGE.

THE Bank grants Drafts on London, and on Scotland and Ireland, also Circular Notes negotiable in Egypt, Syria, and the principal Towns of Europe, at the following current rates of Exchange :—

On London, at 6 months' sight	2s.	0d.	per Rupee.
" 4 do.	1s.	11¾d.	"
" 3 do.	1s.	11¾d.	"
" 2 do.	1s.	11¾d.	"
" 1 do.	1s.	11¾d.	"
" On demand	1s.	11¾d.	"
On Scotland	1s.	11¾d.	"
On Ireland	1s.	11¾d.	"
Circular Notes for the use of Travellers on the Continent and to Europe, Egypt, at 15 days' sight	1s.	11¾d.	"

Drafts at 8 months' sight are not granted for less than £50 and amounts under £20 are only drawn for payable on demand.
The Bank also purchases Bills and grants Drafts payable in Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Hongkong, Canton, Shanghai, Singapore, Penang, and Mauritius.
Bills collected at any of the above places at an uniform charge including postages, of one per cent.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Accounts..... 2 per cent.
On Deposits payable on demand, subject to a commission of ¼ per cent. on amounts withdrawn 4 "
Deposits for 3 months ..... 4 "
Do. do. 6 do. ..... 5 "
Do. do. 12 do. ..... 6 "

No interest allowed on Current Account Balances under Rs. 1,000 on Deposits over Rs. 50,000, unless by special agreement.
No cheques paid or cash received under Rs. 20.

COMMISSION.

The Bank takes charge of Government Securities, Shares in Banks and other Companies, without charge, and realizes Interest and Dividends thereon on the following terms :
If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ¼ per cent.
On returning Government Paper, or Share Certificates out of safe custody, or when sold, on paying the proceeds of such sale in India, a commission will be charged of ¼ per cent. But if proceeds are remitted on the Bank's Drafts, without charge.
Commission charged on purchase and sale of Government Securities and Shares ¼ per cent.

R. D. PEEBLES,
Bombay, 1st May 1862. Acting Agent.

SHIPPING.

BOMBAY.

Arrivals.

DATE.	SHIPS.	COMMANDERS.	FROM
May 2	Gazelle.....	Nacoda.....	Zanzibar 20 Mar.
	Alice	Colman	Macao 14 Feb.
	Johnston Castle(s)..	Main	Surat 1 May.

Departures.

DATE.	SHIPS.	COMMANDERS.	To
May 2	Napoleon III	Vermuee	Kurrachee.
	Rutnaghur Sagur ..	Nacoda	Cochin & Calicut.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per Arab Brig *Gazelle*, from Zanzibar.—Mr. J. Bullock ; Engineer Apprentices left behind from H. M.'s steam Frigate *Sea ranis*, and five natives.
Per steamer *Johnston Castle*, from Surat.—175 natives.

Port Clearance.

The ship *Jane Blythe*, W. Hewett, bound to Liverpool, obtained her port clearance yesterday.

Commenced Loading.

The ship *Mogul*, for New York, began to load yesterday.

DAILY EXPORTS.

BOMBAY, Friday, 2nd May 1862.
For London.

War Spirit —400 bags Coffee, 600 cwt., Grey and Co., 13 chests Dry Ginger, 164 cwt., Vithuldass Goculdass, *Cleadon* —112 packages Munjeet, 332 cwt., Duyaldass Buchamul.
Earl of Balcarras—130 bags Linseed, 195 cwt., Grey and Co.
Ramalties.—90 cases Hingda, 302 cwt., Jamsetjee Cursetjee.
For Liverpool.
City of Agra.—300 bags Linseed, 450 cwt., Morarjee Pudumsey.
Crescent.—60 bales Cotton, 210 cwt., Sorabjee Cowasjee Sawyer and Co. : 150 bales Cotton, 525 cwt., F. Chambers ; 200 bales Cotton, 700 cwt., Sewlali Motilall.
Matilda Etheling.—673 bags Saltpetre, 1,309 I. mds., Adamally Sooltanally.
Chevalier.—462 bundles Sursee Seed, 231 cwt., Goculbhoy Moolchund ; 105 bales Cotton, 367½ cwt., Cooverjee Mowjee ; 186 bags Bhoysing, 279 cwt., Kessowjee Wagu.
North.—80 packages Poppy Seed, 100 cwt., Megjee Ramjee.
Agiers.—148 packages Nux Vomica, 74 cwt., 352 packages Country Galls, 176 cwt., Megjee Ramjee ; 25½ bales Cotton, 89½ cwt., Nathuram Poonjaram.
Pericles.—175 bales Cotton, 612½ cwt., A. Bell and Co. ; 1,000 bundles Linseed, 500 cwt., Malljee Sewjee.
Glenalva.—500 bales Cotton, 1,750 cwt., S. Curatali and Co. ; 1,500 bundles Linseed, 750 cwt., Malljee Sewjee ; 434 bundles Sursee Seed, 227 cwt., Rowchund Ahmooluck.
Etna.—50 bales Wool, 150 cwt., Morarjee Pudomsy ; 500 bales Cotton, 1,750 cwt., W. and A. Graham and Co.
Beloochee.—400 bundles Galls, 200 cwt., Morarjee Anundjee.
Yaratildt.—207 bundles Coir Yarn, 9 cwt., A. C. Bates and Co.
Agenoria.—4 bales Cotton, 14 cwt., Davood Sassoon and Co.
British Lion.—209 bales Cotton, 600 cwt., Courjee Ludha ; 46 bales Wool, 138 cwt., Muncherjee Cowasjee Lungrana.
Venus.—500 bales Cotton, 1,750 cwt., Merwanjee Framjee ; 1 bale Cotton, 3½ cwt., Bappoo Visram.
Brunelle.—65 bales Cotton, 227½ cwt., Runchordass Canjee ; 100 bales Cotton, 350 cwt., Morarjee Goculdass ; 300 bales Cotton, 1,080 cwt., Watson Bogh and Co.
Star of the South.—900 bundles Linseed, 450 cwt., Pudumsy Virjee and Co.
Argonaut.—516 packages Wet Dates, 615½ cwt., Fernandis.
Tiger.—500 bundles Bhoysing, 250 cwt., Bhimjee Visram.
Rock City.—3 boxes Sundries, Lawrence and Co. ; 205 bales Cotton, 717½ cwt., Muthoordass Vusunjee
Sir Ch. J. Napier.—400 bales Cotton, 1,400 cwt., D. Byramjee and Co.
Knight.—83 bales Wool, 260 cwt., Ahmedbhoy Hubibbhoy.
Sir J. Mandville.—500 bundles Linseed, 250 cwt., Pragjee Moonsee.
Morning Star.—35 bales Cotton, 122½ cwt., Permanund Moolchund ; 60 bales Cotton, 210 cwt., Merwanjee Nusserwanjee.
South Carolina.—500 bales Cotton, 1,750 cwt., Brown Clough and Co.
Derigo.—300 bales Cotton, 1050 cwt., D. Byramjee and Co.
Clifton Belle.—700 bales Coir Yarn. 100 cwt., Soondersdass Mooljee ; 210 bales Cotton, 735 cwt., Kesowjee Dewjee.
Admiral.—490 bales Cotton, 1,715 cwt., B. F. Cama and Co.
Americana.—500 bales Cotton, 1,750 cwt., S. Hunter and Co.
Chickazaw.—2 cases Tobacco, 3 cwt. 2½ lbs., J. G. Ward.
For Havre.
Pescatore.—100 bales Cotton, 350 cwt., Ewart Latham and Co. ; 500 bags Delgitly Seed, 625 cwt., Vieram Kessowjee ; 300 bales Cotton, 1,050 cwt., S. Tyabjee and Co.
For Hull.
Caroline.—1,500 bags Linseed, 2,625 cwt., S. Burstall and Co.
For New York.
Mogul.—3,000 bags Linseed, 4,500 cwt., Lyon Brothers and Co.
For Siam.
Faize Allum.—420 packages Wet Dates, 650½ cwt., Motteechund Roognathdass.
For Hongkong.
Steamer *Aratoon Apcar.*—1 case Umbrellas, 20 dozens, Esmail Ahmed Moonshee.
For Singapore.
Steamer *Aratoon Apcar.*—4 bales E. Piece Goods, 1874 corzes, Otumchund Maneckchund ; 16 bales E. Piece Goods, 3914 corges, Cursondass Vuruzdass ; 10 bales Piece Goods, Mallum Ahmed Cassum and Co.
For Calcutta.
Shenshah.—Loose Sandalwood, 80 cwt., Hajee Moosa. Joosub.

VESSELS EXPECTED AT BOMBAY.

FROM LONDON.

490 Ark		Nov. 22.
886 Baron Castle, Cherry.....		
1106 Caduceus, Cass		
668 Celuta, Hayes	Coupland & Co.	Jan. 30
539 Chatham, Sayers		
710 Colereon, Hale		
1016 Childwickbury, Lambard.		Dec. 24
955 Defiance, Galloway	Ritchie, Steuart & Co.	
1154 Forest Rights, Chester ...Grey & Co.		Dec. 31
696 Granville, Laker.....		Feb. 20
908 John Temperley, Liddle..W. Nicol & Co.		Jan. 31
978 Lady McDonald, Brium. Ahmed Cassum and Co.		
636 Laurel, Claproth		
763 Nile, Varley.....		
676 Matilda Athelling .....S. Tyabjee & Co.		
813 Unrivalled, Crawford.....		Jan. 22
632 Veritas, Carry		
579 Victory, Stephens		Dec. 13
433 Wabourne		
888 Winterthur, Seavey .....A. H. Huschke & Co.		

FROM LONDON VIA CAPE.

"26 John Vanmer, Moore.....

FROM LONDON VIA BEYPORE.

704 Phoebe Dunbar, Crow ... Dec. 16

FROM LIVERPOOL.

1163 Ajmeer, Aspleto.....Lawrence & Co. Dec. 27
2153 Bates Family, Hogg .....E. Bates & Co. Jan. 1
1119 Contest, Jennings.....
533 Daylight, Smith .....
854 Banks ..... J. P. Cornforth & Co. Feb. 26
875 Egeria, Storey .....John Clover & Co.
1134 Spaniondas.....
617 Euphrates, Mapleton.....E. Bates & Co. Dec. 27
1195 Floating Light, Starkie...Rennie, Scovell & Co. Dec. 7
1328 Hahneman, Denman..... Feb. 17
1352 James Pilkington, Griffiths. Bates & Co. Feb. 11
1187 Maldon, Taylor .....Ritchie, Steuart & Co.
1241 Martin Luther, McCreadie W. & A. Graham & Co. Nov. 1
1242 Mary Stenhouse, Finlay E. Bates & Co. Jan. 23
1017 Negotiator, Callow .....
1233 Norwood, Finlay .....John Clover & Co.
1669 Oriental, Ballard.....John Clover & Co.
871 Portland .....
1225 Preston, Moffett .....Lyon Brothers & Co. Jan. 18
791 Robina .....Coupland & Co. Feb. 19
819 Rowantree, Wei .....Lyon Brothers & Co.
9 Sarah Sands, Elliston .....E. Bates & Co.
1033 Sam Mendel, Ellwood ...Coupland & Co.
1114 Veteran, A. Duncan.....Rennie, Scovell & Co. Jan. 4
783 Victoria, Sanderson .....John Clover & Co. Feb. 18
1131 War Cloud, Mackay .....
1339 Wasp, Storey.....

FROM LIVERPOOL VIA ADEN.

1023 Aaron Browne, Rogers...
850 Clarendon, Martin.....Ritchie, Steuart & Co. Feb. 17
1325 Eurcolydon, Wright .....

FROM CARDIFF VIA GALLE.

1059 Charles, Pollybank.....
712 Speedwell, Willy .....

FROM LIVERPOOL & ADEN.

1003 Azuline, Manson.....John Clover & Co. Feb. 17
1005 Boseton Castle, Corney ... Feb. 3

FROM CARDIFF.

427 Enterprise, Haynes .....
344 Lucy & Harriet .....
781 Percy Douglas, Hanson ... Nov. 12

FROM CARDIFF & ADEN.

929 Missouri, Calhoun..... Feb. 10

FROM SUNDERLAND.

885 Alarm.....Coupland & Co. Jan. 18.
530 Emigrant.....Ritchie, Steuart & Co.

FROM THE CLYDE.

478 Thomas Mitchell, Mitchell W. & A. Graham & Co. Jan. 3

FROM PORT GLASSOW.

118 Portland, Thomas.....

FROM CARDIFF VIA GALLE.

1035 Charles .....
712 Speedwell, Willy .....

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

789 Anne Mary, Josyunn.....Coupland & Co. Jan. 5

FROM ——.

644 Carnatic .....W. Nicol & Co.
661 Relief, Lorby .....

FROM CALCUTTA.

490 Duc de Brabant ..... March 5
400 Fort William..... March 16
300 Futtay Salam..... March 4
169 Mozelle.....J. P. Cornforth & Co. March 30
1320 Zouave, Macpherson.....W. Nicol & Co. April 15

FROM AUSTRALIA VIA KURRACHEE.

1068 Arabian, Marshall ..... Feb. 20
2377 Morning Light, Gillies.Lawrence & Co. Feb. 14
1509 Royal Saxon, Brown ... Feb. 8
1395 Zoboah, Morrison .....

FROM COOK.

1001 Norah Greame, Bake ...E. Bates & Co.

BENGAL.

ARRIVALS.—April 23, H M's Steamer *Sydney*, Neblett, from Madras 20th April.
Do. Ship *Duke of Wellington*, Wetherall, from Liverpool, 16th Nov.
Do. Ship *Gertrude*, Young, from Colombo, 16th April.
Do. Ships *Sir H. Rose* and *Orient* (particulars not received.)
Departures.—April 23, Ship *Lizzie Mosse* and Barque *Wentworth.*

MILITARY.

BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS.

1st May.—Captain W. C. Parr, Staff Corps, on sick leave, from Sattara.
2nd Do.—Lieut. Colonel C. B. Fuller, Royal Artillery, on sick leave, from Kirkee.

DEPARTURES.

2nd May.—Lieut. C. R. Blair, 2nd Grenadier, to join to Belgaum.
3rd Do.—Ensign W. B. Soton, Infantry, to join, to Poona.

GARRISON ORDERS.

BY BRIGADIER J. LIDDELL, C. B.
Bombay, Friday, 2nd May 1862.

The 23rd Regt. N. L. I., the Oilcer for the Castle Guard tomorrow.
The 18th Regiment, N. I., the Adjutant for the day.
1. A Preliminary Examination Committee, composed as follows, will assemble at the Mess-room, 23rd Regt. N. L. I., on Monday next, at 11 A. M., to examine the undermentioned Officers in the native languages previous to their appearance before the General Examination Committee :—
Captain Hickman, and Lieuts. Christie, Hennell, and Griffith, 18th Regt. N. I., and Lieut. Mignon, 2nd Regt. C. I., Horse and Foot Pensioner, Captain Nicholson, 23rd Regt. N. I., and Lieut. Bloomfield, 2nd Regt. N. I., to appear before it.
President.—Captain Nicholson 23rd Regt. N. I.
Members.—The Interpreter 23rd Regt. and the Interpreter 23rd Regt. N. L. I.
2. A Committee, composed as follows, will assemble tomorrow at 7 A. M at the Powder Works, Mazagon, to examine and report upon 1480 Barrels of Saltpetre received from Calcutta by the Ships *Shes Shah*, and *Lady Canning*, and *Aratoon Apcar* :—
President.—Captain Brown, 23rd Regt.
Members.—One Subaltern from 23rd Regt., and one Subaltern from 23rd Regt. N. L. I.
3. The leave granted to Captain Bannerman, 3rd Regt. N. I., in yesterday's Garrison Orders, is from 4th to the 10th instant, instead of the time therein named.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Adjutant General's Office, Poona, 1st May 1862.

In order to avoid confusion with respect to the channels through which the correspondence of the Artillery is to be submitted to the Commander-in-Chief, His Excellency is pleased to direct that until further orders all correspondence from that Corps shall be forwarded to the Deputy Adjutant General Her Majesty's British Troops who will transfer to the Adjutant General of the Army all subjects of a General nature as detailed in the 2nd para of G. O. C. No. 41, of the 11th January last.
Having been brought to the notice of the Commander-in-Chief that on recent occasions Indents have been preferred on the Commissariat Department for Malt liquors in excess of the reduced authorized allowance for the total number of men with Batteries and Regiments, His Excellency forbids this practice which, if general, would cause great inconvenience owing to the small quantity of Malt liquor at the disposal of the Commissariat. Commanding Officers are held responsible for strict compliance with the orders already issued vide G. O. C. No. 101, dated 25th January last.
The Commander in Chief directs that the practice of announcing in General Orders the grant to Officers of privileged leave shall cease, and that authority for such leave shall be restricted to its announcement in Division or separate Brigade Orders ; application for privileged leave in excess of 30 days will, as heretofore, be forwarded to the Adjutant General of the Army who will enface thereon the Commander in Chief's decision and return them to the submit ing Officer.
Referring to the concluding part of clause 2 of G. O. C. No. 450 dated 29th August 1861, it is to be understood that Grass will be dilivered to Regiments and Batteries and weighed and stocked by the Commissariat Do artment under the surveillance of some one on behalf of the Regiment or Battery to prevent subsequent dispute as to quantity.
Referring to the above quoted order it is ruled that when arr angements cannot be under regimentally for guarding stocks as in the case of the Artillery with Gun Lascars, Watchmen may be engaged for the purpose ; their pay being charged in contingent bill.
Lieut. Col. C. P. Scaly, Royal Bombay Artillery, at present Commanding Golundauze Battalion, is directed to join the Head Quarters, 18th Brigade Royal Artillery.
Lieut. H. T. Gibbs, of the Artillery, is directed to proceed and join No. 10 Light Field Battery Golundauze at Bhooj.
Lieut. G. H. Candy, Artillery, will, on the expiration of his present leave proceed and relieve Captain C. P. Roberts of the Command of the detail of Local Artillery at Kolapore.
Lieut. J. S. D. Bolton, Staff Corps, is appointed to act as Quarter Master and Interpreter to the 3rd Regt. N. I., and directed to join.
The leave granted to Lieut. J. S. D. Bolton, Staff Corps, in G. O. C. No. 538, dated 23rd ultimo, is cancelled.
Lieut. S. M. Way, late 31st Regt. N. I. attached to the 23rd Regt. N. L. I., is transferred to do du

Company), and of Act VII of 1848 (to except certain free Ports from the operation of Section III Act No. VI of 1848, and otherwise to amend that Act).

SCHEDULE A.

Rates of Duty to be charged on the following goods imported by Sea into any Port of India not being a free Port :—

1.	Bullion and Coin	Free.
2.	Precious Stones and Pearls	,,
3.	Grain and Pulse	,,
4.	Horses and other living Animals ...	,,
5.	Ice	,,
6.	Coal, Coke, Bricks, Chalk, and Stones ...	,,
7.	Cotton Wool	,,
8.	Wool	,,
9.	Flax	,,
10.	Hemp	,,
11.	Jute	,,
12.	Hides and Skins, Raw	,,
13.	Books	,,
14.	Paper	,,
15.	Maps, Prints, Music, and Works of Art..	,,
16.	Seeds when imported by any Public Society for gratuitous distribution ...	,,
17.	Agricultural Implements	,,
18.	Machinery of all kinds	,,

And the Collector of Customs, subject to the general orders of the Government of India, shall decide what articles come within the definition of Machinery, and such decision shall be final in law.

19.	Military and other Regulation Uniforms and Accoutrements when imported for private use by persons in the Public Service	Free.
20.	Guano and manures of all kinds	,,
21.	Porter, Ale, Beer, Cider, and other similar fermented Liquors ...	2 annas the imperial gallon.
22.	Wines and Liqueurs ...	Free 2 Rupees the imperial gallon. Except light Wines of value not exceeding 12 Rupees per dozen which shall pay 1 Rupee the imperial gallon. 3 Rupees the imperial gallon. And the duty to be rateably increased as the strength exceeds London Proof.
23.	Spirits	
24.	Bottles.	
25.	Tobacco unmanufactured	20 per cent *ad valorem*.
26.	Tobacco manufactured...	
27.	Piece Goods	5 per cent *ad valorem*.
28.	Twist	3½ per cent *ad valorem*.
29.	All articles not included in the above enumeration	10 per cent *ad valorem*.

SCHEDULE B.

Rates of Duty to be charged upon goods exported by Sea from any Port in India not being a free Port :—

1.	Bullion and Coin	Free.
2.	Precious Stones and Pearls	,,
3.	Horses and other living Animals ...	,,
4.	Sugar and Rum	,,
5.	Spirits	,,
6.	Tobacco and all preparations thereof ...	,,
7.	Tea	,,
8.	Coffee	,,
9.	Raw Silk and Silk Chussum ...	,,
10.	Cotton Wool	,,
11.	Wool	,,
12.	Flax	,,
13.	Hemp	,,
14.	Jute	,,
15.	Hides and Skins, Raw	,,
16.	Books	,,
17.	Maps, Prints, and Works of Art ...	,,
18.	Teak Timber	,,
19.	Coals	,,
20.	Iron	,,
21.	Grain and Pulse of all sorts	2 annas the Indian Maund.
22.	Saltpetre	2 Rupees the Indian Maund.
23.	Indigo...	3 Rupees the Indian Maund.
24.	Lac Dye and Shell Lac.	4 per cent *ad valorem*.
25.	All country articles not enumerated or named above	3 per cent *ad valorem*.

M. WYLIE,
Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of India,
Home Department.

INDIAN.

POONA.

PAYMASTER SMALE'S OPENING ADDRESS ON DEFENCE TO THE COURT.

In entering upon my defence of the Charge now under consideration of this Court, I shall, with great respect, trespass, as briefly as possible, upon the time of the Court; but a few preliminary remarks, in reference to the evidence brought forward by the prosecutor, may, I think, be the means of saving time, by drawing attention to the discrepancies in his evidence. I shall, then, reserve for my summing up, on the general evidence, such observations, as I respectfully think, will abundantly prove that this Court Martial on me ought never to have taken place. The credible evidences brought forward by the prosecutor, I can rely on with safety, as direct evidence for my defence. The prosecutor has lost sight of the truth of these being matters of fact, and matters of opinon, he has built up his prosecution upon the theory of opinion not on the firm foundation of fact, and it would have been well, had that theory of opinion been based upon truth. I shall now proceed to prove by evidence. 1st,—That as the commanding officer of the 5th Dragoons it was, and is, the paramount duty of the prosecutor to be present on the muster parade of the regiment he has the honor to command; that such duty is not an optional, but a compulsory duty. This was my opinion when I wrote my letter of the 26th February. The prosecutor, although he has affirmed in the charge that my having stated so, was false and malicious, himself, in his own evidence, has ratified the opinion I gave, for giving which I am now on my trial. I refer to the 2nd day's proceedings—the cross-examination, by myself, of the prosecutor. I ask the prosecutor, Is it the paramount duty of a commanding officer to be present on the muster parade, while the regiment is being mustered? The prosecutor replies: "Certainly it is as laid down." Again, I ask, by the standing orders of the army, Is it an optional, or a compulsory duty, for a commanding officer, to be present on the muster parade of his regiment? The prosecutor replies: "It is certainly not optional, if it is an order." These two questions and answers at once clearly dispose of any charge of falsehood and malice in my having stated what it was the paramount duty of the prosecutor to be present at the muster.

The prosecutor has made some remarks in his evidence on the 3rd day, regarding the term "Parade"—a slight attempt at a sort of special pleading; but as every commanding officer, when issuing his orders for muster, or other duties, when stating every man and horse to be present, would view with astonishment, if he attended his parade at the fixed hour, and found no one there, and would be justified in being told that because the word "Parade" was not recorded in the order, that the regiments remained in their barracks, and the horses in their lines; and it would be equally inconvenient for the Paymaster to carry on the muster, in accordance with the orders laid down for his guidance, if a regiment, to be mustered, must be on parade. The War Department Regulations say, this: "It is the duty of the commanding officer to be present at the monthly muster, and to cause it to be closed immediately after it shall have been taken &c." And the Articles of War state: "No officer or soldier, liable to be mustered, shall be absent from such muster without the leave of the proper authorities."

Again in my cross-examination of the prosecutor on the second day, I ask, "Are you aware that it is the established regulation in this country, that commanding officers should be present at the muster parade?" The prosecutor replies: "I am aware that it is the regulation everywhere." This I followed by: "Are you aware that it is customary, and that it is done in this country, to issue Divisional and Brigade Orders, to the following effect: Officers Commanding Regiments, &c. will muster their regiment on a fixed day." Prosecutor replies: "Yes, I am aware of it."

Now as "Officers Commanding Regiments cannot muster their regiments, unless they themselves see their regiments mustered, and that they cannot see them, unless they regularly attended the muster parade, the term "Parade" is, therefore, disposed of, as being embodied in the term "Muster;" for you cannot be at one unless you are present on the other; and, finally, the prosecutor himself states (vide his evidence second day) that he declined to sign the declaration in the Adjutant's Roll, first, because he had not been on the muster parade, and second, because he had not been in command of the parade.

These arguments ought not, in truth, to be required, nor would I have entered upon them, had not the prosecutor attempted a little fencing with the absence of the term "Parade" in his evidence on the 3rd day.

This, I think, clearly proves that the prosecutor, on this prosecution, by his own evidence, acquits me of the first part of the quotation of the charge.

I shall prove by calling my witnesses, that the prosecutor's presence at the muster parade has been the exception; upon proving which, I prove a system of absence, certainly not a system of presence. I will also prove, by the clearest possible evidence, that the prosecutor's long story about rapid travelling from Bombay, outstepping his baggage, and consequent necessity for his appearing on the muster parade, which he states he did, on the 1st May 1861, in plain clothes, because he had "no Undress Uniform," exists only in his own imagination, for I will prove that he appeared on an undress parade, in presence of the entire regiment, the very day before the muster of the 1st May 1861, "in Undress Uniform," a parade well remembered by some who are present, for on that parade he commenced his harsh and unusual language. I will prove by evidence that his (now not to be envied) witness Lt. Bennitt, by law shut out of Court, for his utter untruthfulness, was on that undress parade, and was addressed by the Captain of his troop, Captain Weir relating to remarks made by the prosecutor regarding the troops horses and a subsequent conversation on the same subject has taken place, while this trial was pending, thus making this witness' untruthfulness, if possible, more degrading and disgraceful than it at first might appear; and although the Court, in their consideration have considered this evidence explanatory as perfectly satisfactory, will, I think not be prepared to ratify their opinion when they hear Captain Weir's evidence, in proof of how Lieut. Bennitt swore to circumstances and details that never took place, and attempted to hoodwink the Court,—to cover his untruthfulness by describing the muster parade and dismounted watering parade so much alike, that he had taken the one for the other. It so happens, however, that there is no sort of similarity between the two, beyond the fact of there being on both parades, both men and horses. Again, read this witnesses' evidence—6th Day. He answers to the 1st Question from the prosecutor: "I was at the muster parade, and I did see Colonel Crawley there during the time the Rolls of the troops were called." Compare this with his reply to the third Question which is immediately followed, he there ends by stating: "The Colonel might have been on parade during the time the Roll was being called, but I did not see him." The Question will hereafter be asked of Lieut. Bennitt, What did you see? the answer will be, Nothing. Why, then, did you come before this Court, and positively swear to what you knew to be false. I will prove by evidence that the prosecutor's statement of looking after the comfort of the troops, arranging barrack furniture, &c., assisted by the Quarter Master and Troop Serjeant Majors, and that they were absent from the muster parade, as they could not, as the prosecutor stated, "be at two places at once." [Vide his Evidence First Day's Proceedings,] is another statement, utterly at variance with fact; for I will produce the Quarter Master himself and the Troop Serjeant Major, before this Court, who will state upon oath, that they were, every one of them, on the muster parade on the 1st January 1862, and were mustered by me. I will prove by the evidence of Surgeon Turnbull, and the Quarter Master, that both these officers were, half an hour in the barracks after the muster. The muster having been ordered for half-past six, and did not commence for a quarter of an hour, owing to waiting for the prosecutor to make his appearance before they saw Lieut.-Colonel Crawley at all, on the 1st of January 1862; hence the prosecutor's statement about being in the barracks at so early hour, looking after the comfort of the troops, and making other arrangements, assisted by the Quarter Master, is a stretch of imagination, difficult, I may say, impossible, to account for, as his first appearance in the barracks that morning could not have been much, if at all, before 8 o'clock. I will prove by the evidence of Lieutenant and Adjutant FitzSimon, and Lieut. Stewart, who was acting for Mr. FitzSimon, the Quarter Master, and by the Regimental Serjeant Major, that no such orders, as the prosecutor declares he gave on the evening of the 31st December 1861, for the Troop Serjeant Majors to be in the barracks, instead of attending the muster, ever were given by the prosecutor. I shall prove by evidence, if not already, that 1, if not all, the Troop Serjeant Majors, and the Regimental Serjeant Major, with many Officers Commanding Troops, that the prosecutor did not as he states he did in the 1st day's proceedings, "see each troop file into their lines as regularly as if they passed in single files in review order," first, by the evidence of Major (then Captain Swindley, 2nd, Captain Weir, 3rd, Captain Hardy, 4th. I will contradict, by direct evidence, Captain Garnett's statement of his seeing the troops file into their lines under the eye of Lieutenant-Colonel Crowley, hence his statement [Vide his Evidence on the 7th Day's Proceedings] is a complete fabrication. By the evidence of Captain Hardy, and Lieut. Malone, Riding Master, I will prove that Captain Garnett left the muster parade after the muster, in company with Lieut. Malone, and proceeded to the hut of Captain Hardy for refreshment; that he went up to the barracks, and that upon their arrival at the barracks, Captain Garnett's Troop was actually in their lines, at their pickets, on Captain Garnett's arrival. I will prove by the evidence of Major Swindley, Surgeon Turnbull, and Lieutenant and Adjutant FitzSimon, and others if requisite, that Lieut. Davis' statement of having seen Lieut.-Colonel Crawley coming from his house on the morning of the 1st January 1862, that instead of his coming to the muster parade, he went up to the Barracks, is an impossibility, for the ground where the muster parade, took place, is so situated as to make it utterly impossible for a person coming along the road, even the most direct road, from Lieut. Colonel Crawley's house, to be distinguished from the parade ground. I will prove by the evidence of Captain Renshaw's own Serjeant, and the Regimental Serjeant Major, that this officer's troop did not, as he states it did, file past Lieut. Colonel Crawley on the morning of the 1st January 1862.

All the evidence by combination, will prove that the prosecutor has permitted his imagination to carry him into a labyrinth of difficulty; that even the testimony of Captain Renshaw, Captain Garnett, Lieutenant Davies, and Lieutenant Bennitt, has only evidences on the subject have been unable to extricate him, and, therefore, unless the entire evidences for the prosecution are permitted by the Court, as in the case of Lieutenant Bennitt, to amend, or withdraw their evidence, their position, as witnesses, will be one of a most unenviable character.

The prosecutor labored hard, in his opening statement, to mislead the Court, and draw them from the true merit and meaning of my letter of the 26th February, and the charge framed against me on that letter, by producing what he called the best of all possible evidence—Documentary Evidence—to show that he did attend the muster parade of the regiment, when I had affirmed that he had not done so, simply because he was returned in these rolls as "present and effective." He produced the staff muster rolls, the very contents of which, if his own subsequent statements were true, could not be the best of all evidence; but, on the contrary, utterly at variance with what he, in his opening address, first affirmed they did, his own subsequent statements were untrue, for he affirms the muster rolls proved he was always present on the muster parade, while he subsequently admits several instances when he was not present. Again, when cross-examined on the subject of these staff muster rolls by myself, as to his reason for having signed all these rolls, when he was Acting Brigadier, although he declined to sign the Adjutant's Rolls for the same periods, he at one stroke annihilates his own best of all evidence, the documentary evidence, by admitting that which I state is the correct meaning of these staff rolls, and that only prove the parties returned in them as effective, are entitled to their pay for the month. Did the Paymaster himself prepare these staff muster rolls, and certify that he saw at the time of taking the muster, all the persons, without reservation, whose names appeared therein, then the matter would be different. These rolls are prepared upon the responsibility of the Commanding Officer, and in his absence, if they do represent exactly what the prosecutor in his 3rd day's evidence stated they did; who were effective, not who were on the muster parade; i. e. but the prosecutor has endeavored to use his documentary evidence for directly opposite purposes, and to support directly opposite arguments, namely, 1st, that he was on the muster parade, because he knew he was not; 2nd, that when proved he was absent, to prove that there was no necessity for his being there in order to support the correctness of his documentary evidence. Far better than all this, according to the prosecutor's own shewing, uncertain documentary evidence is the evidence of the officer who commanded the parade, the officers who mustered the regiment, the Adjutant, Regimental Serjeant Major, Paymaster Serjeant, and Troop Serjeant Majors; what say these, the majority of whom the prosecutor has called, and those who have given their testimony, have directly proved the prosecutor's absence. I will now produce the others, namely, the Adjutant, whose memory I must endeavour to refresh, the Regimental Serjeant Major, and the Troop Serjeant Majors, all of whom will give an overwhelming testimony, as to the prosecutor's absence from the muster parade, and his presence on the undress parade of the 30th April 1861, where he indignantly denied being present. "Certainly not, I had no undress." [Vide his 2nd Day's Evidence upon my cross-examination].

The memory of the prosecutor and his witnesses have been sadly at fault; but when testimony is given upon oath, a good memory is absolutely essential to the ends of justice, or the most innocent man might be condemned upon the Bennitt system of evidence upon oath, swear one thing to-day, and deny it in *toto* two days after; and it is sad to think, that the prosecutor's memory bears a great resemblance to that of his witness.

I trust I may here be permitted, with the greatest possible respect, to remark that I am advised by high legal authority, that no Court, let its constitution be what it may, can legally allow a man to alter, annul, or explain away, his evidence on oath; his statement is truth, or falsehood, and no mid-channel, when a man is on his oath.

If an oath means the solemn and deliberate affirmation, by which, as I have been taught to consider it, we hope to, and to arrive at, a distinct and unbiassed truth. If an oath means what he who takes it says before an assembled Court, that the man who swears, will speak the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth, in the sight of God and Man, then, no Court in the world has the power to absolve a man from his oath, or alter the statement he makes on oath, a statement that, had a prisoner no power or means at his disposal to prove false, would remain recorded as a valid evidence against an innocent man, and might lead to his conviction of a crime of which he was totally innocent. We recently read of the President of a Court Martial, now sitting in England, declining even to allow a witness to alter two or three words of his evidence: that is the law of evidence on oath; to amend does not mean to annul; to amend an evidence on oath does not mean to permit a direct contradiction.

If an oath means what, I think, and solemnly believe it does, a solemn and deliberate affirmation made in the sight of God and Man, Lieut. Bennitt now stands before the world as a perjured man,—perjured in the hope of an unjust conviction against me.

I am accused in the 2nd instance of the charge, with having falsely stated that the prosecutor signed the declaration in the Adjutant's Roll that he was present at the muster, when he was not so present. If we read the early part of the prosecutor's statement on the second day, he there admits that he signed these declarations. He then goes on to say, that he declined to sign the Adjutant's Roll for July, because he had not been on the muster parade, and that the Adjutant's Roll for the muster for August he also declined to sign, because he *had not been in command of the parade*. From this, the prosecutor himself supports me in my opinion that he has falsely signed the declarations in the Adjutant's Roll, inasmuch as Captain Weir has testified upon oath, ratified by Major, then Captain Swindley, the mustering officer, that Captain Weir commanded the muster parade on the 1st May 1861, prosecutor signed the Adjutant's Roll: and I shall now produce additional evidence to support this statement, and prove the prosecutor's entire absence from this muster parade at all. Captain Weir, will also, in addition to other evidence, now prove that the prosecutor was also absent from the May muster parade, taken on the 1st June 1861, though he signed the Adjutant's Roll for that muster, and the prosecutor himself affirms, he was neither in command of, or on the muster parade of, the 1st January 1862. [Vide 3rd Day's Proceedings.] I will abundantly prove that he was not only not on the parade, but he was not doing that which he has stated on oath he was doing, namely, looking after the comfort of the troops, while the muster was going on, and even had he been, which he was not, engaged on this duty, he was absent from, and not on the muster parade, and consequently by his own argument [2nd Day's Proceedings] was not justified in signing the declaration he did. The prosecutor's arguments are so far-fetched, and so utterly contradictory, that as I have already stated, the very prosecution is my defence.

By the prosecutor's arguments, and attempts to prove that he saw the regiment file past him on the morning of the 1st January 1862; that he was on, or near the muster parade in plain clothes, and saw the regiment on other occasions of muster, though no one else saw him, goes abundantly to prove that he does not realize, or at least for present purposes, in order to condemn me, does not realize, his position as mustering officer, and the Paymaster's position as the mustering officer, on the muster parade. The commanding officer of a regiment may see the regiment he commands a mile off; he may file his regiment before him as often as he thinks proper, on the day of muster, but unless such commanding officer presents himself on the muster parade, and in person answers to the call of the mustering officer, is to all intents and purposes, absent from the muster, and acts, in so absenting himself, in contravention of the Standing Orders of the Army. It is the mustering officer to see him, not him to see at a distance the mustering officer. This argument he admits in his own evidence, and so acquits me of falsehood, in having stated his absence. These views I have, some months since, submitted to the War Department, and reported the prosecutor's absence from muster parade, not as a complaint, but seeking for instructions.

I shall now most briefly remark upon the harsh and unusual language. In support of this, I shall produce to the Court, Major Swindley, Captain Weir, Surgeon Turnbull, Captain Hardy, Lieutenant and Adjutant FitzSimon, Lieut. and Riding Master Malone, Lieut. Stewart, Lieut. Stevenson, and, I could,—though I will not do so out of respect to the prosecutor's position, notwithstanding he has himself produced some of the most exceptionable men in the regiment as evidences against me,—the Regimental Serjeant Major, and most of the Troop Serjeant Majors. By these witnesses, I will prove some of the most astounding speeches made to officers under his command and silvery tones of command; by these evidences I will prove his true revenue. The improvements are due to Mr. Harington, who in this matter deserves the thanks of the public. The principal changes are these—when a document that ought to be stamped comes to the hand of any person unstamped, like a cheque to a banker, the Banker may stamp the stamp charging the drawer with the amount, but the drawer will not be legally, though he will be practically relieved from the penalty as in England. Receipts given for money paid by Government must be stamped as if the money were paid by a private person.—*Friend of India, Apr.* 24.

OWING to the impossibility of getting through the pressure of business, the Vice-regal Council will have another sitting on Wednesday next after which it will adjourn *sine die*.—*Englishman, April* 24.

WE have refrained from drawing attention to the accident on the East Indian Railway on Saturday evening the 19th instant, until we could ascertain the particulars, which we are happy to believe. The up afternoon goods train from Howrah, and the down morning goods train from Nemalpore are timed to pass each other, the line being a single one, at the Chunderpore Station. On this occasion, however, the up train was very late and only arrived at the Bhulpore Station when the down train was at the Ahmoodpore station waiting for it to pass. Consequently the intermediate Bhulpore Station Master then telegraphed to Ahmoodpore to know where the down train was, and received reply to keep the up train at his station. Instead of acting upon this, he answered by sending word that the up train had left his station, and then started it, relying on this for stopping the down train. In the mean time the Station Master at Ahmoodpore, also relying on the message he had sent, to detain the up train, despatched the down train. The line between the two stations has only one one curve, and unfortunately the trains met just at one end of this, so that the drivers of the engines did not see the lights on the approaching trains until too late to avoid a collision, and the engines ran fairly into one another at full speed, damaging them severely. It may be say, was great, the two engines and twelve wagons being entirely disabled. Happily the accident was unattended with loss of life, but two native firemen have each had a leg amputated from injuries received and one of the drivers had the tops of two fingers cut off, by falling with his hand on the rail when jumping from his engine. Information was at once sent to the nearest stations, and assistance promptly supplied by the engineers on the railway, under whose active exertions the line was cleared as speedily as possible, and with but a very slight delay to the regular trains. The causes which have led to this destruction of property are sufficiently serious in their consequences to summon the attention of the railway authorities. But, while we are well aware that, to a certain extent, in the working of so large a machinery as a railway, accidents are not altogether avoidable, we cannot but declare that this accident was avoidable; and that it could only have occurred from gross carelessness, or wilful disregard of duty on the part of some of the officers or servants of the Railway Company. The Station Masters at both the stations named are, we believe, Natives, and may in some measure have acted from the pressure of the Europeans in charge of the trains, each being anxious to push on. If this be so, it brings up again the question, are Natives fit persons to hold the responsible position of Station Masters on a railway, and more especially on a railway composed of a single line only, throughout its entire distance; with the exception of the line between Howrah and Burdwan? While all is going smoothly, no doubt they can carry on the duties, but in times of emergency, such as must occasionally occur, they want the decision and energy to act promptly for themselves; and we would urge a European being placed at every other station at the least. The question of the pay of the railway servants is one, we have heard, on which the government and the Railway Company entertain to some extent different views; but on this we can have but one view, and that is that European in this country, filling the responsible situations of Station Masters, and fulfilling the laborious as well as responsible duties of guards and drivers of railway trains, should have not only fair but liberal salaries allowed them, as an encouragement to the better class of men to seek for these employments. The Railway will shortly be the general resort of the travelling public throughout its districts, and as its success is no longer problematical, the public have a right to demand that every possible precaution shall be taken to ensure freedom from accident. The one before us is one which, happily, involved only a goods train, and the mischief done is represented by some £12,000 of cost to the Company, the loss of a limb each to two native stokers and some inconvenience from the "crumpling up," of two engines when the Company is already short of power. But it is not fair to be called an "accident." It was obviously preventible, and the men who caused it should be severely punished for their indefensible and stupid recklessness. But the public must have some better guarantee against the folly of guards in a hurry to make up lost time, and Station Masters too pliable to say them nay. The case is one demanding strict enquiry, and the system of officering the line requires equally a prompt revision.—*Id.*

NOTIFICATION.

(*From the Calcutta Gazette.*)

Home Department. Fort William, 23rd April 1862.

The Hon'ble Sir John Peter Grant, K. C. B., has this day tendered his resignation of the Office of Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and the same has been accepted by His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Fort William, Home Department, 23rd April.—Under the authority conveyed in the 29th Section of the Act 21 and 22 Victoria cap. 106, His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India is pleased to appoint, subject to the approbation of Her Majesty, the Hon'ble Cecil Beadon, at present a Member of the Council of the Governor General of India, to be Lieutenant-Governor of the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William from this date.

By order of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India,

E. C. BAYLEY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Fort William, Home Department, 23rd April 1862.—The Hon'ble Cecil Beadon, having been appointed by His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India, subject to the approbation of Her Majesty, to be Lieutenant Governor of the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William, has this day taken the prescribed Oaths and assumed charge of the Office under the usual Salute.

By order of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India,

E. C. BAYLEY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Fort William, Home Department, 23rd April 1862. Notification. A vacancy having occurred in the Office of one of the Ordinary Members of the Council of the Governor General of India, by the appointment of the Hon'ble Cecil Beadon to the Office of Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and no person provisionally appointed to succeed to the Office of Ordinary Member of Council of the Governor General being present on the spot, His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India in Council has been pleased, under the provisions of the Act 24 and 25 Victoria cap. 67 to appoint William Grey, Esq., of Bengal Civil Service, to be a temporary Ordinary Member of the said Council, and the said William Grey, Esq., has accordingly this day taken the Oaths and his Seat in the said Council under the usual salute from the Ramparts of Fort William.

By Order of His Excellency the Vice Roy and Governor General of India in Council.

E. C. BAYLEY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Appointment. Fort William, Home Department, 23rd April.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council has been pleased to appoint Mr. E. C. Bayley, to be Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department.

A. M. MONTEATH.
Under-Secretary to the Government of India.

MR. CECIL BEADON, C. B., was sworn in yesterday afternoon at five o'clock, under the customary salute, as Lieutenant Governor of Bengal. The ceremony took place in the Council Chamber in the presence of a numerous assembly principally composed of officers of government.—*Hurkaru, April* 23.

GOVERNOR GENERAL'S COUNCIL.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 23RD, 1862.

The Council met this morning, all the members being present.

The Hon'ble Mr. Beadon moved that the Report of the Select Committee on the Bill to repeal in part Act II. of 1835 be taken into consideration, and that the Bill, as settled by the Select Committee, be passed.

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Harington moved that the Report of the Select Committee on the Bill to provide for a new Silver and a new Copper Coinage be taken into consideration, and that the Bill, as settled by the Select Committee, be passed.

The motion was carried.

The Hon'ble Mr. Beadon presented the Report of the Select Committee on the Bill to amend the Code of Criminal Procedure. He stated that, as the Select Committee had found it necessary to alter the frame-work and limit the scope of this Bill, he felt it desirable to explain the reason of the course they had adopted. The Bill, as drawn by Mr. Ritchie, had not been revised by him, and appeared to have been framed on the principle of giving power to Government, in extending the Code of Criminal Procedure, to modify its provisions so as to meet all the proposals of the local Officers. But the Select Committee had found that, in some instances, those modifications were not necessary, and that, in one point at least, a change was inexpedient. The Bill therefore was confined to two points. The first of these had reference to the Courts by which offences might be tried and sentences passed. It had been pointed out by the Authorities in the Punjab that the powers which, under the Code, they could give to Deputy Commissioners, were less than the powers they now exercised. The Bill therefore authorized the Government to empower Officers of that description to try all offences not punishable with death, limiting the sentences to seven years' imprisonment, or fine or both.

The second point contemplated by Mr. Ritchie was the modification of the Police Chapter. This had been introduced solely to meet the case of Oude. But subsequently it was found to be not necessary. The select Committee had not seen it necessary to provide specially for Juries because it was in the discretion of the Government to authorize the use of Juries in particular districts or not. With respect to sections 398, 401, 420, which required that sentences referred to the Sudder Court should be dealt with by two Judges, the Bill provided that, where the powers of the Sudder Court were under the provisions of the Code exercised by a single Officer, he should have all the powers of two Judges under those Sections. It had been provided in the Bill, as drawn by Mr. Ritchie, that the power of revision by Courts other than the Sudder Court might be extended to the Non-Regulation Provinces with modifications. But the Committee were not favorable to altering the provisions of the Code in this respect. In Oude, in which Province a alteration had been applied for, the Judicial Commissioner was accessible, and had leisure to exercise a special superintendence of the Courts. The report of the Select Committee would be in the hands of the Council, and on Wednesday next he would move that the two Sections which were necessary.

The Hon'ble Mr. Laing presented the Report of the Select Committee on the Bill to amend Act XIV of 1859 (to provide for the limitation of suits), and applied to His Excellency the President to suspend Rule 28 for the conduct of business. He stated that the only amendment in it was purely verbal character, and it was desirable that the Bill should be passed without delay.

His Excellency the President declared the Rule in question suspended.

The Hon'ble Mr. Laing then moved that the Report of the Select Committee be taken into consideration, and that the Bill, as settled by the Select Committee, be passed.

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Laing presented the Reports of the Select Committee on the Bill to amend Act X of 1860 (to amend Act VII of 1859, to alter the Duties of Customs on goods imported or exported by Sea), and applied to His Excellency the President to suspend Rule 23 for the conduct of business. He said that the alterations in the Bill were simply to add the words "Silk Chassum" after the words "Raw Silk" and to strike out words that were unnecessary.

His Excellency the President declared the Rule in question suspended.

The Hon'ble Mr. Laing then moved that the Report of the Select Committee be taken into consideration, and that the Bill, as settled by the Select Committee be passed. He said that it was desirable that the new Duties should come into operation without delay.

The Hon'ble Rajah Deo Narain Singh said that he gladly availed himself of this opportunity to express his warm admiration of the Financial Statement submitted by the Hon'ble Mr. Laing at the last Meeting of the Council. In that Statement it was shown that, owing to the excellent management of the Hon'ble gentleman the expenditure had been considerably diminished, while the Income had at the same time improved, and a large increase of treasure had accumulated in the Government Treasuries. This was no easy task, and its accomplishment, which was giving new strength to the Empire, had greatly benefitted the people, by abolishing the repeal of the two per cent. Income Tax, the License Tax, and the abolition or diminution of sundry Customs Duties. The following advantages too would on consideration be found to have resulted therefrom.

1*st*.—The two per cent Duty bore most heavily on incomes of 500 rupees than 5000 Rupees, and the relief occasioned by its repeal would be most highly felt. The License Tax was most oppressingly felt by Artizans, &c., and was a source of daily annoyance to them and its repeal would restore to them their peace of mind and fill their hearts with a gratitude to their Sovereign for this continuance of whose reign they would offer up hearty prayers.

2*nd*,—Although Act XXXII of 1860 imposed the Income Tax for a specified term of five years, people did not believe it would ever be taken off again; many instancing that, though in England the Tax had been different views; and it had since become a permanent impost. The partial repeal of the Tax within the period authorized by law would have the immediate effect of driving such false surmises out of the heads of the people, and of convincing them that the Tax would really be taken off on the expiry of the five years for which it was imposed, and they would be ashamed of their former doubts.

3*rd*.—When Act XXXII was published, it was stated that Government was forced to impose the tax for the purpose of equalizing the Income and Expenditure, to make good the losses incurred by the mutiny. This statement was by most people looked upon as a mere excuse for raising money, the fact of Government having suffered any loss being denied. The falseness of these doubts would now be proved by the fact of Government having taken off the Tax as soon as the state of finances would permit, and people see that its imposition was forced on the Government, and that the Government was not actuated by a desire to screw money out of the people. The most important results, however, would be that the people would place entire confidence in their Sovereign in whose service they would be ready to lay down their lives.

Finally, to much could not be said in praise of Mr. Laing who, undeterred by several serious attacks of illness, had labored uncessingly and to such good purpose as in a short time to produce results quite unlooked for by the natives of this country, who could not but feel the heavy debt of gratitude they allowed him. The Native Members of that Council were specially under obligation to him, for as those remissions of taxations had been made since they had the honor of occupying seats in the Council, they had risen high in the estimation of their fellow subjects

The Secretary read the Report of the Select Committee, and the Motion was then put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Laing presented the Report of the Select Committee on the Bill to amend Act XXXII of 1860 (for imposing Duties on profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices). He said that the passing of the Bill was not so immediately urgent as the Bill which had just passed the Council. The amendments proposed by the Committee had for their object to provide that there should be no fresh assessments unless the former returns were obviously inadequate.

The Hon'ble Mr. Harington introduced the Bill to repeal Act XVI of 1852 in those parts of British India in which the Indian Penal Code is in force, and to re-enact some of the provisions thereof with amendments, and further to improve the administration of Criminal Justice in Her Majesty's Supreme Courts of Judicature—the Hon'ble Messrs. Harrington, Forbes, and Erskine.

On the Bill to extend to the Province of Oudh certain provisions of Acts XIV of 1843 and XXXVI of 1855 relating to the manufacture of contraband Salt, and to amend the last named Act—the Hon'ble Messrs. Harington, Forbes, and Erskine.

The Council adjourned till Wednesday, the 30th instant, at 11 A. M.—*Id.*

EASTERN FRONTIER.

BY advices from the Eastern frontier, dated the 14th current, we learn that General Showers was, on that date, at Jawan, that the country was fast settling down, and peace, order, and confidence, returning. The probability appeared to be that the General's mission would soon be successfully terminated, and that he would return to the Presidency early in June.—*Englishman, April* 23.

PUNJAUB.

THE temperature of the Punjab at present is probably unequalled in any other part of the continent of India. Although we are now at the end of April, *punkahs* are not yet in operation in Lahore, and notwithstanding *ice* is in store for distribution to subscribers, many of them have not yet applied for their daily quota. The early mornings are not only cool but occasionally chilly even after sunrise, while it is occasionally necessary to cover oneself with a blanket during the night.—*Lahore Chronicle, April* 23.

BEFORE leaving England Sir H. Edwardes was presented with an address by the Evangelical party written by Mr. Venn, of the Church Mission. In the course of it they say, "We thank God for the noble declaration which proceeded from the chief authorities of the Punjab that the mutiny had taught a lesson from God to the statesmen of India touching their Christain duty. We congratulate you upon having been one of that band who, both in word an in deed, exercised a bold but wise and just influence in favour of Christian truth. God has put his signature upon this righteous policy, by making the Punjaub, in his providence, the chief stay of India's safety in the hour of peril, and one of the brightest jewels of the Indian crown afterwards placed upon the head of our most gracious Sovereign. You have been yourself witness to a declaration by Lord Palmerston, as Prime Minister of the Crown, the Secretary of State for India standing by his side, that the principle is admitted, and shall be acted upon, that does not prevent a voluntary Bible class in school-hours, provided it be held half-an-hour before or after school-hours." Sir Herbert in reply declared himself to be "very sanguine" as to "our prospects from a missionary point of view," and he said, "Looking to God in prayer for the future, and trusting in Him with thanksgiving for the past, I repeat that I am very sanguine. The people of the Punjaub fought our national battles, and to *them* I look to fight our *spiritual* battles also."—*Friend of India, April* 24.

THE Punjab authorities have shown their usual wisdom in fixing the rail-mail class fares on the Lahore and Umritsur railway so low that many modes of conveyance are superseded. The East Indian railway must come to this yet. So popular is the railway with the Punjabees that the crowds who flock to it cannot be accommodated. Even respectable women travel in open day. A correspondent of the *Delhi Gazette* says. "I asked one man who proposed to go to Lahore by *ekka*? That his father and grandfather had used an *ekka* before him, and that surely he ought not to depart from the manners and custom of his ancestors. It is more easy to conceive than express the look of supercilious contempt with which he answered:—*Ekkas* indeed! who would think of being shaken to pieces on an *ekka* for seven or eight hours, when he can go to Lahore in less than two hours, in the greatest comfort and for four annas? *That* is the talisman which has charmed the Punjabee. Four annas from Umritsur to Lahore in a hundred minutes!"—*Id.*

NORTH-WEST PROVINCES.

WE have endeavoured, and certainly not in vain, to prove that the Cabul correspondence of the *Delhi Gazette* is the veriest claptrap: we have even ventured to say, that our cotemporary has no such person as a correspondent in Cabul, and, of course, purporting to *come from there*, are fabrications. The *Delhi Gazette* has never in a plain straight-forward manner denied this; even his reply to the *Bombay Gazette* the other day, was a gross evasion of the question, and we pointed this out at the time. However, we now put it to the *Delhi Gazette* to deny all, or any portion of, the following, which we give on the most undoubted authority.

It appears, then, that the so-called Cabul correspondent is the son of the Rev. Daniel Macentish, an Armenian, *residing at Peshawur, in the British territories!* His total income is about Rs. 150 a month from the *Delhi Gazette*, and about R

...STORY OF LIGHTHOUSE ILLU...
...MINATION.

...From the Quarterly Review.

...Fixed lights for the guidance of mariners are an ancient invention. Old Father Ocean's smile from ...

...reflector is almost universal in the floating lights, and, though it has been driven out of half our principal lighthouses by another instrument, it is still retained in many of the best; and the multitudinous evidence recently collected places it beyond a doubt that many of our grand revolving reflector lights compare favourably with the best lights of foreign countries. Such a light is that at Beachy Head, where thirty burners, consuming 1000 gallons of oil annually, are arranged on a triangular stage, in such a way that ten reflectors at once direct a beam of ten-fold brilliancy to the same part of the ocean.

Oil lamps with lenses. While a mirror gathers up and renders serviceable the light that radiates behind a lamp, it allows the front rays to travel at their will to the sky, or the sands at the base of the cliff, so that few reach the mariner. The idea occurred, that this might be obviated by placing a lens in front of the light; but a trial made last century, in a lighthouse at the south of England, proved a failure —partly, no doubt, on account of the thickness and badness of the glass, and also because it destroyed the efficiency of the parabolic mirror. Buffon and Condorcet showed how to make gigantic lenses without any great thickness of material, by dispensing with everything beyond what was necessary to give the right refracting surfaces. Then arose the greatest genius of lighthouse illumination, Auguste Fresnel. The French government, in 1819, finding their lighthouse system extremely imperfect, commissioned Fresnel to go to work on the subject. The idea of using lenses took firm possession of his mind; he experimented carefully and well, and in 1822 brought forward his proposition for surrounding the flame of a gigantic lamp by lenses made in many rings of crown-glass, subtending an angle of forty-five degrees. By this means he gathered about one third of the whole light into a few sheafs of rays, which could be easily made to revolve, while the light which radiated above these lenses was sent along the surface of the sea by a combination of lenses and mirrors. This apparatus was proposed by its inventor for the Tour de Corduan; an experiment was made with it, on the 20th August, 1822, before the Commission des Phares; it was considered useful, and the plan was adopted. But the French government did not stop here. A comprehensive scheme was proposed for improving the lighthouse system of the country, building new lighthouses, altering old ones, introducing the lenticular apparatus, and varying the appearance of the lights. And badly enough was such a general reform wanted. The French coasts were then wretchedly lighted: for instance, there appears to have been only one French light in the Mediterranean. Sixteen others were proposed. The French side of the Channel was better supplied; yet even there great changes were loudly called for. The matter was entrusted to M. de Rossel, whose general scheme was approved by the Commission des Phares, May 20, 1825, and referred to Arago and Fresnel for further development; which was given to it in a report dated September 9th of the same year. This comprehensive plan was speedily carried into effect, and the lighting of the coasts of France became almost as good as it is at the present day.

The merits of the lenticular arrangement did not long remain unappreciated by other countries. The Dutch have the credit of first following the good example. The Scotch Board soon sent their engineer to study the new system; but, though constantly urged on by Sir David Brewster, who had long previously experimented on lenses, it was only on October 1st, 1835, that the first lens-light was exhibited in Great Britain, at Inchkeith, in the Firth of Forth. This was quickly followed by a change in several other Scotch lights, and by the Trinity House, in 1836, furnishing a newly erected lighthouse, on the Start Point, with one of these lenticular arrangements. Since that time, this apparatus, variously modified, has been gradually replacing the silvered reflectors in our British lighthouses; but only gradually —for the Board of Trade lay it down as a principle, that the expense involved by the change should only be incurred when the reflectors are worn out, and they will often last, when handled by careful keepers, for half a century. Unfortunately governments of the United States and Spain have, within these last few years, instituted a complete reformation in the lighthouse service of those countries, and have adopted the lenticular system throughout.

The lenses first used in England were manufactured, we believe, at Newcastle; but they were poor affairs, and subsequently the contracts were given to the houses. But English manufacturing ingenuity was not to be baffled: and now the Messrs. Chance, of Birmingham, make apparatus equal, if not superior, to all others. A visit to their works is most interesting; and it would be instructive to describe the mysteries of the melting-pot, and the advantages of crosses in glass-grinding; but space does not permit, and perhaps the reader is thankful that it does not.

Attempts have lately been made to employ pressed instead of ground glass. The chief advantage is economy; but it is an economy we do not care to practise even in our household glass, much less in optical instruments. There is a little pile lighthouse near Calais, standing in the waste on long iron legs, which is fitted up on this plan; but, though immense ingenuity has been expended on it, the experiment cannot be deemed satisfactory. It was at Londonderry that a lens of pressed glass first came under my notice, but the man in charge did not know which way to place the convex side; and in a tower on Lough Foyle a similar lens was actually turned the wrong way.

Coal gas. Though the use of gas has been frequently pressed upon the attention of the great lighthouse authorities, they have never adopted it, conceiving it to be dangerous. The municipal bodies, however, have not participated in this dread, and a large proportion of even the most important harbour lights owe their illumination to this source. Some of these are admirably managed and most efficient; but there are others which present a sad contrast—as that at Leith, which is reported, "The gas-light in use was only distinguishable as the dullest of lights round the harbour, and by a greenish or blueish hue, not very discernible."

The same optical apparatus is applicable to a gas as to an oil-flame.

Electric light. All other lights that science has produced appear dim beside the splendour of that small spark which bursts into view when the conducting wires of a powerful electric current are separated by a minute space, especially if these wires terminate in charcoal points. The worst is, that it is difficult to maintain this spark in a constant state of brilliancy. Many attempts have been made to overcome this difficulty, and many proposals have been submitted for introducing electric lights into lighthouses; but the only one which has been so introduced is that of Professor Holmes. In 1853 he was called to examine some magneto-electric machines that were intended for the decomposition of water, and it occurred to him that they might be made available for producing the charcoal light. He got the light, and set to work to perfect the apparatus. In February, 1857, he first communicated with the Trinity Brethren, and in October 1858, that brilliant star first beamed forth over the seas from a lighthouse—that at the South Foreland—surprising the sailors, and the inhabitants on the opposite coast of France. The light, as in other cases, is derived from combustion; but it is the combustion of coal in a small steam engine, which rotates a wheel loaded with soft iron cores past another wheel loaded with soft iron cores past another wheel loaded with permanent magnets. This calls into action a force which, carried aloft by stout wires and allowed to pass between the charcoal points of an ingeniously-constructed "lamp," produces a light which can only be compared to a fragment of the sun. The experiment was continued for some months, and was considered successful. But the light was afterwards removed from the South Foreland, the dioptric apparatus of which was ill-adapted for it. Some improvements have since been made; and it is now fitted up with optical apparatus of its own, at Dungeness, and will, probably, be shining again before this paper is printed. It is intended that it shall be permanent. Professor Faraday, who first discovered magneto-electricity, and who is the scientific adviser of the Trinity House, has naturally taken a great interest in the development of this child of his, and in seeing it take a part in the service of mankind.

Lime light. Captain Drummond attempted to introduce into lighthouses the brilliant light produced by the incandescence of a piece of lime in an oxy-hydrogen flame; but, at that time, the difficulty from the cracking of the lime could not be sufficiently overcome. Mechanical genius, however, has done much to remove this, and the light used during the past autumn at the South Foreland.

Should either this light or that from the magneto-electric machine eventually come into general use, England will have the honour of initiating an improvement in lighthouse illumination equal, if not superior, to that effected in France by the genius of Fresnel. Long may there be such a rivalry between the two nations!

ADVERTISEMENTS.

EGYPTIAN COTTON SEED.

THOSE PERSONS who are desirous of sowing Egyptian Cotton Seed during the approaching season are requested to apply (without delay) to the undersigned, for the quantity they are likely to require in order that a sufficient supply may be obtained from Egypt. The Seed will be ready for distribution in March.

PEEL, CASSELS & Co.,
Honorary Agents, Cotton Supply Association.
Bombay, 14th January 1862.

THOMAS EDWARDS,

GUN MAKER, No. 12, Military Square, Fort, Bombay. TERMS—*Cash.*

DINNEFORD'S PURE FLUID MAGNESIA,

HAS been, during twenty-five years, emphatically sanctioned by the Medical Profession, and universally accepted by the Public, as the best remedy for ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION, and as a mild Aperient for delicate constitutions, more especially for Ladies and Children. Combined with the ACIDULATED LEMON SYRUP, it forms an *agreeable Effervescing Draught*, in which its aperient qualities are much increased. During Hot Seasons and, above all in Hot Climates, the regular use of this pure Magnesia will be found highly beneficial.

Manufactured (with the utmost attention to strength and purity,) by DINNEFORD & Co., 172, New Bond Street, London; And sold by all respectable Chemists, throughout the world.

ST. ANDREW'S LIBRARY, BOMBAY.
THACKER, VINING & Co.

THE following NEW BOOKS received during the current year remain available:—

EMERSON TENNENT'S Natural History of Ceylon, post 8vo, cloth ..... Rs. 3 8
COL. BUNBURY'S Reminiscences of a Veteran in the Peninsula, India, &c., 3 vols. 8vo 24 0
ILLUSTRATED EDITIONS of Scott's "Lady of the Lake," "Marmion," "Lay of the Last Minstrel," "Lord of the Isles;" in handsome cloth bindings, gilt leaves, each 5 0 0
KINGSTON'S True Blue, illustrations 3 12
POTTS'S EUCLID, new edition, 8vo 7 8
FRANCATELLI'S Cook's Guide, 12mo 3 12
NATURAL HISTORY PICTURE BOOK 3 12
VALLEY OF A HUNDRED FIRES, illustrated, by Millais, crown 8vo 3 12
THE STOKESLEY SECRET, 18mo 2 12
KINGSTON'S ANNUAL FOR BOYS. With numerous illustrations. Square 3 12
A MANUAL OF STRUCTURAL BOTANY. By M. C. Cooke 1 0
THE HOME TUTOR. Illustrated 3 12
TOWN AND COUNTRY SERMONS. By the Rev. C. Kingsley. Fcap. 4 8
LOVEL THE WIDOWER. By W. M. Thackeray. Post 8vo. 4 8
LECTURES ON THE FOUR GEORGES. By W. M. Thackeray. Post 8vo. 3 12
HOPES AND FEARS. By the author of "The Heir of Redclyfe." New and cheap edition. Cloth. One vol. 4 8
SHAKSPEARE'S SONGS AND BALLADS. Imperial 4to. Cloth. *Illustrated by James Gilbert* 30 0
LES AMOURS DE PSYCHE, et de Cupidon, par Apulie. Traduction nouvelle ornée des gravures de Raphael, 4to swd 12 0
NEW ZEALAND.—By HURSTHOUSE, Crown 8vo, cloth 10 0
EDWIN ARNOLD, M. A.—The Book of good Counsels from the Sankrit "*Hitopadesa*" ... 3 12
UNDERGROUND LONDON by J. HOLLINGSHEAD 1 12
SELECTIONS FROM RUSKIN.—Selection from the Writings of JOHN RUSKIN. Post 8vo. 4 8
LIVES OF LORD CASTLEREAGH AND SIR C. STEWART. By SIR ARCHIBALD ALISON. Two vols. 8vo 35 0
DICKENS'S WORKS ILLUSTRATED.—Barnaby Rudge. Vol. II. By CHARLES DICKENS 5 12
THE POSTMAN'S BAG, and other Stories. By the Rev. J. DE LISTON, Sixteen Illustrations 2 12
THE LADY'S GUIDE TO THE ORDERING OF HER HOUSEHOLD, and the Economy of the Dinner Table. By a Lady. Post 8vo 8 0
THE attention of the Trinity Brethren was called to this defect; and by the zealous co-operation of Professor Faraday and Mr. James Chance, means were devised for re-adjusting the bands of glass, or for fixing them properly in the first instance. During this investigation several curious facts were noticed. Thus sailors at Whitby had complained that the lighthouse gallery cut off the lower beams of light; it was frequent the whole of the British and French waters. Yet the French authorities thought rather meanly of the light at Gris Nez:—it was an old-fashioned thing, one of the first dioptrics put up, without any of the modern improvements. The commission visited Gris Nez; and, true enough the apparatus was old fashioned. But it was accurately adjusted—probably by Fresnel himself; at any rate by some one who was not content with ordering a beautiful, complicated, and costly piece of mechanism, and getting a mason to set it on top of a tower.

It is not in the above respects alone that great ingenuity has been displayed in lighthouse appratus. In order to distinguish one light from another, some are made to revolve, while others remain stationary. The rates of revolution also vary. Again, while the majority are white, many are red, and a few green, and some revolving lights are alternately white and red. There are also other varieties. There is a bad variety called the intermittent, made by bringing a screen before the flame; and there are double lights—for instance, the double revolving light at the Calf of Man, the ludicrously characteristic effect of which I well remember, as it seemed to wink at our passing boat first with one and then with the other of its fiery eyes. On the night after that fearful day when the Royal Charter was wrecked, I stood on the pier at Hunfleur; and, while the vessels were tossing about, the desirableness of good distinctions was deeply impressed on my mind—for there, at the mouth of the Seine, were eleven different lights, most of them having just the same appearance; but among them stood conspicuous and unmistakeable the light of Fatouville, alternately steady white, dull red, red flash, dull red, steady white. There is something peculiarly impressive in the constant change of white, white, red, at regular intervals, in such a lonely situation as the Tusker or Caskets. Wrath, when seen on a dark night from the deck of a ship sailing on to the wide Atlantic.

New sources of light. Why should we be confined to the combustion of oil? The Pharos of the future will perhaps be as independent of it as is our present street lamp.

Coal gas. Though the use of gas has been frequently pressed upon the attention of the great lighthouse authorities, they have never adopted it, conceiving it to be dangerous. The municipal bodies, however, have not participated in this dread, and a large proportion of even the most important harbour lights owe their illumination to this source. Some of these are admirably managed and most efficient; but there are others which present a sad contrast—as that at Leith, which is reported, "The gas-light in use was only distinguishable as the dullest of lights round the harbour, and by a greenish or blueish hue, not very discernible."

The same optical apparatus is applicable to a gas as to an oil-flame.

Electric light. All other lights that science has produced appear dim beside the splendour of that small spark which bursts into view when the conducting wires of a powerful electric current are separated by a minute space, especially if these wires terminate in charcoal points. The worst is, that it is difficult to maintain this spark in a constant state of brilliancy. Many attempts have been made to overcome this difficulty, and many proposals have been submitted for introducing electric lights into lighthouses; but the only one which has been so introduced is that of Professor Holmes. In 1853 he was called to examine some magneto-electric machines that were intended for the decomposition of water, and it occurred to him that they might be made available for producing the charcoal light. He got the light, and set to work to perfect the apparatus. In February, 1857, he first communicated with the Trinity Brethren, and in October 1858, that brilliant star first beamed forth over the seas from a lighthouse—that at the South Foreland—surprising the sailors, and the inhabitants on the opposite coast of France. The light, as in other cases, is derived from combustion; but it is the combustion of coal in a small steam engine, which rotates a wheel loaded with soft iron cores past another wheel loaded with soft iron cores past another wheel loaded with permanent magnets. This calls into action a force which, carried aloft by stout wires and allowed to pass between the charcoal points of an ingeniously-constructed "lamp," produces a light which can only be compared to a fragment of the sun. The experiment was continued for some months, and was considered successful. But the light was afterwards removed from the South Foreland, the dioptric apparatus of which was ill-adapted for it. Some improvements have since been made; and it is now fitted up with optical apparatus of its own, at Dungeness, and will, probably, be shining again before this paper is printed. It is intended that it shall be permanent. Professor Faraday, who first discovered magneto-electricity, and who is the scientific adviser of the Trinity House, has naturally taken a great interest in the development of this child of his, and in seeing it take a part in the service of mankind.

Lime light. Captain Drummond attempted to introduce into lighthouses the brilliant light produced by the incandescence of a piece of lime in an oxy-hydrogen flame; but, at that time, the difficulty from the cracking of the lime could not be sufficiently overcome. Mechanical genius, however, has done much to remove this, and the light used during the past autumn at the South Foreland.

Should either this light or that from the magneto-electric machine eventually come into general use, England will have the honour of initiating an improvement in lighthouse illumination equal, if not superior, to that effected in France by the genius of Fresnel. Long may there be such a rivalry between the two nations!

THE KORAN.—A New Translation, with Historical Introduction. By J. M. RODWELL. Post 8vo. 8 0
THE FAMILY FRIEND. July to December, 1861. Post 8vo. 2 0
THE INDIAN CHIEF.—By G. ARMARD. Illustrated edition 2 12
LIVINGSTONE'S TRAVELS. A Cheap Edition of Livingstone's "Africa." Post 8vo... 1 8
MONTESTUART ELPHINSTONE. Colebrook's Sketch of the Life of the Hon'ble M. Elphinstone. 8vo. sewed 1 8
EARL OF PETERBOROUGH'S LIFE. By E. WARBURTON. 2 vols. 8 0
STONEHENGE ON THE HORSE. bound 8vo. 13 8
LECTURES ON THE SCIENCE OF LANGUAGE. By MAX MULLER. Second edition. 8vo. 8 0
LEISURE HOURS IN TOWN. By the author of "Recreations of a Country Parson." Post 8vo. cloth 6 12
ONCE A WEEK. Vol. V. July to December, 1861. Illustrated 5 12
CHAMBER'S ENCYCLOPÆDIA. Vol. III. Illustrated. Royal 8vo. 6 12
URSULA, A Tale. By the author of "Amy Herbert." Cheap edition 3 8
LONDON LABOUR AND LONDON POOR. Extra. ("Those will not work," including Thieves, Prostitutes and Beggars). With illustrations. By H. MAYHEW. 8vo. 8 0
LODGE'S PEERAGE AND BARONETAGE, 31st edition for 1862. Royal 8vo. 24 0
OBERON'S HORN AND FAIRY STORIES. By HENRY MORLEY. In one vol. Crown 8vo. cloth 8 0
THE SHILLING WAVERLEY. Waverley Novels. Cheap edition. To be completed in Twenty vols. Fcap. 8vo. sewed 0 12
THE PRISONER IN BURMAH. A Personal Narrative of Two Years' Imprisonment in Burmah. By HENRY GOUGER, New edition, with Additions. Post 8vo. 9 0
CHAMBERS'S ASTRONOMY. A Handbook of Descriptive and Practical Astronomy. By GEORGE F. CHAMBERS. Post 8vo. Illustrated. 9 3
QUARITCH'S MILITARY LIBRARY. Vol. I. The Tactics of Infantry. Fcap. 8vo 1 4
LADIES' TREASURY. Vol. V., for 1861. With illustrations 4to 5 12
JOHNSTON'S MAP OF CANADA. With an Enlarged Chart of the Routes from Great Britain to British North America 1 4
RANKING'S MEDICAL ABSTRACT. Half-Yearly Abstract of the Medical Science. Vol. 34. Post 8vo. cloth 5 0
DEER IN DEVONSHIRE AND SOMERSET. By CHARLES PAIK COLLYNS. Square 8vo. cloth 12 0
DR. WALSHE ON THE HEART. Diseases of the Heart and Great Vessels. By DR. WALSHE. Third edition, Enlarged. Post 8vo. cloth 9 0
THE PROVERBS OF SCOTLAND. Collected and arranged by ALEXANDER HISLOP. Fcap. 8vo 4 8
SILAS MARINER. By GEORGE ELIOT. Cheap edition. Fcap. 8vo. cloth 4 8
THE HISTORICAL GUIDE DE POST. By the Editor of *The Reason Why*. Post 8vo 2 0
DASENT'S TALES FROM THE NORSE. Selections from Norse Tales. For the use of Children. With illustrations. Crown 8vo. cloth 5 12
WITCH STORIES. By E. LYNN LINTON. One vol. Post 8vo 8 0
WHEN THE SNOW FALLS. By W. MOY THOMAS. A new edition. Crown 8vo. cloth 3 12
AMONG THE TARTAR TENTS; or, The Lost Fathers. By ANN BOWMAN. Post 8vo cloth 3 12
THE MAGNET STORIES for 1861. Third vol. 12mo. cloth 2 0
LIVES OF WITS AND HUMORISTS. By J. TIMBS. 2 vols. cloth 13 8
MISS STRICKLAND'S LIVES OF THE BACHELOR KINGS OF ENGLAND. 8vo cloth 8 0
FRAMLEY PARSONAGE. By A. TROLLOPE, cloth 3 12
CONSUL HODGSON'S JAPAN AND THE JAPANESE.—Crown. 8vo. 8 0
POETS OF THE ELIZABETHAN AGE.—Illustrated, Antique cloth 3 12
THE SEVEN CHAMPIONS OF CHRISTENDOM.—New edition, Illustrated. 12mo. cloth, gilt 2 12
ORLEY FARM.—By A. TROLLOPE, Vol. I. Illustrated by Millais 8 4
LOUDON'S ENGINEERS' POCKET BOOK, 1862 ..... 4 8
WEALE'S ENGINEERS' POCKET BOOK, 1862 ..... 4 8
MARY GRANVILLE'S (*Mrs. Delaney*) CORRESPONDENCE; second series. 3 vols. 8vo. cloth 35 0
HARTS' ANNUAL ARMY LIST. New vol. 8vo. 16 0
REV. W. F. HOOK'S Lives of the Archbishops Vol. 2 ..... 13 8
ROGERS'S HOW TO LEARN HINDUSTANI 1 4
NUGÆ CRITICÆ. Occasional Papers written at the Sea-side. By Shirley. One vol. crown 8vo. cloth 6 12
HISTORY OF THE OPERA. From its origin in Italy to the Present Time; with Anecdotes of the most celebrated Composers and Vocalists of Europe. By Sutherland Edwards. Two vols. Post 8vo. 16 0
BEATEN PATHS; and those who trod on them. By Thomas Colley Grattan. Two vols. post 8vo. cloth 16 0
CURIOSITIES OF DETECTION; Or, the Sea Constabulary. Robert Curtis, Fcap. 8vo. 1 8
RECREATIVE SCIENCE. Vol. III. Completing the First Series. Fcap. 8vo. cloth 5 12
THE WORDS OF THE ANGELS; Or, their Visit to the Earth and their Messages. They Delivered. By Rudolph Stier. 12mo. cloth 2 12
WINE AND WINE COUNTRIES. By C. Tovey 3 12
EGYPT, NUBIA, AND ABBYSSINIA. Illustrated by Stereoscopic Photographs, with Descriptions, and numerous Wood Engravings. By Joseph Bonomi, F. R. S. L. 48 0
A MANUAL OF CIVIL ENGINEERING. By Professor W. J. M. Rankine. Thick post 8vo. With numerous Diagrams 12 0
THE SUPERNATURAL IN RELATION TO THE NATURAL. By J. McCosh. Crown 8vo 5 12
AIDS TO FAITH. A Series of Theological Essays by various Writers (Mansel, McCosh, Rawlinson, Ellicott, &c.) Edited by the Bishop of Gloucester 6 12
WRIGHT'S ARABIC GRAMMAR, vol. 1..... 11 0
DR. BEAUMONT'S ARABIC GRAMMAR ... 5 4
MONTGOMERY'S CLOTH MANUFACTURE of the United States 3 0
MRS. BEETON'S Book of Household Management 5 12
PETER NICHOLSON on the oblique arch..... 13 8
LIFE OF BRUNEL. Memoir of the Life of Sir M. I. Brunel, By R. BEAMISH, F.R.S. 8vo cloth 10 8
LECTURES ON THE HISTORY OF THE EASTERN CHURCH. By A. P. STANLEY. Second edition. 8vo cloth 9 0
BOHN'S STANDARD LIBRARY. For February, Michelets's life of Luther. Translated by W. Hazlitt. Post 8vo 2 12
THE YEAR-BOOK OF FACTS IN SCIENCE AND ART. For 1862. By J. TIMBS, Fcap. cloth 3 12
DR. BASHAN ON DROPSY. With Plates. Second edition, 8vo, cloth 6 12
CUMMING ON ISAIAH. Readings on the Prophet Isaiah. By the Rev. Dr. CUMMING, F.R.S.L. 5 12
EVERYBODYS PUDDING BOOK. By the author of "The Gourmet's Guide to Rabbit Cooking 2 0
A POPULAR HISTORY OF THE DISCOVERY OF AMERICA. By J. G. KOHL. Translated from the German, by R. R. Noel, 2 vols, post 8vo cloth 12 0
HEARTS OF OAK: a Naval Yarn. By the author of "Cloved the Dane." Post 8vo..... 5 12
WILLIAMS AND MATHER'S HINDUSTANI GRAMMAR. A practical Hindustani Grammar. By M. WILLIAMS, M. A., and C. MATHER, 16mo cloth 3 12
THE WILD SPORTS OF INDIA: Detailed Instruction for the Sportsman. By MAJOR H. SHAKESPEAR, Second edition. Enlarged, with Portrait, Post 8vo..... 7 8
THE CORRESPONDENCE OF LEIGH HUNT. Edited by his eldest Son. With Portrait. 2 vols. Post 8vo. 18 0
ANNALS OF THE WARS OF THE EIGHTEENTH CENTURY. By the Hon. Sir E. Cust. Third edition, 2 vols. Post 8vo. 16 0
WORKS OF THOMAS HOOD. Comic and Serious, in Prose and Verse, Vol. I. To be completed in 7 vols. Crown 8vo cloth 4 8
MEN OF THE TIME; A Biographical Dictionary of Eminent Living Characters (including Women.) A new edition, thoroughly revised, and brought down to the present time. By Edward Walford. Crown 8vo. half-bound 8 0
THE COMMON SENSE OF SCIENCE IN THE HEAVENS, And How to See and Know Them. By Capt. A. W. Drayson, R. R. Fcap. 8vo. cloth 6 0
ONE YEAR IN SWEDEN. By H. MARRYAT. With numerous illustrations. 2 vols post 8vo 21 0
LIFE OF MAJOR VANDELEUR. By the author of "Memorials of Capt. Headly Vicars" 2 12
THE LIFE OF BRIGADIER GENERAL SIR S. BENTHAM, R. S. G. By his widow, M. S. Bentham. Post 8vo cloth 8 0
LA BEATA, a Novel. By T. A. TROLLOPE..... 3 12
HAND-BOOK FOR FIELD SERVICE. By Colonel LEFROY, R. A., with the aid of several Contributors. Third Edition, Revised. Published by Authority 5 12
HORÆ SUBSECIVÆ. By J. BROWN, D.D. New edition in 1 vol. Crown 8vo., cloth..... 5 12
WAIFS AND STRAYS. Chiefly from the Chessboard. By Captain KENNEDY..... 3 0
PUNCH, RE-ISSUE. Vol. 13. Paper boards 3 12
HUGH MILLER'S TESTIMONY AND HIS

and without truffles.
Apply to
ALBERT VINAY.

MESSRS. GLEDSTANES, CONINGHAM & CO.

BEG leave to inform their friends and the public in the Bombay Presidency, that they have made arrangements for the regular supply of their WINES and SPIRITS through their Agents, MESSRS. LEGGATT & Co., Bombay, at whose Godowns they will in future be always procurable.

Messrs. GLEDSTANES, CONINGHAM & Co. will continue to ship the same qualities of Wines and Spirits which have hitherto been in such extensive demand, and beg reference to the following list of those descriptions which have been found most suitable for consumption in India.

LIST OF PRICES.

		Per Dozen.
Pale Sherry,	White Seal, in 1 or 3 dozen cases	...Rs. 20
Do. Do.	Black	25
Do. Do.	Yellow	29
Amontillado, Red	... ...	33
Port	Black	28
Do. Pints	... ...	15
Claret	Blue	20
Do. Leoville, Yellow ...	... ...	30
Do. Chateau Margaux, Red Seal	... ...	35
Champagne, Sparkling	... ...	36
Do.	do. 1st quality	42
Sauterne ...	... ...	20
Moselle ...	... ...	30
Do. Sparkling	... ...	36
Rhenish ...	... ...	20
Pale Brandy	... ...	30
Do. Do. very fine	... ...	36
Gin, Old Tom	... ...	18
Geneva, ...	... ...15 Flasks	36
Cherry Brandy, Rarest	... ...	36
Do. do.	... Pints	18

Liqueurs of finest qualities.

N. B.—Direct orders for Wines in Wood or Bottle and all kinds of Spirits and Liquors, will be promptly executed.

11, Regent Street, London, Jan. 1, 1862.

WINES, SPIRITS, & BEER, PRICE LIST.

MESSRS. TREACHER & Co., confidently recommend a new Batch of Sherries and would beg to draw attention to their revised list of Wines, &c.

SHERRIES—			
Black Seal ...	Amontillado...	per dozen	Rs. 28
Bronze do.	Good Dinner Wines ...	,,	,, 24
White do.			
Brown do.		,,	,, 22
Yellow do.			
MADEIRA, very old ...		,,	,, 42
PORT—			
Black Seal—Matured Fruity ...	Quarts	,,	,, 28
Do. Do. ...	Pints	,,	,, 15
Red Seal ...	Quarts	,,	,, 24
Do. Do. ...	Pints	,,	,, 13
CLARET—			
Chateau Margaux ...		,,	,, 34
Leoville ...		,,	,, 28
St. Julien ...		,,	,, 20
Medoc ...		,,	,, 16
CHAMPAGNE—			
Superior quality...	A. DePaul... Quarts	,,	,, 40
Do.	A. DePaul... Pints	,,	,, 21
Do.	A. C. Moriset... Quarts	,,	,, 36
Do.	do. ... Pints	,,	,, 19
HOCK—			
Sparkling and Still	Deinhar & Jordan / Coblentz Rhine...	per dozen	Rs. 38
MOSELLE do.	do.	,,	,, 21
CRABBIE'S GINGER WINE ...		,,	,, 18
TREACHER & Co. do. ...		,,	,, 42
CURAÇOA ...		,,	,, 40
MARASCHINO ...		,,	,, 39
SHERRY BRANDY ...			
SPIRITS—			
Brandies Rs. 18, 24, 30, 36 ...		,,	,,
do. ...	Jules Robin (30 years old)	,,	,, 50
Rum ...	Fine old Jamaica ...	,,	,, 29
Gin—Old Tom...	Booth, London ...	,,	,,
Do. ...	Hollands in cases ...	,,	,,
WHISKEY ...	Glenlivat, Crabbie ...	,,	,, 21

BEERS AND STOUT.

Allsop's and Bass' Ale and Beer, English and Country bottled, Justin hand in excellent condition.

GUINNESS, Dublin. BARCLAY and PERKINS, London, and TENNENTS' Stout and Porter, Pints and Quarts.

TREACHER & Co.

BOMBAY, POONA, KAMPTEE, KURRACHEE, AND KOTREE.

MANUFACTURED EXPRESSLY FOR

McCOMBIE AND WRIGHT, No. 1, Church Gate Street, COLLARD AND COLLARD'S PIANO FORTES.—The undersigned have the utmost gratification in announcing the safe arrival per *Morayshire*, of a few of the above Instruments. They consist of:

SOLID Mahogany square Semi Grand Piano Fortes, 4 Octaves, Patent Repeater action, Transverse strings, Raised Top, Fret Work, Carved Legs, Metal Pin Block, Double Bars, in every way suited to the Indian climate and country.

A Certificate of Authenticity accompanies each of these superb and in every way desirable Instruments.

McCOMBIE & WRIGHT,
Sole Dealers in these Instruments.

HOPE HALL FAMILY HOTEL, MAZAGON.

NUSSERWANJEE SORABJEE & Co., who have taken a lease of this LONG ESTABLISHED FAMILY HOTEL, beg to return their best thanks to those Ladies and Gentlemen who have kindly patronised them during the past year, and who have been pleased to express their satisfaction with the accommodation and attention which they received at the Hope Hall.

NUSSERWANJEE SORABJEE & Co. can adduce no better recommendation for the continued support of the Public than such testimonials from the parties who have honoured them with their patronage.

The House, recently furnished throughout, occupies one of the most salubrious sites in Bombay, is as well adapted for single parties as for families, and is most conveniently situated as regards the Fort, the Byculla Railway Station, and the open country. It is enclosed in a spacious compound, and surrounded by a good garden.

The Table is the best procurable in Bombay, and no pains are spared to afford satisfaction in that and every other respect. A plentiful supply of the best Beer, Wine, and Spirits, are always on hand.

Parties visiting Bombay from up-country, and Passengers arriving by the Mail Steamers, will find the Hope Hall a most desirable and comfortable place of sojourn.

Messrs. NUSSERWANJEE finally beg to intimate that their charges are moderate, and that every effort will be made by them to secure the approbation of all parties who may honour them with their patronage.

Breakfast at 9 A. M., Tiffin at half-past 1 P. M., and Dinner at half-past 7 P. M.

Bombay, 29th August, 1861.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons interested in Machinery for separating Cotton from the Seed, are invited to inspect the Patent Improved Machinery for that purpose, by Platt Brothers & Co., to be seen at the office of the undersigned, who is prepared to receive orders for the same

R. NEWTON,
Agent for Platt Brothers & Co.
16, Apollo Street, Bombay.

POTATOES! POTATOES!

MAHABLESHWAR POTATOES of the first sort for sale. Price Rs. 6 per basket of four maunds. Apply to BUNJORJEE DORABJEE Patell, opposite the Post Office.

THE THREE ARMS.

BY Lieut. T. PRENDERGAST B. WALSH, H. M.'s 1st Bombay Grenadier Regt. N. I. and late on the General Staff of the Army. The above book is now appearing in numbers in Messrs. Chesson and Woodhall, Bombay Magazine, and when finished will be presented to the public in the form of a small volume Price to Subscribers Rs. 10 per Copy. Names will be registered by Messrs. CHESSON AND WOODHALL, and also at the Offices of the *Bombay Gazette* and *Times of India*.

W. HANNAH & CO.,

CARD PLATE ENGRAVERS AND PRINTERS.

Orders for Visiting, Wedding, and other Cards will be executed neatly and promptly.

Terms moderate, prices for cash only.

No. 4, Medow Street, opposite the Roman Catholic Chapel.

WEDDING, VISITING CARDS, &c.

ORDERS for the above will be executed with *particular* care under the supervision of a European artist. A plate, engraved (Rs. 3) and 100 Cards printed (Rs. 2) Wedding Envelopes from annas 4 to annas 8 per pack. Only Messrs. De La Rue's best Stationery used. The above are for Cash only. Established 1846.

S. D'ESPERANCE.

*** *No connection whatever with any of the Booksellers in Bombay.*

23, Apollo Street.

ST. ANDREW'S LIBRARY, BOMBAY.

THE following NEW BOOKS received during the current year remain available:—

EMERSON TENNENT'S Natural History of Ceylon, post 8vo, cloth ...	Rs. 9 8
COL. BUNBURY'S Reminiscences of a Veteran in the Peninsula, India, &c., 3 vols. 8vo ...	24 0
ILLUSTRATED EDITIONS of Scott's "Lady of the Lake," "Marmion," "Lay of the Last Minstrel," "Lord of the Isles;" in handsome cloth binding, gilt leaves, each ...	9 0
KINGSTON'S True Blue, illustrations ...	3 12
POPULAR SCIENCE, Phillips, 8vo ...	7 8
FRANCATELLI'S Cook's Guide, 2nd Edn ...	8 12
NATURAL HISTORY PICTURE BOOK ...	3 12
VALLEY OF A HUNDRED FIRES, illustrated, by Miller, crown 8vo ...	3 12
THE STOKESLEY SECRET, 18mo ...	2 12
KINGSTON'S ANNUAL FOR BOYS. With numerous illustrations. Square ...	3 12
A MANUAL OF STRUCTURAL BOTANY. By M. C. Cooke ...	1 0
THE HOME TUTOR. Illustrated ...	3 12
TOWN AND COUNTRY SERMONS. By the Rev. C. Kingsley. Fcap. ...	4 8
LOVEL THE WIDOWER. By W. M. Thackeray. Post 8vo. ...	4 8
HOPES AND FEARS. By the author of "The Heir of Redclyffe." New and cheap edition. Cloth. One vol ...	4 8
SHAKSPEARE'S SONGS AND BALLADS. Imperial 4to. Cloth. *Illustrated by James Gilbert* ...	30 0
LES AMOURS DE PSYCHE, et de Cupidon, par Apulie. Traduction nouvelle ornée des gravures de Raphael, 4to xwd ...	12 0
NEW ZEALAND.—By HURSTHOUSE, Crown 8vo, cloth ...	10 0
EDWIN ARNOLD, M. A.—The Book of good Counsels from the Sanskrit "*Hitopadesa*" ...	3 12
UNDERGROUND LONDON. By J. HOLLINGSHEAD ...	1 12
SELECTIONS FROM RUSKIN.—Selection from the Writings of JOHN RUSKIN. Post 8vo.	4 8
LIVES OF LORD CASTLEREAGH AND SIR C. STEWART. By SIR ARCHIBALD ALISON. Two vols. 8vo ...	35 0
DICKENS' WORKS, ILLUSTRATED.— Barnaby Rudge. Vol. II. 20 Plates. Dorrit	5 12
THE POSTMAN'S BAG, and other Stories. By the Rev. J. DE LIEFDE, Sixteen Illustrations ...	2 12
THE LADY'S GUIDE TO THE ORDERING OF HER HOUSEHOLD, and the Economy of the Dinner Table. By a Lady. Post 8vo ...	8 0
TOM CRINGLE'S LOG.—Illustrated edition. Post 8vo ...	4 8
EXPERIENCES OF AN ENGLISH SISTER OF MERCY.—By MARGARET GOODMAN. Fcap. 8vo. ...	2 12
HISTORY OF THE FOUR CONQUESTS OF ENGLAND.—By J. A. ST. JOHN. Two vol. 8vo ...	21 0
A NEW HISTORY OF MODERN EUROPE: From the Taking of Constantinople by the Turks to the Close of the War in the Crimea. By THOMAS H. DYER. Vol. I. and II. 8vo ...	22 8
A THIRD SERIES OF PUBLIC SERMONS. By the late Rev. J. J. BLUNT, B. D. Post 8vo.	5 4
A FRENCH-LATIN DICTIONARY.—Applicable for those reading Phædrus, Cornelius Nepos, and Cæsar. By Wm. SMITH, LL.D. 12mo.	2 12
PUNCH—RE-ISSUE.—Vol. X. Paper boards.	3 12
LITTLE DORRIT.—By CHARLES DICKENS. Cheap edition, uniform with the edition in green cloth, gilt backs ...	4 0
GOOD FOR NOTHING:—Or, All Down Hill. By G. S. W. MELVILLE, author of "Digby Grand." Two vols. Post 8vo ...	12 0
THE KORAN.—A New Translation, with Historical Introduction. By J. M. RODWELL. Post 8vo. ...	8 0
THE FAMILY FRIEND. July to December, 1861. Post 8vo. ...	2 12
THE INDIAN CHIEF.—By G. AIMARD. Illustrated edition ...	2 12
LIVINGSTONE'S TRAVELS. A Cheap Edition of Livingstone's "Africa." Post 8vo...	4 8
MOUNTSTUART ELPHINSTONE. Colebrook's Sketch of the Life of the Honble M. Elphinstone. 8vo. sewed ...	1 8
EARL OF PETERBOROUGH'S LIFE. By E. WARBURTON. 2 vols. ...	8 0
STONEHENGE ON THE HORSE. bound 8vo.	13 8
LECTURES ON THE SCIENCE OF LANGUAGE. By MAX MULLER. Second edition. 8vo. ...	8 0

THE LATELY DECEASED

... Apply to Mr. L. M. Da ... or at the Tract Society's Depo...

NOTICE.

ALL Persons interested in Machinery for separating Cotton from the Seed, are invited to inspect the Patent Improved Machinery for that purpose, by Platt Brothers & Co., to be seen at the office of the undersigned, who is prepared to receive orders for the same

R. NEWTON,
Agent for Platt Brothers & Co.
16, Apollo Street, Bombay.

POTATOES! POTATOES!

MAHABLESHWAR POTATOES of the first sort for sale. Price Rs. 6 per basket of four maunds. Apply to BUNJORJEE DORABJEE Patell, opposite the Post Office.

THE THREE ARMS.

BY Lieut. T. PRENDERGAST B. WALSH, H. M.'s 1st Bombay Grenadier Regt. N. I. and late on the General Staff of the Army. The above book is now appearing in numbers in Messrs. Chesson and Woodhall, Bombay Magazine, and when finished will be presented to the public in the form of a small volume Price to Subscribers Rs. 10 per Copy. Names will be registered by Messrs. CHESSON AND WOODHALL, and also at the Offices of the *Bombay Gazette* and *Times of India*.

W. HANNAH & CO.,

CARD PLATE ENGRAVERS AND PRINTERS.

Orders for Visiting, Wedding, and other Cards will be executed neatly and promptly.

Terms moderate, prices for cash only.

No. 4, Medow Street, opposite the Roman Catholic Chapel.

WEDDING, VISITING CARDS, &c.

ORDERS for the above will be executed with *particular* care under the supervision of a European artist. A plate, engraved (Rs. 3) and 100 Cards printed (Rs. 2) Wedding Envelopes from annas 4 to annas 8 per pack. Only Messrs. De La Rue's best Stationery used. The above are for Cash only. Established 1846.

S. D'ESPERANCE.

*** *No connection whatever with any of the Booksellers in Bombay.*

23, Apollo Street.

ST. ANDREW'S LIBRARY, BOMBAY.

THE following NEW BOOKS received during the current year remain available:—

EMERSON TENNENT'S Natural History of Ceylon, post 8vo, cloth ...	Rs. 9 8
COL. BUNBURY'S Reminiscences of a Veteran in the Peninsula, India, &c., 3 vols. 8vo ...	24 0
ILLUSTRATED EDITIONS of Scott's "Lady of the Lake," "Marmion," "Lay of the Last Minstrel," "Lord of the Isles;" in handsome cloth binding, gilt leaves, each ...	9 0
KINGSTON'S True Blue, illustrations ...	3 12
POPULAR SCIENCE, Phillips, 8vo ...	7 8
FRANCATELLI'S Cook's Guide, 2nd Edn ...	8 12
NATURAL HISTORY PICTURE BOOK ...	3 12
VALLEY OF A HUNDRED FIRES, illustrated, by Miller, crown 8vo ...	3 12
THE STOKESLEY SECRET, 18mo ...	2 12
KINGSTON'S ANNUAL FOR BOYS. With numerous illustrations. Square ...	3 12
A MANUAL OF STRUCTURAL BOTANY. By M. C. Cooke ...	1 0
THE HOME TUTOR. Illustrated ...	3 12
TOWN AND COUNTRY SERMONS. By the Rev. C. Kingsley. Fcap. ...	4 8
LOVEL THE WIDOWER. By W. M. Thackeray. Post 8vo. ...	4 8
HOPES AND FEARS. By the author of "The Heir of Redclyffe." New and cheap edition. Cloth. One vol ...	4 8
SHAKSPEARE'S SONGS AND BALLADS. Imperial 4to. Cloth. *Illustrated by James Gilbert* ...	30 0
LES AMOURS DE PSYCHE, et de Cupidon, par Apulie. Traduction nouvelle ornée des gravures de Raphael, 4to xwd ...	12 0
NEW ZEALAND.—By HURSTHOUSE, Crown 8vo, cloth ...	10 0
EDWIN ARNOLD, M. A.—The Book of good Counsels from the Sanskrit "*Hitopadesa*" ...	3 12
UNDERGROUND LONDON. By J. HOLLINGSHEAD ...	1 12
SELECTIONS FROM RUSKIN.—Selection from the Writings of JOHN RUSKIN. Post 8vo.	4 8
LIVES OF LORD CASTLEREAGH AND SIR C. STEWART. By SIR ARCHIBALD ALISON. Two vols. 8vo ...	35 0
DICKENS' WORKS, ILLUSTRATED.— Barnaby Rudge. Vol. II. 20 Plates. Dorrit	5 12
THE POSTMAN'S BAG, and other Stories. By the Rev. J. DE LIEFDE, Sixteen Illustrations ...	2 12
THE LADY'S GUIDE TO THE ORDERING OF HER HOUSEHOLD, and the Economy of the Dinner Table. By a Lady. Post 8vo ...	8 0
TOM CRINGLE'S LOG.—Illustrated edition. Post 8vo ...	4 8
EXPERIENCES OF AN ENGLISH SISTER OF MERCY.—By MARGARET GOODMAN. Fcap. 8vo. ...	2 12
HISTORY OF THE FOUR CONQUESTS OF ENGLAND.—By J. A. ST. JOHN. Two vol. 8vo ...	21 0
A NEW HISTORY OF MODERN EUROPE: From the Taking of Constantinople by the Turks to the Close of the War in the Crimea. By THOMAS H. DYER. Vol. I. and II. 8vo ...	22 8
A THIRD SERIES OF PUBLIC SERMONS. By the late Rev. J. J. BLUNT, B. D. Post 8vo.	5 4
A FRENCH-LATIN DICTIONARY.—Applicable for those reading Phædrus, Cornelius Nepos, and Cæsar. By Wm. SMITH, LL.D. 12mo.	2 12
PUNCH—RE-ISSUE.—Vol. X. Paper boards.	3 12
LITTLE DORRIT.—By CHARLES DICKENS. Cheap edition, uniform with the edition in green cloth, gilt backs ...	4 0
GOOD FOR NOTHING:—Or, All Down Hill. By G. S. W. MELVILLE, author of "Digby Grand." Two vols. Post 8vo ...	12 0
THE KORAN.—A New Translation, with Historical Introduction. By J. M. RODWELL. Post 8vo. ...	8 0
THE FAMILY FRIEND. July to December, 1861. Post 8vo. ...	2 12
THE INDIAN CHIEF.—By G. AIMARD. Illustrated edition ...	2 12
LIVINGSTONE'S TRAVELS. A Cheap Edition of Livingstone's "Africa." Post 8vo...	4 8
MOUNTSTUART ELPHINSTONE. Colebrook's Sketch of the Life of the Honble M. Elphinstone. 8vo. sewed ...	1 8
EARL OF PETERBOROUGH'S LIFE. By E. WARBURTON. 2 vols. ...	8 0
STONEHENGE ON THE HORSE. bound 8vo.	13 8
LECTURES ON THE SCIENCE OF LANGUAGE. By MAX MULLER. Second edition. 8vo. ...	8 0

FOR KURRACHEE.

THE Bombay Steam Navigation Company will despatch the Steamer TILLY, for Kurrachee, 5 o'clock P. M. touching, should inducement offer, at Porebunder and Dwarka.

For Passage, Freight, and further particulars, apply &c. as above.

5th May 1862.

FOR SURAT.

THE new and fast-sailing Screw steamer JOHNSTON CASTLE, 197 Tons Register, Captain MAIN, will be despatched on MONDAY the 5th instant, at noon.

For First Class Passage, apply to

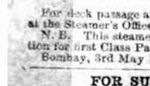
Messrs. MANOCKJEE LIMJEE & Co.,
1, Rampart Row.

For deck passage and Freight, apply to the manager at the Steamer's Office, Steam-Gate Street.

N. B. This steamer has very superior accommodation for first Class Passengers.

Bombay, 3rd May 1862.

FOR SURAT AND GOGO.



THE fast-sailing first Class Steam-ship VICTORIA, EBRAHAD, Commander, lately repaired extensively and efficiently in Her Majesty's Dockyard under the supervision of Government Officers, her Engines have been thoroughly repaired and refitted with a new Boiler, and has excellent accommodation for first Class Passengers, will leave for the above Ports, THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 5th May, at 2 P. M. positively.

For Freight and Passage, apply at the Office of Javerchund Atmaram Kakaparakwalla, Bazar Gate Street, Fort.

JAVERCHUND ATMARAM,
Bombay, 5th May 1862. Manager.

FOR SURAT.

THE new and well-known steamer MOUNTSTUART ELPHINSTONE, R. TAUNTON, Commander, will start for the above Port, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th instant, at 11 A. M.

For Freight or Passage, apply at the Steamer's Office, next to Bazar Gate.

Bombay, 4th May 1862.

FOR SURAT.

THE well-known and fast sailing Steamer VICTORIA, GOOLAM AMMEN, Commander, thoroughly repaired, and a 1st Class Ship as per Certificate, and having excellent accommodation for 1st class and deck Passengers, will start for the above Port, TOMORROW, TUESDAY, the 6th inst., at 12 (noon) positively. Apply to JEVERCHUND ATMARAM KAKAPARACKWALA, at Bazar Gate Street.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per Ship *Shantung*, Captain Webster, from London, are requested to send off Boats for the same as it comes to hand, failing which the goods will be landed at the risk and expense of the concerned.

The Captain will not be responsible for the condition of any packages after leaving the Ship.

PEEL, CASSELS & Co.,
Agents for the Ship *Shantung*.
Bombay, April 30th 1862.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned are prepared to accept risks for vessels and steamers and grant Policies on behalf of Reliance Marine Insurance Company of Calcutta payable in Bombay, Calcutta, Penang, Singapore, Hongkong, Shanghae and London.

DAVID SASSOON & Co.
Bombay, 19th March 1862.

VACANCIES.

AT No. 3, FORBES STREET, FORT, for RESPECTABLE BOARDERS.

Directory and Morning Papers on the Table.

THOS. GAYNOR.
3, Forbes Street.

W. H. WALKER & Co.,

IRONMONGERS, CUTLERS, BRASSFOUNDERS AND GENERAL DEALERS, Corner of Church Street, Fort.—Rely on their customers not to hesitate in sending orders for *anything* required.

GALVANIZED WROUGHT IRON PIPING 2 to 2 inch.
COCKS, STOP, BIB, and BALL 2 to 1½ inch.
STEEL, BLISTER, very best Rs. 20 per cwt.
VICES, PARALLEL, and BENCH, 4 to 7 inch.
ANVILS, SMITH'S, and SWAGE, HAMMERS.
DRILLING MACHINES, JIM CROWS, LATHE CARRIERS.
COIR MATTING in Rolls, 60 feet by 3 feet.—Rs. 12-8.
BICKFORD'S WET and DRY FUZE.
PUMPS, Double Action, LIFT and FORCE combined.
DITTO, LEVER from 3 inch 3 inch barrells.
HINGES, very handsome, English-made, for Godowns Doors, Factories, Spinning Mills, &c.

W. H. WALKER & Co.
28, Medow Street

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE FURNITURE &C.

AT MAZAGON.

MESSRS. ARDASEER LIMJEE & Co. have the pleasure to inform the Nobility and Gentry of Bombay, that they have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 6th instant, in the compound of Eden Hall, Mount Road, a valuable collection of Furniture newly imported from Europe per Ship *Hildesheim* and *Istamboul*; the same comprises, Richly Gilt Cupboards with Marble Top, Drawing Room Furniture, consisting of Couches and Sofas, Easy Chairs, Arm Chairs and Chairs of Mahagony, Pall-sandes and Blackwood, lined with Morracco leather and rich silk Domask. Ladies' Work Tables and Writing Desks, richly gilt Drawing Room Tables and Card Tables, Side Tables with Marble tops, Conversation Chairs, Sliding Tables, for Dining Rooms, Couches and Rocking Chairs lined with hair cloth, Glass Wardrobes, Dressing Tables, Washing Stands with Marble Slabs, Children's Carriages, &c.

A Beautiful Collection of Looking Glasses of Sizes in Richly Gilt Frames.

An Assortment of Drawing Room Ornaments, Vases, Statuary Rich Clocks in Marble and Bronze with Glass Domes, Rich Candelabras and Hanging Lamps.

***Also a Collection of Fountains and Fountain Ornaments, Spring Toys, Pictures, Bird Cages.

The above are now on view and Catalogues will be published.

ARDASEER LIMJEE & Co.

NEW MUSIC.

SONGS AND BALLADS.

	Rs. As.
Let others sing the praise of wine. Drinking song, *music by Balfe* ...	1 14
A loving daughter's heart. By Balfe ...	1 9
Bliss for ever past. By Balfe ...	1 9
I'm alone. By Benedict ...	1 9
Elly Mavourneen. By Benedict ...	1 9
It is a charming girl I love. By Benedict ...	1 9
I'm leaving thee my mother dear. By J. Barker.	1 9
The rival Othellos, Comic Song. By F Musgrave.	1 14
At the eleventh hour, Sacred Song. By Lucy Lindley ...	1 4
A young and artless maiden. By H. Glover ...	1 9
Five o'clock in the morning. By Claribel ...	1 14
The Sailor Boy. By Claribel ...	1 9
The Summer Bloom. By B. Richards ...	1 14
The light in the window. By V. Gabriel ...	1 14
Will o' the Wisp. By Kuhl ...	1 14
Great Expectations, Suggested by the popular Novel ...	1 9
Lovely rose, the Queen of flowers. By F. Musgrave ...	1 9

WALTZES.

The Lily of Killarney. By F. Larroche ...	2 8
The Cruiskeen Lawn. By F. Larroche ...	2 4
Elly Mavourneen. By C. Coote ...	2 8
Madeline. Valse Chantante. By F. Musgrave.	2 8
LaBelle Blanche Waltzes. By Carl Strauss ...	2 8
Peep o'Day. By Laurent ...	2 8
The Octoroon Waltz. By Wagner ...	2 8
Beethoven Waltz. By Laurent ...	2 8

POLKAS.

The Heather Bell. By F. Musgrave ...	1 14
Little Charley. By Cecilia Burnand ...	1 14
Punch. By C. Coote ...	1 14

QUADRILLES.

The Broadway Quadrilles, on the newest Christy' Ministrels' melodies. By F. Musgrave ...	2 8
Fontainbleau. By Straass ...	2 8
Rosamunda. By H. Masson ...	2 8
The Lily of Killarney. By C. Coote ...	2 8
The Cruiskeen Lawn. By F. Larroche ...	2 8

MISCELLANEOUS.

Boosey's 24 Popular Dances arranged as Duets for the Violin and Pianoforte. By P. Musgrave.	1 12
Boosey's Model Pianoforte Tutor ...	2 8
Boosey's One Thousand Songs and Dances for the Violin ...	8 0
The Schoolroom Music Book ...	2 0
The Christy's Minstrels' Song Book, Vol. 2 ...	3 0
Ditto. Vols 1 and 2 in one ...	6 0
Boosey's Christmas Annual of Dance Music for 1862 ...	2 0

MUSICAL CABINET:—

No. 64.—25 Comic Songs ...	0 12
62.—Glover's new Opera Ruy Blas ...	0 12
Christmas Annual of Dance Music ...	0 12
68.—The Classical Pianoforte Album ...	0 12
67.—The Juvenile ditto ...	0 12
66.—100 Christy's Minstrels' Melodies ...	0 12
61.—12 Songs by E. Capern ...	0 12
72.—20 Sacred Compositions. No words ...	0 12
71.—20 Songs of the Christy's Minstrels ...	0 12
69.—The Golden Wreath ...	0 12
70.—20 Songs of the Christy's Ministrels...	0 12
65.—100 Reels, Country Dances, Jigs, &c.&c.	0 12
Boosey's Monthly Violinist, 1 to 13 ...	6 8
50 Psalm and Hymn Tunes. By J. Forbes...	0 8
Locke's Music for Macbeth ...	0 8

The Musical Times, and singing Class Circular, Vols. 1 to 8, bound in 4 ... 17 8
Ditto, Vols. 3, 4, 5, and 6, paper covers, each ... 2 0
Ditto, loose numbers. Per dozen ... 1 2

CHESSON & WOODHALL.
28, Medow Street

HERBERT & CO.'S BOMBAY LIBRARY.

VOYAGE TO JAPAN, CHINA, &c., by J. M. Tronson, R.N. ...	Rs. 18 8
GERMANY, Sketches of German Life. Austin.	3 12
ENGINEERING FIELD WORK (The practice of), ... illustrated by numerous Plans and Drawings ...	1 0
HANDY BOOK OF GAMES, for Gentlemen by Captain Crawley ...	3 12
YOUNG MAN'S COMPANION (The), by Bardett ...	1 12
MERCANTILE CORRESPONDENCE, A Collection of Modern Letters of Business, by Anderson ...	3 12
CURIOSITIES OF LITERATURE, by Isaac Disraeli, new edition, edited by his son. The Right Hon. B. Disraeli, 3 vols...	9 0
CALAMITIES AND QUARRELS OF AUTHORS, by Isaac Disraeli, edited by his son, The Right Hon. B. Disraeli ...	3 0
LITERARY CHARACTERS, The History of Men of Genius, by Isaac Disraeli, edited by his son. The Right Hon. B. Disraeli ...	3 0
DRAMATIC REMINISCENCES, or Actors and Actresses in England and America, by Geo. Vandenhoff ...	5 12
SHERIDAN AND HIS TIMES, by an Octogenarian, 2 vols ...	15 12
SPORTING IN BOTH HEMISPHERES, by J. D'Eyes, Esq ...	3 12
A LEXICON OF FREEMASONRY, by Albert E. Mackey, M. D ...	5 10
POISONING BY STRYCHNIA, by Alfred S. Taylor, M. D., F.R.S. ...	0 12
HERE AND THERE IN LONDON, by J. Ewing Ritchie ...	2 10
MISCELLANEOUS WRITINGS, by Lord Macaulay, in 2 vols ...	14 8
MARIAN, or The Light of Someone's Home, by Maud Jean Franc ...	4 8
GILBERT GO-AHEAD, His Travels, Voyages and Adventures, by Jacob Tarpey ...	3 0
ADVENTURES ON THE MOSQUITO SHORE, by Samuel A. Bard ...	3 0
THE LESS OF BLENDON HALL, by the Author of Alice Wentworth 2 vols ...	18 0
THE MISSING BRIDEGROOM, by the Author of "Heart's Ease," "The Little Duke," &c.	3 12
YOUNG CURATE, or the Quicksands of Life.	5 12
MINNIE'S LOVE, by the Author of "A Trap to Catch a Sunbeam," 2 vols ...	8 0
CURATE AND THE REVIVOR, a Domestic Story. by Elizabeth Strutt ...	3 12
ROCABELLA, a Tale of a Woman's Life, by Paul Bell, 2 vols ...	10 0
UP AMONG THE PANDIES, or A Year's Service in India, by L. V. D. Majendie ...	3 12
COSTAL, a Tale of Mexico during the War of Independence, by Gabriel Ferry ...	3 0
DOGS, their Sagacity, Instinct, and Uses, by G. F. Pardon ...	3 0
STORY OF THE PENINSULAR WAR, by the Rt. Hon. the Marquis of Londonderry ...	3 0
TALES FROM SHAKESPEARE, by Chas. and Mary Lamb ...	2 4
POEMS, by Eliza Cook, beautifully bound, with splendid Illustrations by John Gilbert, J. Wolf, H. Weir, J. D. Watson, &c., &c., two editions, Rs. 13-4 and ...	20 0
POEMS, by James Montgomery, illustrated with 100 Designs, by John Gilbert, J. Wolf, Birket Foster, &c., handsomely bound ...	24 0
POEMS, by Robert Burns, edited by the Rev. R. A. Wilmott, illustrated by John Gilbert...	2 8
MEDICAL STUDENT, By Albert Smith ...	0 12
LIFE IN JUDEA. By M. T. Richards ...	1
BEAU TANCREDE OR THE MARRIAGE VERDICT. By Alexander Dumas ...	1 8
[illegible] OF A FRENCH DETECTIVE. By Waters ...	1 8
JACK ADAMS. By Captain Chamier ...	1 8
CAPTAIN'S WIFE. By the Author of Cavendish ...	1 8
RECOLLECTIONS OF A DETECTIVE POLICE OFFICER. By Dr. Millingen ...	1 2
PEARL OF ORRS ISLAND. By Mrs. H. B. Stowe ...	1 2
ROMANCE OF COMMON LIFE. By Waters.	1 8
LETTERS, ESSAYS, AND SPEECHES. By Rev. C. Smith ...	1 2
STORIES OF TORRES VEDRAS. By Millengen ...	1 8
LIFE OF NELSON. By Robert Southey ...	1 2
UP IN THE CLOUDS. By Joseph Verrey...	1 8
TWELVE GREAT BATTLES OF ENGLAND ...	1 14
CHEMICAL HISTORY OF A CANDLE. By Michael Faraday ...	3 0
WEBSTER'S ENGLISH DICTIONARY ...	12 0
WALKER'S DICTIONARY WITH KEY, 10,000 additional words ...	5 0
THE RED ERIC, OR WHALES LAST CRUISE. By R. M. Ballantyne ...	2 0
LITERARY CHARACTER OF MEN OF GENIUS AND MISCELLANEOUS. By Isaac Disraeli ...	3 0
LOVE LITTLE LOVE ME LONG. By C. Reade ...	9 0
MINISTERING CHILDREN ...	3 12

The following cheap and useful series by the Rev. T. Wilson from 6 annas to 12 annas each.

"As serials for children, and well adapted to woo the infant mind to the acquaintance of knowledge, we can confidently recommend these Catechisms, which, for perspicuity, style and accuracy of information have not been equalled."—*Times.*

Catechism of the History of England.
Catechism of Bible History.
Catechism of English Grammar.
Catechism of Common Things, three Series.
Catechism of Natural Philosophy, three Series.
First Catechism of Geography.
First Catechism of Music.
First Catechism of Botany, two Series.
Catechism of Astronomy.
Catechism of Modern History.
Catechism of Biography, two Series.
Agricultural Chemistry.

Per dozen ...

HERBERT & Co.
Rampart Row, 1st May 1862.

MANUFACTURED EXPRESSLY FOR

McCOMBIE AND WRIGHT, No. 1, Church Gate Street, COLLARD AND COLLARD'S PIANO FORTES.—The undersigned have the utmost gratification in announc

that of £1. By-st. the King of Delhi, but we are surprised when the gallant Major insists as a right upon another Irregular corps, at the old rates of pay, pension, and everything else. Government here steps in and offers that officer the option of retiring upon an increased pension, but Major Straddles, who has no regiment to recall his own, and whose debts are considerable, professes himself a much injured man, mouths big words, and points boastingly to an Act of Parliament. This is the class, fortunately a small one, which has prejudiced public men at home more against the Indian army than anything else. The mutiny itself, that terrible struggle for life, elicited so much that was noble and brave, that men not only in England but over half Europe asked how it was that officers capable of such things were so little known, and this feeling of admiration received no check until the Straddles of India appeared upon the stage. Quiet enough in 1857, these gentlemen now talked "fast and furious" and in tones which disgusted every gentleman, whether of the Royal or Company's service, and here precisely it is that the bonus scheme has failed. Men who were above speaking of their services, or haggling for place and employment, availed themselves eagerly of the chance of escaping from the humiliation of a position for which they were in no wise to blame: but not so our friend of the Sultanpore Horse, who will remain drawing pay and doing nothing between Simla and Umballa until Sir Charles Wood puts him upon half pay. To understand how much the Bengal army has gained by the amalgamation, we point to the position at the present moment of every officer possessed of common ability, under fifteen years of service, and submit it for comparison with what it would have been under the old dispensation. Compare the General Orders of 1861 with those of 1851: if you will, pursue the investigation a little further: go upon the parade ground. We have no fear as to the result of such enquires. The Presidencies of Bombay and Madras must tell their own stories; we have not the local knowledge necessary to enable us to speak positively upon the subject, but we sometimes fear, that hampered by the old army, anything like the thorough reform of this side of India will be impossible to them, and that a compromise may end by illustrating the fallacy of putting old wine into new bottles.

ENGLISH PRESS.

THE "TIMES OF INDIA" AND "PERVERSION OF FACTS."

(From the Money Market Review, March 29.)

The *Times of India*, a Bombay newspaper, in its issue of the 12th of February, reproaches the *Saturday Review* *The Spectator*, and the *Money Market Review*, for being blind leaders of the blind. Our contemporaries can, if they choose, defend themselves. We claim for a few moments the attention of our readers while we notice the strictures on an article in the *Money Market Review* of the 23rd November, on a Contract Law for India. Were it not that we are accused of "*Studied perversion of facts*"—with regard to matters too on which it happens that our accuser is himself clearly guilty of perversion—we should have treated his remarks with the contempt which they deserve. The subject, moreover—that of a Contract Law for India—is one of great commercial importance. The *Times of India* concludes, some very violent paragraphs by saying "The future of India depends on the enlightenment and elevation of the popular mind in England, and a host of writers have set themselves assiduously to blind and degrade it" To the first clause of this sentence we heartily subscribe. We look, moreover, for help from our Indian contemporaries. We shall always be glad of instruction from the other side, but, even to cool and temperate writers like ourselves, we fear that the assistance, if not conveyed in more polite phraseology than that of the *Times of India*, will be useless. One is apt to undervalue the advice of an angry man, even though he be our friend. The term "flagrant mendacity" is applied to the London *Times*: other phrases applied to respectable London journals are of the following choice description:—"incompetency only equalled by rashness," "quackery," "complacent dogmatism," "flippant assumption," "false, selfish, one-sided theories, "studied perversion of facts": the last term being flung at the *Money Market Review*. The use of such language in allusion to the attempts of the English press to enlighten the English mind on India affairs will not conduce to the attainment of the professedly desired end. But regarding ourselves (in the article animadverted on, we advocated a *revision*) in preference to a *civil* Contract Law, with the humility with which our imperfect knowledge should, and we trust does, characterise our articles on India subjects, we supported our own preference by citing the approval of "the Governor-General of India, the Hon. Samuel Laing, three-fourths of the Legislative Council of India, the Chambers of Commerce, of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, the great majority of officials, and the public generally in India." We were specially alluding to the criminal law which had been introduced into the Legislative Council of India by Mr. Beadon, approved of there, but which had been disallowed by Sir Charles Wood.

The *Times of India* says that we have imposed on the ignorance of this "English public" by a studied perversion of facts," our "perversions," being specially two fold. We are rightly declared to state that "an Act making the breach of contract a criminal offence exists in the Presidency towns, and works well;" but it is further declared that "it (the *Money Market Review*) knows perfectly well if it knows anything at all on the subject, that there is no such law in operation as that, which it advocates for the Mofussil." Now, the law we were advocating was that introduced by Mr. Beadon in the Legislative Council of India, and which we took to be based on the Contract Law passed in 1859, and in force in the Presidency towns. Mr. Ritchie, who has just introduced another Contract Law into the new Council says, in his "Statement of Objects and Reasons," dated 19th January, 1862, which is published officially with the draft of his proposed Bill "A Bill was brought into the Legislative Council last year by the Hon. Mr. Beadon to provide for the punishment of breaches of contract of one particular class, viz., contracts for the cultivation, production, gathering, provision, manufacture, carriage, and delivery of agricultural produce. The Bill was framed upon the same principle as Act XIII. of 1859, which provided for the punishment of breaches of contract by artificers, workmen, and labourers in the Presidency towns, and in such places as the Government might extend the Act to, and was itself based on the special legislation that has long obtained in England in regard to breaches of contract between masters and workmen or labourers in numerous callings and trades." We think we are absolved from the accusation of the *Times of India*, and even deserve some credit for recognising "*from a back lane of London*" the resemblance in principle of the Criminal Contract Law which we advocated, and that of the Act which was in force in the Presidency towns, when an Indian contemporary in the important city of Bombay, and with so high sounding a name as the *Times of India*, could not

ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE IN GOOD ORDER.

ONE 14-inch Dumpy Level, with Stand, and Staff, by *Elliott Brothers*. Price Rs. 170. Apply to McCOMBIE AND WRIGHT.

April 9th, 1862.

P. GRANT AND SON.

ARMY AND HUNTING SADDLERS

HARNESS MAKERS, &c.,

No. 1, MEDOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

(*Late W. Tapp's Saddlery Establishment*)

AND

EASE STREET POONA.

AMERICAN SCENERY IN THE STEREOSCOPE.

THE following PICTURES on Glass and Paper are now for sale at the Photographic Rooms of the undersigned.

GLASS SLIDES.

Table Rock.	Ice Bridge.
Below Table Rock.	Rapids from Lunar Island.
Tarupin Tower Niagara	On Lunar Island.
Horse Shoe Falls do.	Lunar Island Scenery.
Suspension Bridge.	American Falls.
From foot of Biddle Stairs.	Point View Summer.
Ice Cave behind Horse Shoe Falls.	Ship *Canada* at Sea.
	Ice Bridge and Falls.

PAPER SLIDES.

Quebec Catr.	Table Rock from the Falls
From Lunar Island.	Underneath Goat Island.
Lunar Island from Goat Island.	Below Table Rock.
	Table Rock on Falls.
From Point View.	Horse Shoe Falls.
From Tarupin Tower.	Tarupin Tower.
Lunar Island Bridge.	Laureate Falls Quebec.

McCOMBIE & WRIGHT,
No. 1, Church Gate.

CHESSON & WOODHALL'S LIBRARY.

28, MEDOW STREET.

NEW BOOKS, AND NEW EDITIONS.

RECEIVED PER STEAMER "JEDDO."

Moral and Metaphysical Philosophy, from the 14th century to the French Resolution, &c., with a glimpse into the 19th century. By Revd. F. D. Maurice ... ... Rs.	7	8
The Millennial Rest: or the world as it will be. By the Revd. Dr. Cumming	5	12
Essays and Reviews. 10th Edn	3	13
The Home Tutor: a treasury of self-culture and complete library of useful knowledge. By the best masters. 500 descriptive engravings ...	1	12
Chambers's Household Shakespeare. Vols. 1 to 4	11	0
The Constable of the Tower. A Romance. By Ainsworth	3	12
Public Health in relation to air and water. By Dr. W. T. Gairdner	5	12
The Children's Picture Book—Birds	3	0
——— Quadrupeds	3	0
The Photographic News Almanac, 1862 ...	0	12
Passages in the Life of a Young Housekeeper ...	1	12
Memoir of the Life of the Revd. Robert Story, late of Rosneath, Dumbartonshire	5	12
Selections from the Poetry of the Afghans, from 16th to 19th century. By Capt. H. G. Raverty	12	0
Abel Drake's Wife. A Novel. By John Saunders	5	8
New Zealand, the British of the South. By C. Hursthouse. 2nd Edn	11	4
Scripture Stories for the Young. By Rev. F. Calder.	2	12
The City of the Saints, and across the Rocky Mountains to California. By R. F. Burton ...	13	8
Family Tour round Spain and Portugal. By Lady Dunbar	3	12
Alton Locke. By Kingsley	3	4
Men and Women. 2 vols. By Robert Browning	9	0
Almara's The Bell Tree	1	8
Domestic Recipes	0	12
Forbes's Hindoostanee Manual	2	12
History of a Shilling	0	12
Vanderdecken's Bride	0	12
Two Christmas Days	0	12
Poems and Pictures: a collection of Ballads, Songs, and other Poems, illustrated by English Artists. New Edn. 1862	10	0
The Art Album. 16 facsimiles of Water-Colour Drawings by eminent artists	10	0
Curry and Rice. By Capt. J. F. Atkinson. 3rd Edn.	9	0
Moore's Irish Melodies, with Symphonies and Accompaniments by Sir John Stevenson. New Edition, edited by Professor Glover	7	8
All the Year Round, Vol. 6—September '61 to March '62...	4	4
Cover for Ditto	1	0
The Life and Epistles of St. Paul. By Conybeare and Howson. 2 vols	9	0
Aurora Leigh. By Elizabeth B. Browning ...	5	4
The Ambulance Surgeon: or practical observations on Gunshot Wounds. By F. L. Appia, M.D. Edited by T. W. Nunn and A. M. Edwards	4	8
Tennyson's Idylls of the King. New Edn. ...	5	4
——— In Memoriam	4	8
Alexander Smith's City Poems	3	12
The Theory of War &c. By Lieut. Colonel P. L. Macdougall, 3rd Edition...	8	0
Tate's Geometry. Mensuration, &c.	2	4
Dictionary Appendix. Enlarged edition ...	3	12
Roget's Thesaurus 10th edition	6	12
Lieut. Hay's Channel Pilotage &c. &c.	3	8
Enquire within upon everything...	2	8
Thomson's Arithmetic and Key	5	0
Kidd on the Canary	0	12
Tate's Arithmetic	1	0
Self-Improvement	0	8
A Child's First Book of Geography. By W. Hughes	0	8
Geography for beginners. By ditto	0	8
——— Ditto. By Jas. Cornwell	0	12
Grammar for beginners. By Jas. Cornwell ...	0	12
McLeod's First Poetical Reading Book	0	8
Sullivan's English Grammar	0	12
——— Spelling Book Superseded	1	0
The Beginner's Own French Book. By C. J. Delille	1	8
Key to ditto...	1	8
The Year Book of Facts 1862	3	12

CHESSON & WOODHALL.

28, Medow Street, Fort.

FOR SALE,

HER MAJESTY'S INDIAN NAVY LIST, Corrected up to 1st April 1862.

Bombay Gazette Office, 27, Apollo Street, Fort.

EIGHT-HORSE BOILER FOR SALE.

AN Eight-horse Cornish Boiler, fitted with latest improvements, Cast Iron Circular Front, Dead Plate and Underwork, two Safety Valves, Water Guage in Metal Frame, Steam Feed and Blow-off Pipes, fitted with Brass Cocks, Exhauster and Dribble Pipes, with one Patent Steam Indicator and Patent Smoke Consumer fitted to Boiler Front, complete, in excellent condition.

*** The above may be seen at the *Bombay Gazett*. Printing Office, Manockjee Pitty's Buildings, Colabae Price may be ascertained at the Port Office, 27, Apollo Street.

Rich Silk, and G...
Fancy, and Check...
Embroidered Musl...
Mohair, Barege a...
White, Black, an...
Black Barège, Mo...
Black Crape Collar...
Plain White hemmed ...ing.
Embroidered Muslins and Lace Collars.
Square Embroidered Muslin Chimisettes.
Zauve Jacquettes and Vests.
Head Dresses in Velvet, and Flowers.
Fancy Fans and Spotted Veils.
Velvets, Ribbons, Trimmings, Buttons, &c.
Wedding and Mourning orders, carefully and promptly executed.

N. B.—Orders from Out-stations must be accompanied by a Remittance or reference for payment in Bombay, or no notice will be taken of them.

No 7, Byculla Road.

THE MERCANTILE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, IN LONDON,

FOR FIRE INSURANCE AT HOME AND ABROAD.

CAPITAL, £2,000,000, *Sterling*.

Directors.

Chairman.—John White Cater, Esq., (Messrs. J. W. Cater, Son, & Co.)

Deputy Chairman.—Charles Morrison, Esq., (Messrs. Morrison, Dillon, & Co.)

Anselmo de Arroyave, Esq. (Messrs. A. D. Arroyave & Co.)

Alexander Henry Campbell, Esq. (Messrs. Finlay, Campbell, & Co.)

Philip Chas. Cavan, Esq. (Messrs. Cavan, Lubbock, & Co.)

Edw. Cohen, Esq. (Messrs. Drake, Kleinwort, and Cohen.)

Jas. Du Buisson, Esq. (Messrs. Henckell, Du Buisson, & Co.)

Pascoe Du Pre Grenfell, Esq. (Messrs. Pascoe, Grenfell & Sons.)

Adolphus Klockmann, Esq. (Messrs. Klockmann and Penner.)

Junius Spencer Morgan, Esq. (Messrs. George Peabody & Co.)

John Mollett, Esq., Austin Friars Passage.

George Garden Nicol, Esq., Deputy Chairman of the Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.

Peter P. Raili, Esq. (Messrs. Ralli Brothers.)

John Henry William Schröder, Esq. (Messrs. J. H. Schröder & Co.)

Robert Smith, Esq. (Messrs. Robert Smith & Co.)

Frederic Somes, Esq. (Messrs. Somes, Mullens & Co.)

George Young, Esq. (Messrs. Begbie, Young, & Co.)

(*With power to add to their number.*)

Manager.

GEORGE HENRY WHYTING.

Sub-Manager.

WILLIAM JAMES HAYES.

THE Directors have pleasure, in stating, that they are prepared to entertain proposals on nearly every description of Property in most parts of the world.

The Company will ever distinguish itself in its promptitude and liberality in the settlement of claims.

The importance of the subject of insurance being now more fully understood and appreciated, it becomes indispensably necessary that every Company which undertakes to replace the loss occasioned by Fire should be enabled to show its undoubted ability to perform its engagements. As ample evidence of the standing and position of the MERCANTILE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, it may be stated that its subscribed capital is

Two millions Sterling

and that the capital already paid up and invested amounts to

Two Hundred Thousand Pounds.

Agents in Bombay,

W. NICOL & Co.

McCOMBIE AND WRIGHT.

AGENTS, ARMY AND GENERAL AGENTS, No. 1 Church Gate Street. The Undersigned are now prepared to execute unlimited orders for—

Tennant's Beer and Porter.
Allsopp's India Pale Ale.
Salt & Co.'s Beer, Marzetti's Beer.
Burton Brewery Ale.

N. B.—The above in Quarts and Pints.

Dinner Sherry, Superior Sherries.
Port and Ginger Wines.
Jacquesson & Co.'s Champagne.
Best London Gin and Whiskey.
Brandies of various prices and qualities.
Cherry Brandy and Curacoa.
Claret, Hock, Moselle.

PRESERVED PROVISIONS OF ALL KINDS.
Gillon & Co.'s Jams and Jellies.
Ham and Cheese.
Oilman's Stores generally.
Teas, Sugar, Coffee of approved quality.
China and Indian Preserves.

DE LA RUE & Co.'s STATIONERY.
Extra superfine large Satin Post for mercantile correspondence, Cream and Blue laid all insides ruled. Extra large and Extra large Note Ruled.
Cream and Blue Wove large and Extra large Foreign Note, Envelope attached.
Water lined Overland Post and Note.
Royal Letter Paper, various colours.
Blue laid Ivory Note.
Thick Cream laid Ivory Note.
Castle Double Thick Note.
Black bordered Note and other Paper.
Windsor Court Letter and Note Paper.
Letter and Note Paper for Inland Postage.
Envelopes of all kinds and sizes.
Official Envelopes, cloth lined and plain Playing Cards.
Blank Memo. and account Books.
Steel Pens, Quills and Quill Pens.
Indian Rubber, Black lead Pencils.
Japan, Red and Blue Inks.

N. B.—Every requisite kept in stock.

PHOTOGRAPHIC BRANCH.
Chemicals, Apparatus.
Albumenized Paper.
Albumenized Paper for Stereoscopic Pictures.
Stereoscopes and Pictures.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.
Piano Fortes, and all Wooden Instruments.
Kohler's Brass Instruments for Military Bands.
Clarniet and Bassoon Reed.
Extras for all Instruments.
Violin and Violincello strings.
Guitar Strings.
Military Bag Pipes.
Chanter and Drone Reeds for Bag Pipes.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.
Silver Lace for Cavalry Regiments.
Chubb's Boxes and Locks.
China Matting.
Tucker's Argand Lamps.
Huntley and Palmer's Biscuits.
And other articles too numerous to mention.

McCOMBIE & WRIGHT.

FOR SALE

AT THE BIBLE SOCIETY'S DEPOSITORY, Verge of the Esplanade, Dhobee Talao, BIBLES AND TESTAMENTS, in English, Marathi, Hindustani, Gujerathi, Persian, Portuguese, French, and nearly fifty other languages, principally Eastern and European.

Revised Editions now available.

Marathi Bible, royal 12mo, 1 Rupee. Testaments, 4 Annas. Guzerathi Old Testament, Price 12 Annas. New Testament, gilt, 1 Rupee: plain, 4 Annas.

The Gospel of John, in English and Marathi. The Marathi expressed in Roman letters. Price 4 annas.

A SELF-DR... with moveab... Glass Shutters for the... proof Covers, moveable ba... and Shafts complete. Price ...

McCOMBIE & WRIGHT.

JUST PUBLISHED.

ACTS OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL OF INDIA relating to the POLICE, MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT, and TAXATION OF BOMBAY. Reprinted from the *Calcutta Gazette*. Price Two Rupees. *Bombay Gazette* Office.

ARMY AND EAST INDIA AND COLONIAL AGENCY.

MESSRS. SAUNDERS, OTLEY, AND Co., inform Members of the Army and Civil Service and the Public at large in India, that they draw and remit Pay, Pensions, &c., forward Miscellaneous Supplies of every description to Regiments, Messes, and Individuals in India, Australia, and the Colonies, take charge of Children going to England, and arrange for their Education, and generally execute Commissions of all kinds.

SAUNDERS, OTLEY, & Co., 66, Brook Street, Hanover Square, London.

New Literary and Political Paper for India and the Colonies.

THE ORIENTAL BUDGET OF LITERATURE, POLITICS, SCIENCE, AND ART.

For India, China, Australia, and the Colonies.

PRICE ONE SHILLING.

Annual Subscription (including postage to any part of the World), 12s.

The "ORIENTAL BUDGET" is a perfect record of the *Literature* and *Political History* of the Month, and contains a complete Summary of *Scientific, Dramatic, and Artistic* intelligence.

Published on the 1st of every Month by

Messrs. SAUNDERS, OTLEY, & Co., 66, Brook Street, Hanover Square, London.

AGENTS:—

Calcutta.—Gillanders, Arbuthnot, & Co.
Madras—Balnbridge, Byard, Gair, & Co.
Bombay—Chesson & Woodhall.

THE LONDON HOUSE.

THORNHILL BROTHERS & Co. respectfully acquaint their Friends and the Public, that in consequence of the great depression in trade existing among the London and Geneva manufacturers, they have purchased for Cash a splendid lot of Gold and Silver Watches, Jewellery, &c., which they will sell at such prices as will ensure most decided savings to purchasers.

They consist of Gold and Silver Watches by McCabe.
Gold and Silver Watches by Thornhill Brothers.
Gold and Silver Watches by Jones.
Gold and Silver Watches by Allen.
Gold and Silver Watches by Bennett.
Gold and Silver Watches by Benoit.
Doctor's Independant Seconds and Race Watches.
Ladies' Gold Watches by English and Geneva makers.
Gold Watches from Rs. 70 to Rs. 350 each.
Silver Watches from Rs. 20 to Rs. 170 do.
Children's Sterling Silver Presentation Mugs.
Children's Sterling Silver Knife, Fork, and Spoon in Morocco cases.
Sterling Silver Snuff Boxes Gold gilt inside.
Sterling Silver Enamelled Snuff Boxes Gold gilt inside.
Coral Charms mounted in Gold, Rupees 5 per set of Ten.
Best Plated Tea Services on Nickle Silver.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's best description of London made Spectacles from Rs. 10 to 15.
Aluminium and Jet Jewellery in great variety.
Steel Spectacles, Eye Glasses, &c. &c.
English, French and American Clocks in great variety.
Small Round Teat Clocks without Pendulums.
Small Pocket Chronometers, Rupees 2, 2, 4 each.
All the above Watches are warranted to keep good time.
Thornhill Bros.' & Co. manufactures to order in fine Indian Gold.

Alberts.	Gold Hoops for children's ears
Guards.	Wedding Rings and Guards.
Hair Guards.	Brooches.
Hair Rings.	Bracelets.

Watches made to order.

Old Gold and Silver, old Coins, Antiques, all kinds of Jewellery, Watches, Diamonds, Pearls, Coral, Plated Articles, &c., bought and taken in exchange.

Thornhill Brothers & Co., Practical Watchmakers, Jewellers, Opticians and Engravers, and Direct Importers from London and Geneva.

Bombay, established 1851.

Orders from Outstations must be accompanied by remittance or reference for payment.

INFANT-REARING.

MISS MARTINEAU, who, like all philosophical ladies, has studied the question thoroughly, says, that "in England alone, 40,000 babes die annually; and one-third more of that number grow up either idiotic, sickly, or deformed." The reason is evident, as Mothers, through inability to nurse their offspring, resort to the administration of arrow-root, biscuits, tops-and-bottoms, or-pap. The infant stomach cannot assimilate such crude preparations, and frequently rejects them; but still the nurse or mother continues them, under the hope of soothing the child. Internal inflammation takes place, convulsions, diarrhœa, and consumption appear—and most frequently convulsions are induced which seal the infant's fate

The *Medical Times and Gazette*, conveys Dr. C. B. F. Routh's views on the same important subject, and his opinion of Du Barry's Revalenta Arabica Food, as adapted to obviate the mischief effectually. Dr. Routh is physician to the Samaritan Hospital for Women and Children. This learned and experienced practitioner says:—

"The human milk contains besides salt of lime, chloride of potassium. Now, in common with carbonic acid, this salt enjoys the peculiar property of dissolving carbonate of lime or chalk. Any alimentary food in the food, as in wheat bread, is very injurious to a growing child; hence, a child fed on pap for a time grows fat, but the bones are soft; frequently it sickens, and severe symptoms supervene. Amongst the vegetable substances, that which comes closest to milk in its composition, besides being more easily assimilated and strengthening, is, without doubt, Du Barry's Revalenta Arabica Food, containing both phosphoric acid in abundance, and chloride of potassium; it also includes casein, the same principle which is found in milk in its constituent parts. No wonder, therefore, that under its influence many children affected with atrophy (wasting away of the body) and marked debility, have completely recovered. I have given it with the greatest advantage in such cases; and, so far as I may judge from my own experience, parcifies fully carries out what theory, from a knowledge of its composition, led us to anticipate. It gives good muscle and strengthens the bones, restoring tone, and a healthy, regular action to the stomach and bowels, whether constipation or a relaxed state of the system is complained of."

C. B. F. ROUTH, M.D.

Packed in Bottles, with full instructions:

Sole Agent Messrs. FRAMJEE NUSSERWANJEE, & Co., No. 1, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay.

JUST PUBLISHED.

ACTS OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL OF INDIA relating to the POLICE, MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT, and TAXATION OF BOMBAY. Reprinted from the *Calcutta Gazette*. Price Two Rupees. *Bombay Gazette* Office.

ARMY AND EAST INDIA AND COLONIAL AGENCY.

MESSRS. SAUNDERS, OTLEY, AND Co., inform Members of the Army and Civil Service and the Public at large in India, that they draw and remit Pay, Pensions, &c., forward Miscellaneous Supplies of every description to Regiments, Messes, and Individuals in India, Australia, and the Colonies, take charge of Children going to England, and arrange for their Education, and generally execute Commissions of all kinds.

SAUNDERS, OTLEY, & Co., 66, Brook Street, Hanover Square, London.

New Literary and Political Paper for India and the Colonies.

THE ORIENTAL BUDGET OF LITERATURE, POLITICS, SCIENCE, AND ART.

For India, China, Australia, and the Colonies.

PRICE ONE SHILLING.

Annual Subscription (including postage to any part of the World), 12s.

The "ORIENTAL BUDGET" is a perfect record of the *Literature* and *Political History* of the Month, and contains a complete Summary of *Scientific, Dramatic, and Artistic* intelligence.

Published on the 1st of every Month by

Messrs. SAUNDERS, OTLEY, & Co., 66, Brook Street, Hanover Square, London.

AGENTS:—

Calcutta.—Gillanders, Arbuthnot, & Co.
Madras—Balnbridge, Byard, Gair, & Co.
Bombay—Chesson & Woodhall.

THE LONDON HOUSE.

THORNHILL BROTHERS & Co. respectfully acquaint their Friends and the Public, that in consequence of the great depression in trade existing among the London and Geneva manufacturers, they have purchased for Cash a splendid lot of Gold and Silver Watches, Jewellery, &c., which they will sell at such prices as will ensure most decided savings to purchasers.

They consist of Gold and Silver Watches by McCabe.
Gold and Silver Watches by Thornhill Brothers.
Gold and Silver Watches by Jones.
Gold and Silver Watches by Allen.
Gold and Silver Watches by Bennett.
Gold and Silver Watches by Benoit.
Doctor's Independant Seconds and Race Watches.
Ladies' Gold Watches by English and Geneva makers.
Gold Watches from Rs. 70 to Rs. 350 each.
Silver Watches from Rs. 20 to Rs. 170 do.
Children's Sterling Silver Presentation Mugs.
Children's Sterling Silver Knife, Fork, and Spoon in Morocco cases.
Sterling Silver Snuff Boxes Gold gilt inside.
Sterling Silver Enamelled Snuff Boxes Gold gilt inside.
Coral Charms mounted in Gold, Rupees 5 per set of Ten.
Best Plated Tea Services on Nickle Silver.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's best description of London made Spectacles from Rs. 10 to 15.
Aluminium and Jet Jewellery in great variety.
Steel Spectacles, Eye Glasses, &c. &c.
English, French and American Clocks in great variety.
Small Round Teat Clocks without Pendulums.
Small Pocket Chronometers, Rupees 2, 2, 4 each.
All the above Watches are warranted to keep good time.
Thornhill Bros.' & Co. manufactures to order in fine Indian Gold.

Alberts.	Gold Hoops for children's ears
Guards.	Wedding Rings and Guards.
Hair Guards.	Brooches.
Hair Rings.	Bracelets.

Watches made to order.

Old Gold and Silver, old Coins, Antiques, all kinds of Jewellery, Watches, Diamonds, Pearls, Coral, Plated Articles, &c., bought and taken in exchange.

Thornhill Brothers & Co., Practical Watchmakers, Jewellers, Opticians and Engravers, and Direct Importers from London and Geneva.

Bombay, established 1851.

Orders from Outstations must be accompanied by remittance or reference for payment.

INFANT-REARING.

MISS MARTINEAU, who, like all philosophical ladies, has studied the question thoroughly, says, that "in England alone, 40,000 babes die annually; and one-third more of that number grow up either idiotic, sickly, or deformed." The reason is evident, as Mothers, through inability to nurse their offspring, resort to the administration of arrow-root, biscuits, tops-and-bottoms, or-pap. The infant stomach cannot assimilate such crude preparations, and frequently rejects them; but still the nurse or mother continues them, under the hope of soothing the child. Internal inflammation takes place, convulsions, diarrhœa, and consumption appear—and most frequently convulsions are induced which seal the infant's fate

The *Medical Times and Gazette*, conveys Dr. C. B. F. Routh's views on the same important subject, and his opinion of Du Barry's Revalenta Arabica Food, as adapted to obviate the mischief effectually. Dr. Routh is physician to the Samaritan Hospital for Women and Children. This learned and experienced practitioner says:—

"The human milk contains besides salt of lime, chloride of potassium. Now, in common with carbonic acid, this salt enjoys the peculiar property of dissolving carbonate of lime or chalk. Any alimentary food in the food, as in wheat bread, is very injurious to a growing child; hence, a child fed on pap for a time grows fat, but the bones are soft; frequently it sickens, and severe symptoms supervene. Amongst the vegetable substances, that which comes closest to milk in its composition, besides being more easily assimilated and strengthening, is, without doubt, Du Barry's Revalenta Arabica Food, containing both phosphoric acid in abundance, and chloride of potassium; it also includes casein, the same principle which is found in milk in its constituent parts. No wonder, therefore, that under its influence many children affected with atrophy (wasting away of the body) and marked debility, have completely recovered. I have given it with the greatest advantage in such cases; and, so far as I may judge from my own experience, parcifies fully carries out what theory, from a knowledge of its composition, led us to anticipate. It gives good muscle and strengthens the bones, restoring tone, and a healthy, regular action to the stomach and bowels, whether constipation or a relaxed state of the system is complained of."

C. B. F. ROUTH, M.D.

Packed in Bottles, with full instructions:

Sole Agent Messrs. FRAMJEE NUSSERWANJEE, & Co., No. 1, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay.

Hindostan (Singhbhoom) Copper Company Limited.

Completely Registered.

CAPITAL £120,000, in 24,000 *Shares of £5 or Co's. Rs. 50 each.*

DEPOSIT, £1, or *Co's. Rs. 10 per Share.*

The Remainder of the Capital will be called up as Required, with an interval of at least three months between each call.

DIRECTORS.

SAMUEL JOHN WILDE, Esq., Director of the Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway, Bromley, Kent.

EDMUND EDWARDS, Esq., Director of the Pachuca Silver Mining Company, Beaufort Buildings, London.

MAJOR-GENERAL D. DOWSING, Bengal Army, 39, Gloucester Terrace, Hyde Park, London.

F. EGERTON CUTLER, Esq., (Messrs. CUTLER & Co., London and Calcutta,) 44, Mark Lane, London.

J. HAMILTON BEATTIE, Esq., M.I.C.E., Kingston, Surbiton, Surrey.

ROBERT BROAD, Esq., Horsely Company, Tipton, Staffordshire.

(WITH POWER TO ADD TO THEIR NUMBER.)

Three Gentlemen will be selected from the Shareholders in Calcutta to form a Local Committee.

Consulting Engineer.

JOHN FOWLER, Esq., C.E., F.R.S., F.G.S., 2, Queen Square Place, Westminster.

Auditors.

Official Auditors.—Messrs. TYLER & Co., 13, Gresham Street, London E.C.

Shareholders' Auditor.—G. A. HILLIER, Esq., III, Gresham House, Old Broad Street, London.

Bankers.

In India:—THE CENTRAL BANK OF WESTERN INDIA.

In London:—THE BANK OF LONDON, Threadneedle Street.

Solicitors.

In India:—Messrs. LYONS & DODD, Calcutta.

In London:—Messrs. HOWARD & DOLLMAN, 141, Fenchurch Street, E.C.

Secretary.

HERBERT HEATH, Esq.,

OFFICES:—9, *Broad Street Buildings, London E.C.*

Agents in Bombay.

MESSRS. MACNEE & Co.

THIS Company has been projected to acquire and work important mineral and other rights in the district of Singhbhoom, on the South-West frontier of Bengal and to purchase the existing buildings, machinery and plant already erected for the purpose of raising and smelting Copper ore.

These rights extend over an area of about *eight hundred square miles*, the mineral portion containing a belt of mountainous country 50 miles long by 16 broad and embrace all the old Copper Mines formerly superficially worked by natives as well as new ones lately opened up.

The principal site of the mines is between Badna and Jajpoor, a distance of about thirty miles, lying N.W. and S.E., and situated on the western bank of the Soobunreeka. The whole chain of hills in this district (within 140 miles of Calcutta) abounds in copper ore, specimens of which, and of copper plates, wrought in India and in this country, can be seen at the Company's office.

The Land in Singhbhoom is held under perpetual Leases granted by the Rajah of that District to the Vendors, and by him transferred to the Company, or by an underlease from the Vendor himself, at the Company's option. The Company have agreed to purchase the whole of the rights of the present owners, with the plant, machinery, &c., and on the Property, for the sum of £40,000, and a royalty of 2s. 6d. per ton on the ore sold, or £4 per ton on the copper smelted. The purchase money will be £10,000 in Cash, £10,000 in fully paid-up Shares, and £20,000 in shares or cash, at the option of the Company; the Proprietors having six months to declare their option. Possession of the Property has already been given, and there is a gentleman on the spot at the present time superintending the preparation of ore, and the Company commencing operations.

The Title Deeds of the Property have been duly examined by Solicitors of high standing in Calcutta, and declared perfectly in order.

The general features of this Copper Country are a number of small mountain ranges intersected by streams and plains, spotted with small villages. A number of old native workings exist at the outcrops of the hills, but no deep shafts have yet been sunk to test the value of these deposits. The old working may be traced along the different outcrops of hills to the extent, in length, of nearly 100 miles.

The Copper smelting works are situated in Dolbhoom about 30 miles East of Chaibassa, and from the town of Midnapore nearly due West about 65 miles. There is a range of hills, from 800 to 1000 feet above the plain in the immediate vicinity, and the river Garuru forcing its way through these mountains discharges its waters into the Soobunreeka, only about 3 miles distant. The Garuru river contains water the whole year round, and near the works, where it passes through the range of mountains already mentioned, it forms a number of falls, thus affording an opportunity for applying the water power by means of wheels and turbines.

Two most competent Smelters have been sent out to the works with full instructions to commence smelting immediately. An experienced under ground Captain and a Mine Carpenter have also been sent out with orders to lose no time in getting the Mines, in Landoo and Janjori, into an actively producing state. Those mines which were lately opened, gave ores averaging from 18 to 25 per cent. Full reports on the samples of ore assayed are given in the detailed Prospectus.

The cost of raising, smelting, and carriage to Calcutta, of Copper from the Mines is calculated at £28 to £40 per ton, and this allows a margin for contingent expenses.

The average percentage of profit for the first two or three years is reckoned at 15 to 20 per cent., but it is confidently expected that in a few years the dividend will reach a much higher figure.

A considerable number of Shares having already been taken up, only a small proportion is reserved for the Bombay Presidency.

Applications for Shares must be accompanied by a Deposit of Co.'s Rs. 10 per Share.

Propectuses and Forms of Application may be had by applying in Bombay, to

Messrs. MACNEE & Co.

20, Apollo Street.

LAWRENCE & Co.

Hindostan (Singhbhoom) Copper Company Limited.

Completely Registered.

CAPITAL £120,000, in 24,000 *Shares of £5 or Co's. Rs. 50 each.*

DEPOSIT, £1, or *Co's. Rs. 10 per Share.*

The Remainder of the Capital will be called up as Required, with an interval of at least three months between each call.

DIRECTORS.

SAMUEL JOHN WILDE, Esq., Director of the Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway, Bromley, Kent.

EDMUND EDWARDS, Esq., Director of the Pachuca Silver Mining Company, Beaufort Buildings, London.

MAJOR-GENERAL D. DOWSING, Bengal Army, 39, Gloucester Terrace, Hyde Park, London.

F. EGERTON CUTLER, Esq., (Messrs. CUTLER & Co., London and Calcutta,) 44, Mark Lane, London.

J. HAMILTON BEATT

Notes payable through
Drafts at six months' sight a
£250. Sums under £20 are only drawn
Drafts are also granted on Calcutta, Madras,
kong, Singapore, Mauritius, Melbourne, and Sydney.
The Corporation purchase or collect Bills payable in
or in Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Hongkong, Singapore, Mauri-
tius, Melbourne, and Sydney.

DEPOSITS.

The Corporation receive Deposits on the following terms :—
Repayable on demand, in sums of Rs. 100 and
upwards..... 2 per ct. per annum.
Do. in one sum, at 3 months' notice ..... 3 " "
Do. do. 6 do. ..... 4 " "
Do. do. 12 do. ..... 5 " "

No interest allowed on Deposits under Rs. 1,000, nor on deposits over Rs. 50,000, *unless by special arrangement.*

REMITTANCE.

The Corporation undertake to remit money to Europe by each Overland Mail, free of charge.

Parties are requested to make all Orders or Hoondies payable to "*The Oriental Bank Corporation or Order,*" and to state distinctly the name and address of the person to whom the remittance is to be made, *(if to a Lady, her Christian name or names in full,)* and the sight at which the Bills are to be drawn.

COMMISSION.

The rate of Commission charged by this Agency on the purchase or sale of Government Securities negotiable in Bombay, is ¼ per cent on the amount invested or realized, and on the collection of Bills, one per cent. and Postage.

The Corporation take charge of Government Paper, Shares in the Bank of Bombay, and other local Stocks, free of all charges, and will draw Interests and Dividends on the same as they fall due, on the following terms :—
If to be remitted through the Corporation ..... Without charge.
If to be paid in India, a Commission will be
charged of ..... ¼ per cent.
On returning Government Paper out of safe
custody ..... ¼ per cent.
Hours of business ..... 10 to 4 o'clock.
Saturday ..... 10 to 1 do.

KURRACHEE SUB-AGENCY.

Messrs. Finlay and Co. will grant Drafts on the Corporation and negotiate Bills payable in London and Bombay.

Bombay, 1st May 1862.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.

EXCHANGE.

THE Bank grants Drafts on London, and on Scotland and Ireland, also Circular Notes negotiable in Egypt, Syria, and the principal Towns of Europe, at the following current rates of Exchange :—

On London, at 6 months' sight	.....	2s. 0d.	per Rupee.
"	4	do.	.....	1s. 11¾d.	"
"	3	do.	.....	1s. 11¾d.	"
"	2	do.	.....	1s. 11¾d.	"
"	1	do.	.....	1s. 11¾d.	"
"	On demand	.....	1s. 11¾d.	"
On Scotland	do.	.....	1s. 11¾d.	do.
On Ireland	do.	.....	1s. 11¾d.	do.
Circular Notes for the use of Travellers on the Continent and to Europe, Overland, at 1 day's sight			1s. 11¾d.	do.

Drafts at 8 months' sight are not granted for less than £50 and amounts under £20 are only drawn for payable on demand.

The Bank also purchases Bills and grants Drafts payable in Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Hongkong, Canton, Shanghai, Singapore, Penang, and Mauritius.

Bills collected at any of the above places at an uniform charge including postages, of one per cent.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Accounts ..... 2 per cent.
On Deposits payable on demand, subject to a
countervalue of 4 per cent on amounts withdrawn 4 "
Deposits for 3 months ..... 3 "
Do. do. 6 do. ..... 5 "
Do. do. 12 do. ..... 6 "

No interest allowed on Current Account Balances under Rs. 1,000 on Deposits over Rs. 50,000, unless by special agreement.

No cheques paid or cash received under Rs. 20.

COMMISSION.

The Bank takes charge of Government Securities, Shares in Banks and other Companies, without charge, and realizes Interest and Dividends thereon on the following terms :—
If to be remitted in the Bank's Drafts, without charge.
If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ¼ per cent.
On returning Government Paper, or Share Certificates out of safe custody, or when sold, on paying the proceeds of such sale in India, a commission will be charged of ¼ per cent. But if proceeds are remitted on the Bank's Drafts, without charge.
Commission charged on purchase and sale of Government Securities and Shares ¼ per cent.

R. D. PEEBLES,
Bombay, 1st May 1862. Acting Agent.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA.

HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

ON Current Deposit Accounts above Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding 50,000, repayable on demand... 2 per ct. per ann.
Fixed Deposits for 6 months ..... 4 do. do.
Ditto do. 12 do. ..... 5 do. do.
No Cheques paid, or Cash received, under Rs. 20.

CASH CREDITS.

On Government Securities ..... 8 per cent.
On other Securities ..... 9 do.

EXCHANGE.

Bills on London, at 6 months' sight	2s.	per Rupee
Ditto 3	ditto	1s. 11¾d.	do.
Ditto 2	ditto	1s. 11¾d.	do.
Ditto 1	ditto	1s. 11¾d.	do.
Ditto on demand	1s. 11¾d.	do.

COMMISSION.

On the sale or purchase of Government Paper, Bank Stock, and other Securities, ¼ per cent. on the amount realised or invested.

The Bank receives Government and other Securities for safe custody, free of charge, the Interest or Dividends thereon being credited to account, or remitted home in the Bank's Bills, also without charge.

On Interest, or Dividends, or on proceeds of Securities by sale per cent. commission charged, if the amounts be paid in India ; if remitted home by the Bank, no commission charged.

On returning Securities out of safe custody, ¼ per cent commission.

Hours of business ..... 10 to 4 o'clock.
Saturdays ..... 10 to 1 do.

ROBERT ANGUS,
Bombay 30th April 1861. Manager.

SHIPPING.

BOMBAY.

Arrivals.

DATE.	SHIPS.	COMMANDERS.	FROM
May 3	Morning Light	Gillies	Melbourne Feb. 21.
	Pioneer (s)	Mason	Cochin April 26.
4	Ann Buckle	Tomlinson ...	Melbourne March 7.
	Maharaj (s)	Kidder	Surat 3 May.
	Feroze (s)	Tronson	Suez 17, and Aden April 25.
	Semiramis (s)	Worsley	Aden April 25.

Departures.

DATE.	SHIPS.	COMMANDERS.	TO
May 3	Carnac (s)	VanWullen...	Surat.
	McDonald	McDonald ...	Surat.
4	ChristopheColumbus.	Bailly	Kurrachee.
	Macduff	Blacklock ...	Liverpool.
	Nasree	Nacoda	Mauritius and Zanzibar.
	Agenoria	Johnson	Liverpool.
	Jane Blythe	Howatt	Liverpool.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per Steamer *Pioneer*, from Malabar Coast.—Mr. P. Lialie ; Mr. and Mrs. Asphet ; Mr. H. Brenne ; Mr. M. Pundan ; Mr. and Mrs. Shand ; Mr. Broocher ; Mr. J. Mercaty ; Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Biggs : Major and Mrs. McCaskill ; Dr. and Mrs. Wuhe ; T. Maurias, Esq. ; Mr. Simpson ; Ensign Thompson ; Mr. Mills ; Mr. Anderson, and 195 Natives.

Per steamer *Maharaj* from Surat.—172 Natives.

Per steamer *Feroze*, from Suez and Aden.—Lieut. Jopps Bombay Engineers, and 2nd Company Bombay Sappers and Miners.

PASSENGERS SAILED.

Per Steamer *Sir J. R. Carnac*, to Surat.—162 Natives.

Per Steamer *Manchester*, to Surat.—Mr. A. M. Kemp, and 137 Natives.

Per Brig *Nazree*, to Mauritius and Zanzibar.—Mrs. Loch, Mr. Conrad Klippel and family, 4 Gentlemen, 3 Ladies and infant.

Notes payable through
Drafts at six months' sight a
£250. Sums under £20 are only drawn
Drafts are also granted on Calcutta, Madras,
kong, Singapore, Mauritius, Melbourne, and Sydney.
The Corporation purchase or collect Bills payable in
or in Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Hongkong, Singapore, Mauri-
tius, Melbourne, and Sydney.

DEPOSITS.

The Corporation receive Deposits on the following terms :—
Repayable on demand, in sums of Rs. 100 and
upwards..... 2 per ct. per annum.
Do. in one sum, at 3 months' notice ..... 3 " "
Do. do. 6 do. ..... 4 " "
Do. do. 12 do. ..... 5 " "

No interest allowed on Deposits under Rs. 1,000, nor on deposits over Rs. 50,000, *unless by special arrangement.*

REMITTANCE.

The Corporation undertake to remit money to Europe by each Overland Mail, free of charge.

Parties are requested to make all Orders or Hoondies payable to "*The Oriental Bank Corporation or Order,*" and to state distinctly the name and address of the person to whom the remittance is to be made, *(if to a Lady, her Christian name or names in full,)* and the sight at which the Bills are to be drawn.

COMMISSION.

The rate of Commission charged by this Agency on the purchase or sale of Government Securities negotiable in Bombay, is ¼ per cent on the amount invested or realized, and on the collection of Bills, one per cent. and Postage.

The Corporation take charge of Government Paper, Shares in the Bank of Bombay, and other local Stocks, free of all charges, and will draw Interests and Dividends on the same as they fall due, on the following terms :—
If to be remitted through the Corporation ..... Without charge.
If to be paid in India, a Commission will be
charged of ..... ¼ per cent.
On returning Government Paper out of safe
custody ..... ¼ per cent.
Hours of business ..... 10 to 4 o'clock.
Saturday ..... 10 to 1 do.

KURRACHEE SUB-AGENCY.

Messrs. Finlay and Co. will grant Drafts on the Corporation and negotiate Bills payable in London and Bombay.

Bombay, 1st May 1862.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.

EXCHANGE.

THE Bank grants Drafts on London, and on Scotland and Ireland, also Circular Notes negotiable in Egypt, Syria, and the principal Towns of Europe, at the following current rates of Exchange :—

On London, at 6 months' sight	.....	2s. 0d.	per Rupee.
"	4	do.	.....	1s. 11¾d.	"
"	3	do.	.....	1s. 11¾d.	"
"	2	do.	.....	1s. 11¾d.	"
"	1	do.	.....	1s. 11¾d.	"
"	On demand	.....	1s. 11¾d.	"
On Scotland	do.	.....	1s. 11¾d.	do.
On Ireland	do.	.....	1s. 11¾d.	do.
Circular Notes for the use of Travellers on the Continent and to Europe, Overland, at 1 day's sight			1s. 11¾d.	do.

Drafts at 8 months' sight are not granted for less than £50 and amounts under £20 are only drawn for payable on demand.

The Bank also purchases Bills and grants Drafts payable in Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Hongkong, Canton, Shanghai, Singapore, Penang, and Mauritius.

Bills collected at any of the above places at an uniform charge including postages, of one per cent.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Accounts ..... 2 per cent.
On Deposits payable on demand, subject to a
countervalue of 4 per cent on amounts withdrawn 4 "
Deposits for 3 months ..... 3 "
Do. do. 6 do. ..... 5 "
Do. do. 12 do. ..... 6 "

No interest allowed on Current Account Balances under Rs. 1,000 on Deposits over Rs. 50,000, unless by special agreement.

No cheques paid or cash received under Rs. 20.

COMMISSION.

The Bank takes charge of Government Securities, Shares in Banks and other Companies, without charge, and realizes Interest and Dividends thereon on the following terms :—
If to be remitted in the Bank's Drafts, without charge.
If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ¼ per cent.
On returning Government Paper, or Share Certificates out of safe custody, or when sold, on paying the proceeds of such sale in India, a commission will be charged of ¼ per cent. But if proceeds are remitted on the Bank's Drafts, without charge.
Commission charged on purchase and sale of Government Securities and Shares ¼ per cent.

R. D. PEEBLES,
Bombay, 1st May 1862. Acting Agent.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA.

HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

ON Current Deposit Accounts above Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding 50,000, repayable on demand... 2 per ct. per ann.
Fixed Deposits for 6 months ..... 4 do. do.
Ditto do. 12 do. ..... 5 do. do.
No Cheques paid, or Cash received, under Rs. 20.

CASH CREDITS.

On Government Securities ..... 8 per cent.
On other Securities ..... 9 do.

EXCHANGE.

Bills on London, at 6 months' sight	2s.	per Rupee
Ditto 3	ditto	1s. 11¾d.	do.
Ditto 2	ditto	1s. 11¾d.	do.
Ditto 1	ditto	1s. 11¾d.	do.
Ditto on demand	1s. 11¾d.	do.

COMMISSION.

On the sale or purchase of Government Paper, Bank Stock, and other Securities, ¼ per cent. on the amount realised or invested.

The Bank receives Government and other Securities for safe custody, free of charge, the Interest or Dividends thereon being credited to account, or remitted home in the Bank's Bills, also without charge.

On Interest, or Dividends, or on proceeds of Securities by sale per cent. commission charged, if the amounts be paid in India ; if remitted home by the Bank, no commission charged.

On returning Securities out of safe custody, ¼ per cent commission.

Hours of business ..... 10 to 4 o'clock.
Saturdays ..... 10 to 1 do.

ROBERT ANGUS,
Bombay 30th April 1861. Manager.

SHIPPING.

BOMBAY.

Arrivals.

DATE.	SHIPS.	COMMANDERS.	FROM
May 3	Morning Light	Gillies	Melbourne Feb. 21.
	Pioneer (s)	Mason	Cochin April 26.
4	Ann Buckle	Tomlinson ...	Melbourne March 7.
	Maharaj (s)	Kidder	Surat 3 May.
	Feroze (s)	Tronson	Suez 17, and Aden April 25.
	Semiramis (s)	Worsley	Aden April 25.

Departures.

DATE.	SHIPS.	COMMANDERS.	TO
May 3	Carnac (s)	VanWullen...	Surat.
	McDonald	McDonald ...	Surat.
4	ChristopheColumbus.	Bailly	Kurrachee.
	Macduff	Blacklock ...	Liverpool.
	Nasree	Nacoda	Mauritius and Zanzibar.
	Agenoria	Johnson	Liverpool.
	Jane Blythe	Howatt	Liverpool.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per Steamer *Pioneer*, from Malabar Coast.—Mr. P. Lialie ; Mr. and Mrs. Asphet ; Mr. H. Brenne ; Mr. M. Pundan ; Mr. and Mrs. Shand ; Mr. Broocher ; Mr. J. Mercaty ; Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Biggs : Major and Mrs. McCaskill ; Dr. and Mrs. Wuhe ; T. Maurias, Esq. ; Mr. Simpson ; Ensign Thompson ; Mr. Mills ; Mr. Anderson, and 195 Natives.

Per steamer *Maharaj* from Surat.—172 Natives.

Per steamer *Feroze*, from Suez and Aden.—Lieut. Jopps Bombay Engineers, and 2nd Company Bombay Sappers and Miners.

PASSENGERS SAILED.

Per Steamer *Sir J. R. Carnac*, to Surat.—162 Natives.

Per Steamer *Manchester*, to Surat.—Mr. A. M. Kemp, and 137 Natives.

Per Brig *Nazree*, to Mauritius and Zanzibar.—Mrs. Loch, Mr. Conrad Klippel and family, 4 Gentlemen, 3 Ladies and infant.

BANKS.

CENTRAL BANK OF WESTERN INDIA.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

ON Current Deposit Accounts above Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 50,000, repayable on demand, at 2 per cent. per annum.
On Deposits for 3 months certain 3 per cent. per annum.
Do. " 6 " " 5 " "
Do. " 12 " " 6 " "

EXCHANGE.

Bills on London, at 6 months' sight	2s.	0½d.	per Rupee.
Ditto at 4	ditto	2s.	0d.	do.
Ditto at 3	ditto	2s.	0d.	do.
Ditto at 2	ditto	1s.	11½d.	do.
Ditto at 1	ditto	1s.	11½d.	do.
Ditto sight	ditto	1s.	11½d.	do.

Drafts at 6 months' sight are not granted for less than £50, and amounts under £20 are only drawn for payable on demand.

COMMISSION.

On the sale or purchase of Government and other Securities ¼ per cent. on the amount realised or invested.

The Bank receives Government and other Securities for safe custody, free of charge, the Interest or Dividends thereon being credited to account or remitted home in the Bank's Bills, also without charge.

On Interest, or Dividends, or on proceeds of Securities by sale, ¼ per cent. commission charged, if the amounts be paid in India ; if remitted home by the Bank, no commission charged.

On returning Securities out of safe custody ¼ per cent. Commission.

Hours of business ..... 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.
Saturday's ..... 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

EDWIN HEYCOCK,
Bombay, 10th January 1862. Manager.

THE AGRA AND UNITED SERVICE BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED IN INDIA IN 1833.
Incorporated by Royal Charter

HEAD OFFICE..... LONDON.
BRANCHES AT CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS, AGRA, LAHORE, KURRACHEE, UMRITSUR, SHANGHAI, HONG-KONG and SINGAPORE.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, £2,000,000 (TWO MILLIONS STERLING.)
PAID-UP CAPITAL, £1,000,000 (ONE MILLION STERLING.)
RESERVED FUND, £250,000 (TWENTY LAKS OF RUPEES.)

THE BOMBAY MANAGER of the AGRA AND U. S. BANK, LIMITED, is authorised to draw on the undermentioned establishments, viz.:—
THE LONDON & WESTMINSTER BANK.
THE ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND (and Branches).
THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF SCOTLAND (and Branches).
THE NATIONAL BANK (IRELAND) (and Branches).

THE BOMBAY BRANCH, makes advances on the pledge and deposit of Government Paper, and Loans are granted to Officers in the service on approved Security, and to Regiments for Regimental purposes.

The Bank grants Circular Notes negotiable in Egypt and the Continent of Europe. The following are the current rates of Exchange :—

On London at 6 months' sight	.....	2s.	0d.
" 4 months' sight	.....	1s.	11¾d.
" 3 months' sight	.....	1s.	11¾d.
" 2 months' sight	.....	1s.	11¾d.
" 1 month's sight	.....	1s.	11¾d.
" On demand	.....	1s.	11¾d.
On Scotland	.....		
On Ireland	.....		
Circular Notes	.....	1s.	11¾d.

The London General Manager will purchase, if desired, be prepared to discount the Bank's Bills at the current rate of the day.

The Bank purchases Bills and grants Drafts payable at Calcutta, Agra, Madras, Lahore, Kurrachee, Umritsar, Hong-Kong, and Shanghai.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

1. On Floating, or Current Deposits, payable on demand of not less than Rs. 1,000 or more than Rs. 50,000 2 per cent. per annum.
2. On Fixed Deposits at 3 months' notice, 3 per cent. per annum.
3. On Fixed Deposits a 6 months' notice, 4 per cent. per annum.
4. On Fixed Deposits at 12 months' notice, 5 per cent. per annum.

Fixed Deposits may generally be availed of for the Bank's Bills on London without notice.

Notice of withdrawal can be given at the time of depositing the money, or at any time thereafter.

Interest is credited to Deposit accounts half-yearly.

No Interest allowed on Current Account Balances under Rs. 1,000 or over Rs. 50,000, unless by special agreement.

The Funds of all public bodies connected with the Services and of such other Societies as the Directors may consider eligible for the same privilege, will be received by the Bank at its highest rate of interest for the time being, subject to modified conditions.

The Bank reserves to itself the right of paying off all interest Deposits, and of modifying the terms thereof, on giving one month's notice.

Parties making remittances to the Banks should specify distinctly the Account or Accounts to which the same are to be credited. *Accuracy in this respect is particularly desirable.*

COMMISSION.

The Bank takes charge of Government Securities, Shares in Banks and other Companies without charge, and realizes the Interest and Dividends, for which a charge will be made of ¼ per cent.

On returning Government Paper or other Securities out of safe custody, a charge will be made of ¼ per cent.

On the purchase or sale of Government Securities and Bank or other Stocks, ¼ per cent.

To obviate disappointment to parties at a distance purchasing the Bank's Bills on England, which might reach them too late for despatch by first Mail, it is hereby notified that the Bank will, whenever so requested, transmit the first of Exchange direct, on being furnished with the correct address of the party at Home to whom the remittance is to be sent.

All Orders or Hoondies should be made payable to the Manager of the Agra & U. S. Bank, Limited, or order, and the letters enclosing them should state distinctly the name of the person to whom the Remittance is to be made, *(if to a Lady, her Christian name or names in full,)* and the sight at which the Bills are to be drawn.

NOTICE.—The Bank will obtain registry of Promissory Notes of the several Loans of the Indian Government, and endorsement for payment of the Interest in London.

Bombay, 1st May 1862.

Notes payable at
Drafts at six months' sight
£250. Sums under £20 are only drawn
Drafts are also granted on Calcutta, Madras,
kong, Singapore, Mauritius, Melbourne, and Sydney.
The Corporation purchase or collect Bills payable in
or in Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Hongkong, Singapore, Mauri-
tius, Melbourne, and Sydney.

DEPOSITS.

The Corporation receive Deposits on the following terms :—
Repayable on demand, in sums of Rs. 100 and
upwards..... 2 per ct. per annum.
Do. in one sum, at 3 months' notice ..... 3 " "
Do. do. 6 do. ..... 4 " "
Do. do. 12 do. ..... 5 " "

No interest allowed on Deposits under Rs. 1,000, nor on deposits over Rs. 50,000, *unless by special arrangement.*

REMITTANCE.

The Corporation undertake to remit money to Europe by each Overland Mail, free of charge.

Parties are requested to make all Orders or Hoondies payable to "*The Oriental Bank Corporation or Order,*" and to state distinctly the name and address of the person to whom the remittance is to be made, *(if to a Lady, her Christian name or names in full,)* and the sight at which the Bills are to be drawn.

COMMISSION.

The rate of Commission charged by this Agency on the purchase or sale of Government Securities negotiable in Bombay, is ¼ per cent on the amount invested or realized, and on the collection of Bills, one per cent. and Postage.

The Corporation take charge of Government Paper, Shares in the Bank of Bombay, and other local Stocks, free of all charges, and will draw Interests and Dividends on the same as they fall due, on the following terms :—
If to be remitted through the Corporation ..... Without charge.
If to be paid in India, a Commission will be
charged of ..... ¼ per cent.
On returning Government Paper out of safe
custody ..... ¼ per cent.
Hours of business ..... 10 to 4 o'clock.
Saturday ..... 10 to 1 do.

KURRACHEE SUB-AGENCY.

Messrs. Finlay and Co. will grant Drafts on the Corporation and negotiate Bills payable in London and Bombay.

Bombay, 1st May 1862.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.

EXCHANGE.

THE Bank grants Drafts on London, and on Scotland and Ireland, also Circular Notes negotiable in Egypt, Syria, and the principal Towns of Europe, at the following current rates of Exchange :—

On London, at 6 months' sight	.....	2s.	0d.	per Rupee.
"	4	do.	.....	1s.	11¾d.	"
"	3	do.	.....	1s.	11¾d.	"
"	2	do.	.....	1s.	11¾d.	"
"	1	do.	.....	1s.	11¾d.	"
"	On demand	.....	1s.	11¾d.	"
On Scotland	do.	.....	1s.	11¾d.	do.
On Ireland	do.	.....	1s.	11¾d.	do.
Circular Notes for the use of Travellers on the Continent and to Europe, Overland, at 1 day's sight			1s.	11¾d.	do.

Drafts at 8 months' sight are not granted for less than £50 and amounts under £20 are only drawn for payable on demand.

The Bank also purchases Bills and grants Drafts payable in Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Hongkong, Canton, Shanghai, Singapore, Penang, and Mauritius.

Bills collected at any of the above places at an uniform charge including postages, of one per cent.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Accounts ..... 2 per cent.
On Deposits payable on demand, subject to a
countervalue of 4 per cent on amounts withdrawn 4 "
Deposits for 3 months ..... 3 "
Do. do. 6 do. ..... 5 "
Do. do. 12 do. ..... 6 "

No interest allowed on Current Account Balances under Rs. 1,000 on Deposits over Rs. 50,000, unless by special agreement.

No cheques paid or cash received under Rs. 20.

COMMISSION.

The Bank takes charge of Government Securities, Shares in Banks and other Companies, without charge, and realizes Interest and Dividends thereon on the following terms :—
If to be remitted in the Bank's Drafts, without charge.
If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ¼ per cent.
On returning Government Paper, or Share Certificates out of safe custody, or when sold, on paying the proceeds of such sale in India, a commission will be charged of ¼ per cent. But if proceeds are remitted on the Bank's Drafts, without charge.
Commission charged on purchase and sale of Government Securities and Shares ¼ per cent.

R. D. PEEBLES,
Bombay, 1st May 1862. Acting Agent.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA.

HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

ON Current Deposit Accounts above Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding 50,000, repayable on demand... 2 per ct. per ann.
Fixed Deposits for 6 months ..... 4 do. do.
Ditto do. 12 do. ..... 5 do. do.
No Cheques paid, or Cash received, under Rs. 20.

CASH CREDITS.

On Government Securities ..... 8 per cent.
On other Securities ..... 9 do.

EXCHANGE.

Bills on London, at 6 months' sight	2s.	per Rupee
Ditto 3	ditto	1s. 11¾d.	do.
Ditto 2	ditto	1s. 11¾d.	do.
Ditto 1	ditto	1s. 11¾d.	do.
Ditto on demand	1s. 11¾d.	do.

COMMISSION.

On the sale or purchase of Government Paper, Bank Stock, and other Securities, ¼ per cent. on the amount realised or invested.

The Bank receives Government and other Securities for safe custody, free of charge, the Interest or Dividends thereon being credited to account, or remitted home in the Bank's Bills, also without charge.

On Interest, or Dividends, or on proceeds of Securities by sale per cent. commission charged, if the amounts be paid in India ; if remitted home by the Bank, no commission charged.

On returning Securities out of safe custody, ¼ per cent commission.

Hours of business ..... 10 to 4 o'clock.
Saturdays ..... 10 to 1 do.

ROBERT ANGUS,
Bombay 30th April 1861. Manager.

SHIPPING.

BOMBAY.

Arrivals.

DATE.	SHIPS.	COMMANDERS.	FROM
May 3	Morning Light	Gillies	Melbourne Feb. 21.
	Pioneer (s)	Mason	Cochin April 26.
4	Ann Buckle	Tomlinson ...	Melbourne March 7.
	Maharaj (s)	Kidder	Surat 3 May.
	Feroze (s)	Tronson	Suez 17, and Aden April 25.
	Semiramis (s)	Worsley	Aden April 25.

Departures.

DATE.	SHIPS.	COMMANDERS.	TO
May 3	Carnac (s)	VanWullen...	Surat.
	McDonald	McDonald ...	Surat.
4	ChristopheColumbus.	Bailly	Kurrachee.
	Macduff	Blacklock ...	Liverpool.
	Nasree	Nacoda	Mauritius and Zanzibar.
	Agenoria	Johnson	Liverpool.
	Jane Blythe	Howatt	Liverpool.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per Steamer *Pioneer*, from Malabar Coast.—Mr. P. Lialie ; Mr. and Mrs. Asphet ; Mr. H. Brenne ; Mr. M. Pundan ; Mr. and Mrs. Shand ; Mr. Broocher ; Mr. J. Mercaty ; Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Biggs : Major and Mrs. McCaskill ; Dr. and Mrs. Wuhe ; T. Maurias, Esq. ; Mr. Simpson ; Ensign Thompson ; Mr. Mills ; Mr. Anderson, and 195 Natives.

Per steamer *Maharaj* from Surat.—172 Natives.

Per steamer *Feroze*, from Suez and Aden.—Lieut. Jopps Bombay Engineers, and 2nd Company Bombay Sappers and Miners.

PASSENGERS SAILED.

Per Steamer *Sir J. R. Carnac*, to Surat.—162 Natives.

Per Steamer *Manchester*, to Surat.—Mr. A. M. Kemp, and 137 Natives.

Per Brig *Nazree*, to Mauritius and Zanzibar.—Mrs. Loch, Mr. Conrad Klippel and family, 4 Gentlemen, 3 Ladies and infant.

Shenshah.—3
Sandlewood Oil
400 lbs., Namch
Nesserwanjee
Shaw Jan.—86
Esmail Seedic.

STATIONS OF H. M.'s IND

450	Ajdaha, 20 (flag-ship), Frushard	...	Bombay.
800	Assaye, 10 (paddle), Adams ...	...	England.
291	Assyria, 6 (paddle), Forster ...	...	Out of Comm.
245	Aucakland, 6 (paddle), Drought	...	Bombay.
	Augusta, 6 (schooner) ...	...	Bombay.
564	Berenice, 2 (paddle), Holt ...	...	Bombay.
499	Clannab, 2 (paddle), Walton.....	...	River Indus.
420	Clive, 14 (sloop), Lloyd ...	...	Bombay.
300	Clyde, 3 (screw gun-boat), Mitchison		Bombay.
201	Comet, 2 (p. gun-boat), Collingwood		River Euphrates.
182	Constance, 3 (schooner), Cookson	...	Aden.
1026	Coromandel, 4 (screw), Batt ...	...	Andaman Islands.
205	Cursetjee, (flat) Shaw	...	River Indus.
1022	Dalhousie, (screw), Hopkins ...	...	Suez.
387	Elphinstone, 12 (sloop), Etheridge...		Persian Gulf.
90	Emily, 2 (schooner), Evans ...	...	Madras.
274	Ethersey, (flat), McLaren.....	...	River Indus.
235	Euphrates, (survey ship), William ...		Out of Commission
495	Falkland, 12 (corvette), Fraser...	...	Bombay.
1450	Feroze, 13 (paddle), Tronson ...	...	Calcutta.
610	Frere, 2 (paddle), Marsh	...	River Indus.
415	Goolanar, (paddle yacht), Nacoda ...		Bombay.
90	Georgiana, J. B. Bawsher, 2 (tender)		Persian Gulf.
510	Havelock, 2 (paddle), Davies ...	...	River Indus.
300	Hugh Rose, (gun boat) Wood....	...	Persian Gulf.
	Hornet, Dayman, (S. Sloop) ...	...	Bombay.
522	Indus, 2 (paddle), Tickle ...	...	Neale.
492	Jhelum, 2 (paddle), Peck ...	...	River Indus.
151	Keddywarry, (flat)		...Guard Vessel, Kurrachee.
	Kotree, (flat), O'Brien	...	River Indus.
700	Lady Canning, 2 (paddle), James ...		Adaman Islads.
209	Lady Falkland, (paddle), Tarleton ...		Bombay.
157	Mahi, 3 (schooner), Gardiner....	...	Aden.
167	Marie, (schooner)	...	Bombay.
445	Napier, 2 (paddle), Stevenson...	...	River Indus.
49	Nerbudda, (schooner), ...	...	Kurrachee.
204	Nimrod, 2 (paddle), Linton ...	...	River Indus.
610	Outram, (paddle), Neal	...	River Indus.
353	Planet, (paddle), Fowler... ...	...	River Indus.
140	Pluto, (screw), White..... ...	...	Bombay.
1246	Prince Arthur, (screw), Walker ...		Bombay.
400	Punjaub, 19, Foulerton	...	England.
208	Ravee, (flat), Ridge Williams ...	...	River Indus.
335	Satellite, 1 (paddle), Harrison...	...	River Indus.
260	Semiramis, 8 (paddle), Worsley ...		Zanzibar.
510	Sir Henry Lawrence, 2(paddle), Jones		River Indus.
40	Snake, 1 (paddle), Rogers ...	...	Bombay Harbour.
258	Tigris, 5 (brigantine), Dyer ...	...	Persian Gulf
705	Victoria, 6 (paddle), Chitty ...	...	Aden.
1003	Zenobia, 9 (paddle), Cruttenden ...		Aden.

VESSELS IN BOMBAY HARBOUR.

[l. signifies "commenced loading."]

FOR LONDON.

823	Cleadon, Feetie—Martin, Young & Co.	
1488	Earl of Balcarras—Remington & Co.	(c. l. March 11)
832	Lowjee Sons—W. & A. Graham & Co.	
788	Monmyshire, Mathers—Leckie & Co.	(c. l. April 16)
989	Owen Glendower, Robinson—Remington & Co.	(c.l. Mar. 25)
749	Ramillies, Wright—Campbell Mitchell & Co.	(c.l. Feb. 21)
1284	War Spirit, Lukes—S. Burstall & Co.	(c. l. Mar. 24)

FOR LIVERPOOL.

744	Admiral, Clarke—B. F. Cama.	(c. l. April 14)
848	Adrienne, Scott—Nusserwanjee Nusserwanjee	(c. l. Mar. 19)
1162	Africa, Bowie,—J. Tanner & Co.	(c. l. March 11)
1091	Algiers, Morris—Merwanjee Nusserwanjee.	(c. l. Mar. 18)
1089	Albion, Thompson, S. Burstall & Co.	(c. l. April 22)
811	Anna Gordon, Santo—Shapoot & Co.	(c. l. March 24)
1475	America, Finlay—Coupland & Co.	(c. l. April 1)
1046	American, W. Potts—Dady and Sorabjee.	
1227	Argonaut, White—Ritchie Steuart & Co.	(c. l. April 17)
1266	Beachworth, Frain—Rennie, Scovell & Co.	(c. l. March 5)
967	Belcochee, Mitchell—Coupland & Co.	(c. l. March 27)
1391	Bosphorus, (s)—Killick, Nixon & Co.	(c. l. Mar. 26)
882	Bramley Moore—Wm. Graham & Co.	(c. l. Mar. 13)
1493	Broughton Hall, Rennie—Coupland & Co.	(c. l. April 24)
1122	Brunelle, Orkney—Rennie, Scovell & Co.	(c. l. Mar. 19)
1152	British Lion, (s)—Coupland & Co.	(c. l. Mar. 29)
1429	Bucephalus, Rice—W. Nicol & Co.	(c. l. April 22)
1049	Chance, Martin—W. & A. Graham & Co.	(c. l. Mar. 6)
885	Chevalier, Perkins—MerwanjeeNusserwanjee	(c.l. Apr 28)
1426	Clarendon, Hobart—Hobart & Co.	(c. l. Mar. 29)
1081	Clifton Belle, Bastin—Coupland & Co.	(c. l. April 7)
1333	Crescent, Ewing—Rennie, Scovell & Co.	(c. l. April 7)
858	City of Agra, Ewing—Coupland & Co.	(c. l. April 30)
1152	Dirigo, Brown—Rennie, Scov

…Deputy Com… …been suggested to us by a friend that his successor, who ever that may be, should only be allowed to take office on condition that he should be obliged to make use of the hack-buggies as a mode of conveyance, instead of being allowed to keep a private carriage of his own, so that he might practically know the inconvenience and annoyance to which others are put.

BOMBAY, BARODA, AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

OPEN 132½ MILES.

Statement of Traffic, Week ending 20th April, 1862.

COACHING.

Number of Passengers, 18,074.		
Amount	Rs.	7,180 15 7
MERCHANDIZE.		
Amount	,,	2,236 5 2
Total...	Rs.	9,417 4 9

Corresponding Week last year. Open 90½ Miles.

COACHING.

Number of Passengers, 11,816.		
Amount	Rs.	6,788 8 0
MERCHANDIZE.		
Amount	,,	1,299 7 2
Total...	Rs.	8,067 15 2

TIME INTERVALS FOR MESSAGES.

THE statement gives the maxima and minima time intervals for messages received at the Bombay office from the offices at Calcutta, Madras, and Kurrachee during the twenty-four hours ending at 8 o'clock in the morning. The time intervals are reduced from the Calcutta, Madras, and Kurrachee office dates affixed to messages, and are corrected on account of difference of longitude.

3rd May 1862.

Whence received.		Max. and Min.	Time Intervals. H.	Time Intervals. M.	Service or Private.	Words in Message.	By what Line.
Calcutta	Max.	34	53	P.	12	N. W. P.	
	Min.	7	53	P.	13	N. W. P.	
Madras	Max.	44	31	P.	13	W. C.	
	Min.	44	11	P.	19	W. C.	
Kurrachee	Max.	1	7	S.	10	N. W. C.	
	Min.						
Calcutta	Max.	15	33	S.	31	N. W. P.	
	Min.	2	10	P.	14	N. W. P.	
Madras	Max.						
	Min.						
Kurrachee	Max.	6	57	P.	20	N. W. C.	
	Min.	2	2	P.	17	N. W. C.	

THE LATE MURDER

IN consequence of the great sensation caused by the double murder, which took place in Coombarwada Street, Chuckla, on Thursday morning last; we give below a full report of the Inquest held on the bodies of the two unfortunate women.

An Inquest was held on the body of *Mamoola*, a woman aged between 25 and 30 years, before the Coroner, Dr. Reid. At Chuckla on the afternoon of the 2nd instant.

Dr. R. Haines, Surgeon to the Coroner, said.—I have examined the body of the deceased Mamoola. It is lying in the same house with the deceased Sherefa. It was that of a woman about twenty-five years of age, rather spare. The clothes were soaked in blood. In the left breast above the nipple a penetrating incised wound about an inch in length was observed. On opening the chest the wound was found to penetrate between the third and fourth ribs; it had passed through the pericadium was filled with blood. I am of opinion that the deceased died from the loss of blood occasioned by the wound of the heart. The wound might have been occasioned by a stab from the knife produced.

Bunnoo, woman, said.—I knew the deceased and lived in the same house with her on the first floor. At about half-past seven o'clock this morning I was in my room smoking a hooka with this man (Abdool Rahimon) and my servant Ramlal, now produced. I heard a cry from the staircase outside of ai Alah!! (oh God!) I opened the door of my room and stood at it. I saw the man here in custody whose name I didn't know, strike the deceased Mamoola with such a knife as this produced in the breast. She (Mamoola) was crouching from fear under the ladder in front of Sherefa's room door. The prisoner opened the door of Sherefa's room; threw the knife in there; closed the door and ran down the ladder into the street. Lalljee and the Tindal (Abdool Rahimon) were also in my room. We all called out from the windows in my room "a woman has been struck." The sepoys came up and found Mamoola quite dead. The Duffadar (Owen present) was with the sepoys. I did not go into Sherefa's room to see about her. I was afraid.

ANOTHER Inquest was held before the same jury on Friday morning at the Morgue, before the Coroner, touching the death of Sherefa, a Cusban, at 2nd Coomberwada Street, Chuckla, on the morning of the 2nd instant.

Dr. Robert Haines, Surgeon to the Coroner, said.—I have this day examined the body of the deceased Sherefa. It was that of a healthy looking women of some thirty years of age. There was incised wound in a invertical direction about six inches long in the right hypochondriac region, through which some of the intestine was protruding. On examining the abdomen I found that the intestine was the color covered with the omentum. The intestine, were surrounded. There was an incised wound of the lower edge of the liver, corresponding in position to the external wound. It was about an inch in depth. The gall bladder was divided from end to end. The cavity of the abdomen contained a good deal of coagulated blood, and the lower surface of the body and the clothes were saturated with blood. I am of opinion that the deceased died from the loss of blood occasioned by the wound. The wound might have been occasioned by the knife now produced.

Bunnoo, Cusban, examined said.—I live at this place and knew the deceased. She was also a courtezan and lived in the next room to me. I did not see her dead body after Mamoola was struck in my presence, I did not go into her room, till I went just now to see the body. I didn't know who struck her. I heard no disturbance in her room that morning. I used to hear wrangling between Sherefa and the prisoner, who had been staying with her for the last five or six days. I know nothing further.

Prisoner here said,—"Why do you not tell the truth."

Balajee Sunkrojee said.—I am a Duffadar of Police No. 19, and am in charge of the Chuckla section of the Mamoovie Police division. On Thursday morning as I was going along the road I heard an alarm of "murder up stairs" from the window of a house in the 2nd Coomberwada street. I ran into the house and on the first floor saw the deceased Mamoola lying on her back dead under the stairs opposite Sherefa's room. The Police sepoy, No. 868, was standing there. I examined the body of Mamoola and found it quite dead. Observing the door of Sherefa's room open I went in and found Sherefa lying on her back, on a low cot covered with a mat, in a pool of blood. Her intestines protruding and she was breathing with much difficulty. I found the knife now produced (an open *gardener's* knife, made by "Joseph Rodgers and sons," with a red handle, apparently new and with a blade of five inches long, stained with blood) lying on the floor of the room near the foot of the bed in which Sherefa was lying. The blood was fresh on the knife. I called out to the sepoy Kalu to bring a palkee. I asked Sherefa "who struck you"; and she replied, with a low voice "Shaik Ahmed." She expired immediately afterwards. I found no trace of a struggle in the room where Sherefa was lying wounded and no marks of blood except on the cot. There is an inner room which I also examined but found no trace of a struggle there. The clothes of Sherefa were in the inner room hanging up and I found the pocket on the rail of the bed in that room. It is of the sort usually worn by Calassies; and the prisoner Shaik Ahmed, said yesterday that it was his. The door of the room next to Sherefa's was also open. I went in there after having examined Sherefa's room. I found there Bunnoo Cusban, Mohunlal Ramlal and Abdool Rahimon. The window of the room was open towards the road. In consequence of information received from them, I made enquiries of Vishram Megji, who sells milk on the ground floor. In consequence of information received from him I gave the description of the appearance and dress of a Calasee to some sepoys and took Visram with me to look for the man. At about half-past ten o'clock I saw the prisoner Shaik Ahmed bin Sheik Ibrahim being brought in the custody of Mahadoo Narayan and Naiques. I recognised him as the person described by Vishram Megji. There was blood on the left sleeve of his jacket. I said to him "did you strike Sherefa and Mamoola, who have been struck?" He said yes, I struck."

The Coroner then cautioned the prisoner in the usual way.

The Coroner said that there was no more evidence to be taken in regard to the death of Mamoola, it had been proved by two witnesses that the prisoner inflicted the wound on her, and the doctor had examined the body and considered that the wound was sufficient to cause her death.

The jury returned a *Verdict* of wilful murder against the prisoner.

The enquiry lasted from 3 o'clock until half past 7.

…happened. I have nothing more to say.

…in the house that …o'clock this morning and …

…Amershaw … Topun; Amershaw, who is a book-binder by trade, was engaged in inserting new leaves in the books of the defendants, and Topun was a customer who had come to purchase ghee at the shop. He asked the Marwarrees to advance him a sum of Rs. 250 on the security of the two ornaments which he had brought to pawn with them, but the Marwarrees not having that amount with them or the time to call the next morning. He thereupon departed, leaving the ornaments with the Marwarrees. Next morning when he went to the shop, he was requested by the Marwarrees to take back the ornaments; and nothing was said about the money. So soon as plaintiff took up the ornaments, he found the neck chain was not his own and that it was not of gold. The silver waist chain was identified as his property, but he was unwilling to take it, because the Marwarrees would not give up the other ornament also.

The evidence of the defendant Bhoota was, that the plaintiff called at the shop on the evening of the 15th March last, during the absence of the elder partner Motee, and requested an advance upon pawn of the two ornaments. He took the ornaments and paid the plaintiff Rs. 256, and at the same time made an entry of the transaction in his book. That soon after the plaintiff left the shop, the elder partner returned and the ornaments were shewn to him. Motee took the ornaments to a goldsmith to have them tested and discovered that the neck chain was all brass. Finding themselves duped by the Buattia grain-dealer, they went in search of him that night, but failed in finding him. Next morning they found the plaintiff and accused him of having defrauded them of Rs. 256 by pawning a false ornament. Plaintiff not having paid back the money which he admitted he had lost in gambling, he was given in custody of the police, and brought up before the Magistrate on a charge of cheating, but the charge was dismissed.

The question for the Court was, which of the story was to be believed. The Court considered that if the plaintiff's story be true that he left the things with the defendants on the understanding that the money was to be paid the next morning, and that if the defendants insisted on their alleged right not to deliver them up, then the defendants would be guilty of conversion; but if the defendants had paid the money, then they had a perfect right to retain the ornaments, and there would be no conversion.

As usual in such cases, the evidence was very conflicting. In support of the plaintiff's statement, there was the evidence of his brother who deposed to having given the ornaments to the plaintiff to raise a loan; that of the two witnesses Amershaw and Topun who said they saw the ornaments given to the defendants, but that the latter paid no money to the plaintiff; and that of the goldsmith who said he sold the ornaments to the plaintiff's brother on the 8th March last, that is, five days before they were taken to the pawn-broker's.

The Court was of opinion that there were several improbabilities in the plaintiff's case. First of all it did not seem probable that plaintiff would go to a Marwarree's shop and leave the ornaments there on promise to be paid the next morning. This seemed rather unusual, and there appeared no reason why he should have left them with the Marwarree: he might have taken them back. Nor was the plaintiff's story probable that he had refused to take back the silver ornament, because the gold one was not delivered up at the same time. It was in evidence that plaintiff's brother had a chain similar to the one alleged to be pawned with the Marwarrees, but it appeared he was a person in receipt of a salary of Rs. 25 only, and it did not appear how he could have afforded to purchase the ornaments out of his savings. It appeared also improbable that he would be in such a hurry and need to pawn the ornaments within five days after he had purchased them. It appeared strange too to the court that plaintiff could have discovered the two witnesses Amershaw and Topun so as to make them available for witnesses, having, as he alleged, seen them but once, and without having the slightest clue to their residence. These persons were in the shop, having no interest whatever in the pawned articles, and still they came forward and presumed to remember perfectly well what the weight of the ornaments was.

Now, looking at the evidence of the defendants there was some consistency in it. It appeared to the Court a very natural story that on finding themselves deceived, the defendants went that night in search of the plaintiff and found him absent from home, that next morning they met him on the road, and not being satisfied with his promises to return the money, they gave him in charge. Then there was the evidence of another Marwarree and two or three other witnesses who swore that Rs. 256 was paid to the plaintiff by the defendants. The policeman who took plaintiff in custody, and the goldsmith who tested the chain, swore also that the plaintiff admitted having received the cash and the admissions of the plaintiff, His Honor came to the conclusion that the defendants were not guilty of conversion. *—Verdict for defendants; costs certified.*

INDIAN.

NEWS LETTERS.

COCHIN, *April 26th* 1862.—Mr. Maltby, the British Resident of Travancore and Cochin, accompanied by Mr. W. Fisher, his successor, left this yesterday for Shoranoor, where Mr. Fisher is to assume charge of his new office on the 1st proximo. Mr. Maltby's retirement is sincerely deplored by all classes, and it is to be hoped that his loss will be compensated for …

…Commander-in-Chief does not …pline to be broken through and set at naught …unity, and superior officers to be spoken of …ingly and insultingly, because the latter happen to be "mere company's fellows," as is instanced in a recent occurrence, which has terminated disagreeably for the royalist, in this wise. It appears that "a Surgeon Murray," or "a certain Surgeon Murray," of the late Company's service, or a mere Company's fellow, and who is a Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals at Agra, for that circle of Superintendence, thought right, when giving directions, or calling for reports and information concerning cholera, within the sphere of his administration, to advise, or lay down the employment of some remedy, which it did not suit the views, the theories, or the wishes, of a Surgeon in Medical Charge of a Royal Regiment at Gwalior, or thereabouts, to administer or recognise. This latter Officer, in a report to the head of the Royal Medical Department in this Presidency, thought right, as it would appear, to designate his superior who was only of the Company's service, as "a Surgeon J. Murray:" and, although the document was returned to him, with the advice, and the opinion, that he should alter the slighting designation, he declined to do so, and again forwarded it as originally prepared. The matter was, of necessity forwarded to the Commander-in-Chief, who having, when he came into office, stated that "merit belongs to no particular service," carried out his declaration in this instance; and, depriving the "mere Royal fellow" of the medical charge of his regiment, sent him down-country to a depot. Moral—the "mere Queen's fellows, and "the mere Company's fellows," are the same in the just eye of the Commander-in-Chief; and both will find it advisable to succumb to discipline, and treat their superiors with obedience and respect.—*Englishman, April 26.*

…ing before the Hon'ble Members …ascertain that they … the public welfare … of Her Majesty's …ies as President of … Hon'ble Members …support.—*Hurkaru.*

…have long stu… …ble efforts to obtain for th… …purchased by the general revenue, … than before to their own contribution. …There has been too much foundation for your re… …the past, and it certainly has ever been my endeav… …to remedy the inequality complained of. But great steps have been lately made in the direction to which justice and policy alike point, and I think that Bengal may now feel secure that by this good commencement her claims are virtually conceded. I feel confident that in a few years these provinces, on the well being of which the financial stability of the Indian Empire rests, will no longer, in respect to expenditure allowed for Police, Military protection, Imperial Roads, Canals, and other public works, be as they have been, in comparison with their geographical extent, their population, and their revenue, the least favoured part of British India.

You have also spoken of one point of my police which has been subject to misrepresentations. That policy, in its principle, was too plain and obvious to merit applause, and I believe the same reason will secure it, eventually, from disinterested blame. It was simply to see that all men and all classes had the equal protection of the law.

That the social crisis to which you have alluded has been safely passed through, should be with all of us a subject of thankfulness to Almighty Providence. And it is my conviction that the result of recent events, however they may be now viewed, will be found in the end to have conduced to the secure and lasting development to British enterprise and capital in India; a development to which India must look as one of the most essential elements of her moral, political and material progress.

I rejoice to find that you approve of what has been done in the multiplication of Magisterial and other Courts, and in the improvement of internal communications. I believe that nothing can now stop satisfactory progress in these respects. In both matters the watchfulness and co-operation of Native gentlemen of intelligence and influence will be most useful. I commend them to your constant attention, as indispensable to the well-being of your country.

I return you Rajahs and Gentlemen, my very sincere thanks for your good wishes. You and your country will ever be remembered by me with feelings of interest, affection, and gratitude.—*Id.*

DACCA.

LIME.—The limestone quarries of Sylhet have for many years supplied the Public Works Department with their lime. The business, however, has we fear, suffered recently by the introduction into the Calcutta market of the Gootee lime, as well as of large quantities of lime-stone brought as ballast in French ships. We now learn that a third sort, the coral lime, bids fair to supersede the Sylhet lime. A quantity of coral was recently brought from Port Blair in the Andamans, and it was found that one hundred cubic feet of it produced about fifty seven maunds of lime, at a cost per 100 maunds of from Rs. 35 to Rs. 45: But this is exclusive of the cost of shipping which is calculated at about Rs. 10 per 100 maunds. The writer in the Engineer's Journal, from whom we quote, goes on to say that these rates 'would enable the lime to be sold in Calcutta for very little more than the cost of Sylhet lime in former times, and cent per cent below the cost of the same article at the present day.' It is a fact that the price of Sylhet lime has risen from about Rs. 45 to Rs. 90, in the Calcutta market, but this we believe is owing in great measure to the rates of shipment from Chattuk to Calcutta, which have been doubled within the last few years. Indeed the price of all labour has increased. The quarry men charge more than they used to do; the middlemen, that is, those who engaged to furnish certain quantities of the stone, are compelled to charge at higher rates, and the cost of transit to Calcutta is about as much again as the original cost of the stone.

It will be a long while before Calcutta or the Public Works Departments can do without Sylhet lime. The way in which the price might be considerably reduced, would be, to get it conveyed to Calcutta by steam instead of the large slow-going country boats now engaged. If the Cachar steamers (and surely we are to have them notwithstanding Cleghorn's break down,) can take the stone at any figure less than say Rs. 45 per hundred maunds, it might be sold in Calcutta considerably cheaper than its present rate of Rs. 90. The speculation would be a paying one whether viewed by the owners of the steamers or the dealers in Calcutta; and the public would be benefited.—*Dacca News, April 19.*

SIND.

THE four Government Steamers have now been formally handed over to the Railway Company. As these were the best boats on the river, and most of the others will soon become the property of the Punjab Government, we suppose the Indus Flotilla may now be considered among the things of the past. We trust the Railway authorities will lose no time in getting these Steamers to work on the river, both in their own interests and in those of the public. We learn however that some delay is likely to occur in procuring officers; the Engineers not appearing very willing to transfer their services to a private Company, when they can claim a year's notice from the government. The Railway Company sent out a staff of officers more than two years ago, when there was no immediate prospect of their services being required, and now that men are wanted, they are not to be had. It is to be hoped that some means will be found for meeting this difficulty, as the public will suffer serious inconvenience if the Railway is not prepared to take the place of the government and run the steamers at once.—*Sindian, April 26.*

BRITISH, COLONIAL, AND FOREIGN.

THE COTTON FIELD OF THE UNITED STATES.

(From the Cotton Supply Reporter.)

THE following interesting letter from a gentleman well acquainted with the American Cotton States, and thoroughly competent to speak on the subject of which he treats, has been forwarded to the Committee of the Cotton Supply Association for publication:—

Manchester, February 25th, 1862.

My dear Sir,—You have referred me to an article in the *Cotton Supply Reporter* relating to the cultivation of cotton in the Dutch colonies, and request an expression in writing of my views in relation to planting, and such other points as the article may suggest.

I regret that I am unable to give the direct answer to your enquiries, my observation having been confined to the great American field, no part of which is within the tropics. If it will suit your purpose, I will cheerfully describe the cotton field of the United States, noting the characteristics of climate, soil and culture, as they have occurred to me in my visits to that region, and I will leave you to draw your own conclusions as …

…prepared for the seed. In localities where entire absence of rain succeeds the rainy season, unless heavy dews are prevalent, I would say that it would be unfavourable to cotton, although the cotton plant endures drought better than any crop I have ever known. Again the needful preparation of the soil by deep ploughing, and exposing the fallow for a period of two months in the process to the sun, must have a beneficial effect and greatly enhance the yield. It must also have a tendency to destroy the vermin that might otherwise prey upon the plant.

In regard to climate, the American cotton field is peculiar. It is quite as variable as the soils are various, both of which I will speak.

The subject will be better understood by reference to the map, and observing in connection the product of the several cotton states, regulated as it is by climate and soil. I have not now at my command the statistics of 1860, which shows great changes in many of the states, especially those bordering on the Mississippi river and Texas to the west of it, all of which have very much increased in the production in the last ten years. I refer to the census return of 1850, which gives the production as follows:—

Probably Cotton States.	Bales of 400 lbs each.
South Carolina	300,001
Georgia	499,001
Alabama	564,423
Mississippi	484,282
Louisiana	178,737
Texas	58,072
Arkansas	65,344
Florida	43,131
Tennessee	194,532
Virginia	3,947
North Carolina	73,845
Kentucky	758
	2,469,093 Bales

In Virginia, North Carolina and Kentucky, the season is too short, and it is only raised in favourable locations near the coast, or in a warm valley exposure. In Tennessee the greater part of the production is below the parallel of 36 degs. and the quantity is not likely to increase, as the season is too short to render the cultivation profitable. Georgia, Alabama, and Mississippi, produce about one-half of the entire crop, yet the proportion is changing from the rapid increase of production in many of the new states where vast tracts of the best cotton lands are still unoccupied.

There are three general classes of soil in the South yielding cotton—

First *Alluvial deposits*, bordering upon rivers and small streams, known as *bottom lands*. On the larger rivers they are often of great breadth and unbounded fertility, producing largely even with careless cultivation. Large sums have been expended in portions of the country in raising dikes, called "levees," on the river banks, to prevent overflow in time of high water.

Second *Prairie* and *canebrake* soils. The finest cotton lands of Alabama and Mississippi are of this description. They are vast plains of alluvial deposit, generally having a lime substratum in the form of a blue hard pan. They are very productive and reliable.

Third *Upland* rolling or hilly regions. The soils of this class are various. The best are the real marl, mixed with rotten limestone, which are very productive. Next, the light alluvial soils with clay foundation; and last, and least reliable, the light sandy soil, which by easy of cultivation but quite moderate in product.

All of this third class are seldom continued many years in cotton, as they are soon exhausted. It is very difficulty to recuperate cotton lands, as no grasses have yet been found that endure the heat and droughts, so as to form a turf, as in the more northerly states, and here in England. The largest portion, perhaps three-fourths, of all the American cotton is grown on the two first' classes of soils, though, perhaps, 60 per cent of the acres planted are of the third class.

The valley of the Mississippi, you will notice, drains an immense territory. Taking a stand point at the mouth of the river, and cast your eye over the map to the North, and you will discover that it is valley until it reaches the polar regions. Causes actually pass from the sources of "the great river into the head waters of the Red River of the North, which through Nelson's River, empties into Hudson's Bay. If you extend your view to the west you will find the Rocky mountains for a western boundary, and looking easterly it will be the chain of mountains from the borders of Canada, that pass through New England and the middle states, terminating in Tennessee and North Carolina, there bounding the eastern cotton states. The winds of winter, whether from the north-west, bringing the cold of the Rocky Mountains across the dry and cold prairie region beyond Arkansas, or from the north or north-east, also a mountain and cold region, bring front on their wings to all the low country known as the cotton region, most unlike in climate to your own England, which is washed by the warm gulf of the gulf stream, and fanned through winter by the warm winds from the Southern ocean.

If anything herein submitted shall seem to you an answer to your enquiries, I shall feel amply repaid for the use of my leisure which I have thus appropriated. Your obedient servant,

CHARLES DUPREE.

B. Armitage, Esq.

INDIAN PRESS.

THE AMALGAMATION.

(From the Hurkaru, April 22.)

IF we consider the magnitude and delicacy of the operation, and the condition of the patient, we must allow that the amalgamation of the Indian army with that of her Majesty, has been accomplished with a success for which few were prepared, and which none had dared to predict. In another four years the scars of the amputator's knife will have healed and the army in its new and more perfect character, will give the best possible contradiction to those who opposed the fusion of the services in the first instance and who have never since ceased to weary us with predictions not more melancholy than they have proved false and vexatious. Petty interests under the specious garb of public feeling and the public good—a cry which, unfortunately, carried into the opposition ranks some few of our best Indian servants, has fought its fight, done what harm it might, but with the defeat of this party and the accomplishment of an end to which common sense and common policy pointed from the moment the sepoy army rose in rebellion, we may be permitted to discuss the probable results had the British government stampted to continue to the East India Company its former rights and privileges. To do this we must first assume the country dragooned into quiet by Royal troops, and the Company's army—we write of this, the larger half of India—disposed of, and then imagine these troops withdrawn. It was never proposed, we conceive, that eighty thousand British soldiers should continue to hold Hindustan for the shareholders of East India stock: indeed, such a course would have been incompatible

Government of Maharashtra
on 18 June, 2017

ENGLISH PRESS.

THE "TIMES OF INDIA" AND "PERVERSION OF FACTS."

(From the Money Market Review, March 20.)

THE *Times of India*, a Bombay newspaper, in its issue of the 12th of February, reproaches the *Saturday Review*, the *Spectator*, and the *Money Market Review*, for being blind leaders of the blind. Our contemporaries can, if they choose, defend themselves. We claim for a few moments the attention of our readers while we notice the strictures on an article in the *Money Market Review* of the 23rd November, on a Contract Law for India. Were it not that we are accused of "*Studied perversion of facts*"—with regard to matters too on which it happens that our accuser is himself clearly guilty of perversion—we should have treated his remarks with the contempt which they deserve. The subject, moreover—that of a Contract Law for India—is one of great commercial importance. The *Times of India* concludes, some very violent paragraphs by saying "The future of India depends on the enlightenment and elevation of the popular mind in England, and a host of writers have set themselves assiduously to blind and degrade it" To the first clause of this sentence we heartily subscribe. We look, moreover, for help from our Indian contemporaries. We shall always be glad of instruction from the other side, but, even to cool and temperate writers like ourselves, we fear that the assertion is not conveyed in more polite phraseology than that of the *Times of India*, will be useless. One is apt to undervalue the advice of an angry man, even though he be our friend. The term "flagrant mendacity" is applied to the London *Times*; other phrases applied to respectable London journals are of the following choice description:—"inconsistency only equalled by rashness," "quackery," "complacent dogmatism," flippant presumption," "false, selfish, one-sided theories," "studied perversion of facts": the last term being flung at the *Money Market Review*. The use of such language in allusion to the attempts of the English press to enlighten the English mind on India affairs will not conduce to the attainment of the professedly desired end. But regarding ourselves in the article animadverted on, we advocated a *principle* in preference to a *circa* Contract Law. With due humility which from our imperfect knowledge we should, and we trust does, characterise our articles on India subjects, we supported our own preference by citing the approval of "the Governor-General of India, the Hon. Samuel Laing, three-fourths of the Legislative Council of India, the "Chambers of Commerce, of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, the great majority of officials, and the public generally in India." We were specially alluding to the criminal law which had been introduced into the Legislative Council of India by Mr. Beadon, approved of there, but which had been disallowed by Sir Charles Wood.

The *Times of India* says that we have imposed on the ignorance of the English public "by a studied perversion of facts," and by "perversions," being specially two fold. We are rightly declared to state that "an Act making the breach of contract a criminal offence exists in the Presidency towns, and works well," but it is further declared that "it (the *Money Market Review*) knows perfectly well if it knows anything at all on the subject, that there is no such law in operation as that which it advocates for the Mofussil." Now, the law we were advocating was that introduced by Mr. Beadon in the Legislative Council of India, and which we took to be based on the Contract Law passed in 1859, and in force in the Presidency towns. Mr. Ritchie, who has just introduced another Contract Law into the new Council says, in his "Statement of Objects and Reasons," dated 29th January, 1862, which is published officially with the draft of his proposed Bill: "A Bill was brought into the Legislative Council last year by the Hon. Mr. Beadon to provide for the punishment of breaches of contract of one particular class, viz., contracts for the cultivation, production, gathering, provision, manufacture, carriage, and delivery of agricultural produce. The Bill was framed upon the same principle as Act XIII. of 1859, which provided for the punishment of breaches of contract by artificers, workmen, and labourers in the Presidency towns, and in such places as the Government might extend the Act to, and was itself based on the special legislation that has long obtained in England in regard to breaches of contract between masters and workmen or labourers in numerous callings and trades." We think we are absolved from the accusation of the *Times of India*, and even deserve some credit for recognising "*from a back lane of London*" the resemblance in principle of the Criminal Contract Law which we advocated, and that of the Act which was in force in the Presidency towns, when an Indian contemporary in the important city of Bombay, and with so high sounding a name as the *Times of India*, could not

ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE IN GOOD ORDER.

ONE 14-inch Dumpy Level, with Stand, and Staff, by *Elliott Brothers*. Price Rs. 170. Apply to McCOMBIE AND WRIGHT.

April 9th, 1862.

P. GRANT AND SON.

ARMY AND HUNTING SADDLERS
HARNESS MAKERS, &c.,
No. 1, MEDOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
(*Late W. Tapp's Saddlery Establishment*)
AND
EAST STREET POONA.

AMERICAN SCENERY IN THE STEREOSCOPE.

THE following PICTURES on Glass and Paper are now for sale at the Photographic Rooms of the undersigned.

GLASS SLIDES.

Table Rock.	Ice Bridge.
Below Table Rock.	Rapids from Lunar Island.
Tarupin Tower Niagara	On Lunar Island.
Horse Shoe Falls do.	Lunar Island Scenery.
Suspension Bridge.	American Falls.
From foot of Biddle Stairs.	Point View Summer.
Ice Cave behind Horse Shoe Falls.	Ship *Canada* at Sea.
	Ice Bridge and Falls.

PAPER SLIDES.

Quebec City.	Table Rock from the Falls
From Lunar Island.	Underneath Goat Island.
Lunar Island from Goat Island.	Below Table Rock.
From Point View.	Table Rock and Falls.
From Tarupin Tower.	Horse Shoe Falls.
Lunar Island Bridge.	Tarupin Tower.
	Laureate Falls Quebec.

McCOMBIE & WRIGHT,
No. 1, Church Gate.

CHESSON & WOODHALL'S LIBRARY.

28, MEDOW STREET.
NEW BOOKS, AND NEW EDITIONS.
RECEIVED PER STEAMER "JEDDO."

Moral and Metaphysical Philosophy, from the 14th century to its French Resolution, &c., with a glimpse into the 19th century. By Revd. F. D. Maurice	Rs.	7 8
The Millennial Rest; or the world as it will be. By the Revd. Dr. Cumming		5 12
Essays and Reviews. 10th Edn		5 13
The Home Tutor: a treasury of self-culture and complete library of useful knowledge. By the best masters. 500 descriptive engravings ...		1 12
Chambers's Household Shakespeare. Vols. I to 4		11 0
The Constable of the Tower. A Romance. By Ainsworth		3 12
Public Health in relation to air and water. By Dr. W. T. Gairdner		5 12
The Children's Picture Book—Birds		3 0
Quadrupeds		3 0
The Photographic News Almanac, 1862		0 12
Passages in the Life of a Young Housekeeper ...		1 12
Memoir of the Life of the Revd. Robert Story, late of Roseneath, Dumbartonshire		5 12
Selections from the Poetry of the Affghans, from 16th to 19th century. By Capt. H. G. Raverty		12 0
Abel Drake's Wife. A Novel. By John Saunders		5 8
New Zealand, the Britain of the South. By C. Hursthouse. 2nd Edn		11 4
Scripture Stories for the Young. By Rev. F. Calder.		2 12
The City of the Saints, and across the Rocky Mountains to California. By R. F. Burton...		13 8
Family Tour round Spain and Portugal. By Lady Dunbar		3 12
Alton Locke. By Kingsley		3 4
Men and Women. 2 vols. By Robert Browning		9 0
Aimard's The Red Track		1 8
Domestic Recipes		0 12
Forbes's Hindoostanee Manual		2 12
History of a Shilling		0 12
Wanderings of a Bible		0 12
Two Christmas Days		0 12
Poems and Pictures; a collection of Ballads, Songs, and other Poems, illustrated by English Artists. New Edn. 1862.		10 0
The Art Album. 16 fassimiles of Water-Colour Drawings by eminent artists		10 0
Curry and Rice. By Capt. J. F. Atkinson. 3rd Edn.		9 0
Moore's Irish Melodies, with Symphonies and Accompaniments by Sir John Stevenson. New Edition, edited by Professor Glover ...		7 8
All the Year Round, Vol. 6—September '61 to March '62...		4 4
Cover for Ditto		1 0
The Life and Epistles of St. Paul. By Conybeare and Howson. 2 vols		9 0
Aurora Leigh. By Elizabeth B. Browning ...		5 4
The Ambulance Surgeon; or practical observations on Gunshot Wounds. By P. L. Appia, M.D. Edited by T. W. Nunn and A. M. Edwards		4 8
Tennyson's Idylls of the King. New Edn. ...		5 4
In Memoriam		4 8
Alexander Smith's City Poems		3 12
The Theory of War &c. &c. By Lieut. Colonel P. L. Macdougall, 3rd Edition...		8 0
Tate's Geometry, Mensuration, &c.		2 4
Dictionary Appendix. Enlarged edition ...		3 12
Kogel's Phrase Book. 11th edition		6 12
Lieut. Hay's Channel Pilotage &c. &c.		3 8
Enquire within upon everything...		2 8
Thomson's Arithmetic and Key		5 0
Kidd on the Canary		0 12
Tate's Arithmetic		1 0
Self-Improvement		0 8
A Child's First Book of Geography. By W. Hughes		0 8
Geography for beginners. By ditto		0 8
Ditto, By Jas. Cornwell		0 12
Grammar for beginners. By Jas. Cornwell ...		0 12
McLeod's First Poetical Reading Book		0 8
Sullivan's English Grammar		0 12
Spelling Book Superseded		1 0
The Beginner's Own French Book. By C. J. Delille		1 8
Key to ditto...		1 8
The Year Book of Facts 1862		3 12

CHESSON & WOODHALL.
28, Medow Street, Fort.

FOR SALE,

HER MAJESTY'S INDIAN NAVY LIST, Corrected up to 1st April 1862.
Bombay Gazette Office, 27, Apollo Street, Fort.

EIGHT-HORSE BOILER FOR SALE.

AN Eight-horse Cornish Boiler, fitted with latest improvements, Cast Iron Circular Front, Dead Plate and Underwork, two Safety Valves, Water Guage in Metal Frame, Steam Feed and Blow-off Pipes, fitted with Brass Cocks, Exhauster and Dribble Pipes, with one Patent Steam Indicator and Patent Smoke Consumer fitted to Boiler Front, complete, in excellent condition.

*** The above may be seen at the *Bombay Gazett.* Printing Office, Manockjee Pitty's Buildings, Colabaa Price may be ascertained at the Fort Office, 27, Apollo Street.

Rich Silk, and G
Fancy, and Check
Embroidered Mus
Mohair, Barege a
White, Black, an
Black Barege, Mu
Black Crape Collar
Plain White hemmed
ing.
Embroidered Muslins and Lace Collars.
Square Embroidered Muslin Chimlsettes.
Zauve Jacquettes and Vests.
Head Dresses in Velvet, and Flowers.
Fancy Fans and Spotted Veils.
Velvets, Ribbons, Primmings, Buttons, &c.
"Weddiag and Mourning orders, carefully and pomptly executed."

N. B.—Orders from Out-stations must be accompanied by a Remittance or reference for payment in Bombay, or no notice will be taken of them.
No 7, Byculla Road.

THE MERCANTILE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, IN LONDON,

FOR FIRE INSURANCE AT HOME AND ABROAD.
CAPITAL, £2,000,000, *Sterling*.
Directors.
Chairman.—John White Cater, Esq., (Messrs. J. W. Cater, Son, & Co.)
Deputy Chairman.—Charles Morrison, Esq., (Messrs. Morrison, Dillon, & Co.)
Anselmo de Arroyave, Esq. (Messrs. A. D. Arroyave & Co.)
Alexander Henry Campbell, Esq. (Messrs. Finlay, Campbell, & Co.)
Philip Chas. Cavan, Esq. (Messrs. Cavan, Lubbock, & Co.)
Edw. Cohen, Esq. (Messrs. Drake, Kleinwort, and Cohen.)
Jas. Du Buisson, Esq. (Messrs. Hanckell, Du Buisson, & Co.)
Pascoe Du Pre Grenfell, Esq. (Messrs. Pascoe, Grenfell & Sons.)
Adolphus Klockmann, Esq. (Messrs. Klockmann and Pearse.)
Junius Spencer Morgan, Esq. (Messrs. George Peabody & Co.)
John Mollett, Esq., Austin Friars Passage.
George Garden Nicol, Esq., Deputy Chairman of the Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.
Peter P. Ralli, Esq. (Messrs. Ralli Brothers.)
John Henry William Schröder, Esq. (Messrs. J. H. Schröder & Co.)
Robert Smith, Esq. (Messrs. Robert Smith & Co.)
Frederic Somes, Esq. (Messrs. Somes, Mullens & Co.)
George Young, Esq. (Messrs. Bogbie, Young, & Co.)
(With power to add to their number.)
Manager.
GEORGE HENRY WHYTING.
Sub-Manager.
WILLIAM JAMES HAYES.

THE Directors have pleasure, in stating, that they are prepared to entertain proposals on nearly every description of Property in most parts of the world.

The Company will ever distinguish itself in its promptitude and liberality in the settlement of claims.

The importance of the subject of insurance being now more fully understood and appreciated, it becomes indispensably necessary that every Company which undertakes to replace the loss occasioned by Fire should be enabled to show its undoubted ability to perform its engagements. As ample evidence of the standing and position of the MERCANTILE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, it may be stated that its subscribed capital is

Two millions Sterling

and that the capital already paid up and invested amounts to

Two Hundred Thousand Pounds.

Agents in Bombay,
W. NICOL & Co.

McCOMBIE AND WRIGHT.

MESS, ARMY AND GENERAL AGENTS, No. 1 Church Gate Street. The Undersigned are now prepared to execute unlimited orders for—
Teaman's Beer and Porter.
Allsopp's India Pale Ale.
Salt & Co.'s Beer, Marzetti's Beer.
Burton Brewery Ale.
N. B.—The above in Quarts and Pints.
Dinner Sherry, Superior Sherries.
Port and Ginger Wines.
Jacquesson & Co.'s Champagne.
Best Old Tom, Gin and Whiskey.
Brandies of various prices and qualities.
Cherry Brandy and Curacoa.
Claret, Rock, Moselle.

PRESERVED PROVISIONS OF ALL KINDS.
Gillon & Co.'s Jams and Jellies.
Hams and Cheeses.
Oilman's Stores generally.
Teas, Sugar, Coffee of approved quality.
China and Indian Preserves.

DE LA RUE & Co.'s STATIONERY.
Extra superfine large Satin Post for mercantile correspondence, Cream and Blue laid all insides ruled.
Extra Large Mercantile Note Ruled.
Cream and Blue Wove large and Extra large Foreign Note, Envelope attached.
Water lined Overland Post and Note.
Royal Letter Paper, various colours.
Blue laid Ivory Note.
Thick Cream laid Ivory Note.
Castle Double Thick Note.
Black bordered Note and other Paper.
Windsor Court Letter and Note Paper.
Letter and Note Paper for Inland Postage.
Envelopes of all kinds and sizes.
Official Envelopes, cloth lined and plain Playing Cards.
Blank Memo. and account Books.
Steel Pens, Quills and Quill Pens.
Indian Rubber, Black lead Pencils.
Japan, Red and Blue Inks.

N. B.—Every requisite kept in stock.

PHOTOGRAPHIC BRANCH.
Chemicals, Apparatus.
Albumenized Paper.
Albumenized Paper for Stereoscopic Pictures.
Stereoscopic and Pictures.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.
Piano Fortes, and all Wooden Instruments.
Kohler's Brass Instruments for Military Bands.
Clarniet and Bassoon Reed.
Extras for all Instruments.
Violin and Violincello strings.
Guitar Strings.
Military Bag Pipes.
Chanter and Drone Reeds for Bag Pipes.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.
Silver Lace for Cavalry Regiments.
Chubb's Boxes and Locks.
China Matting.
Tucker's Argand Lamps.
Huntley and Palmer's Biscuits.
And other articles too numerous to mention.
McCOMBIE & WRIGHT.

FOR SALE

AT THE BIBLE SOCIETY'S DEPOSITORY Verge of the Esplanade, Dhobes' Talao, BIBLES AND TESTAMENTS, in English, Marathi, Hindustani, Gujerathi, Persian, Portuguese, French, and nearly fifty other languages, principally Eastern and European.

Revised Editions now available.
Marathi Bible, royal 12mo, 1 Rupee. Testaments, 4 Annas. Guzerathi Old Testament, Price 12 Annas. New Testament, gilt, 1 Rupee; plain, 4 Annas.
The Gospel of John, in English and Marathi. The Marathi expressed in Roman letters. Price 4 annas.

A SELF-IR
with moveab
Glass Shutters for the
proof Cover, moveable bo
and Shafts complete. Price R
McCOMBIE & WRIGHT.

JUST PUBLISHED.

ACTS OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL OF INDIA relating to the POLICE, MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT, and TAXATION OF BOMBAY. Reprinted from the *Calcutta Gazette*. Price Two Rupees. *Bombay Gazette* Office.

ARMY AND EAST INDIA AND COLONIAL AGENCY.

MESSRS. SAUNDERS, OTLEY, AND CO., inform Members of the Army and Civil Service and the Public at large in India, that they draw and remit Pay, Pensions, &c., forward Miscellaneous Supplies of every description to Regiments, Messes, and Individuals in India, Australia, and the Colonies, take charge of Children going to England, and arrange for their Education, and generally execute Commissions of all kinds.—SAUNDERS, OTLEY, & Co., 66, Brook Street, Hanover Square, London.

New Literary and Political Paper for India and the Colonies.

THE ORIENTAL BUDGET OF LITERATURE, POLITICS, SCIENCES, AND ART.
For India, China, Australia, and the Colonies.
PRICE ONE SHILLING.
Annual Subscription (including postage to any part of the World), 12*s*.

The "ORIENTAL BUDGET" is a perfect record of the *Literature* and *Political History* of the Month, and contains a complete Summary of *Scientific, Dramatic, and Artistic* intelligence.

Published on the 1st of every Month by
Messrs. SAUNDERS, OTLEY, & Co., 66, Brook Street, Hanover Square, London.

AGENTS:—
Calcutta.—Gillanders, Arbuthnot, & Co.
Madras—Balnbridge, Byard, Gair, & Co.
Bombay—Chesson & Woodhall.

THE LONDON HOUSE.

THORNHILL BROTHERS & Co. respectfully acquaint their Friends and the Public, that in consequence of the great depression in trade existing among the London and Geneva manufacturers, they have purchased for Cash a splendid lot of Gold and Silver Watches, Jewellery, &c., which they will sell at such prices as will ensure most decided savings to purchasers.
They consist of Gold and Silver Watches by McCabe.
Gold and Silver Watches by Thornhill Brothers.
Gold and Silver Watches by Jones.
Gold and Silver Watches by Allen.
Gold and Silver Watches by Bennett.
Gold and Silver Watches by Benoit.
Doctor's Independant Seconds and Race Watches.
Ladies' Gold Watches by English and Geneva makers.
Gold Watches from Rs. 70 to Rs. 350 each.
Silver Watches from Rs. 20 to Rs. 170 do.
Children's Sterling Silver Presentation Mugs.
Children's Sterling Silver Knife, Fork, and Spoon in Morocco cases.
Sterling Silver Snuff Boxes Gold gilt inside.
Sterling Silver Enamelled Snuff Boxes Gold gilt inside.
Coral Charms mounted in Gold. Rupees 5 per set of Ten.
Best Plated Tea Services on Nickle Silver.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's best description of London made Courior Bags from Rs. 10 to 15.
Aluminium and Jet Jewellery in great variety.
Steel Spectacles, Eye Glasses, &c. &c.
English, French and American Clocks in great variety.
Small Gilt Clocks without Pendulums.
Small Pocket Thermometers, Rupees 2, 3, 4 each.
All the above Watches are warranted to keep good time.
Thornhill Bros.' & Co. manufactures to order in fine Indian Gold.

Albert.	Gold Hoops for children's ears
Guards.	Wedding Rings and Guards.
Hair Guards.	Brooches.
Hair Rings.	Bracelets.

Watches made to order.
Old Gold and Silver, old Coins, Antiques, all kinds of Jewellery, Watches, Diamonds, Pearls, Coral, Plated Articles, &c., bought and taken in exchange.
Thornhill Brothers & Co., Practical Watchmakers, Jewellers, Opticians and Engravers, and Direct Importers from London and Geneva.
Established 1851.
Orders from Outstations must be accompanied by remittance or reference for payment.

INFANT-REARING.

MISS MARTINEAU, who, like all philosophical ladies, has studied the matter thoroughly, says, that "in England alone, 40,000 babes die annually; and one-third more of that number grow up either idiotic, sickly, or deformed." The reason is evident, as Mothers, through inability to nurse their offspring, resort to the administration of baked flour, biscuits, tops-and-bottoms, or-pap. The infant stomach cannot assimilate such crude preparations, and frequently rejects them; but still the nurse or mother continues to feed under the hope of soothing the child. Internal inflammation takes place—arricullions, diarrhœa, and consumption appear—and most frequently convulsions are induced which seal the infant's fate.

The *Medical Times and Gazette*, conveys Dr. C. B. F. Routh's views on the same important subject, and his opinion of Du Barry's Revalenta Arabica Food, as adapted to obviate the mischief effectually. Dr. Routh is physician to the Samaritan Hospital for Women and Children. This learned and experienced practitioner says:—

"The human milk contains besides salt of lime, chloride of potassium. Now, in common with carbonic acid, this salt enjoys the peculiar property of dissolving carbonate of lime or chalk. An absence of it in the food, as in wheat bread, is very injurious to a growing child; hence, a child fed on pap for a time grows fat, but the bones are soft; frequently it sickens, and severe symptoms supervene. Amongst the vegetable substances, that which comes closest to milk in its composition, besides being more easily assimilated and strengthening, is, without doubt, Du Barry's Revalenta Arabica Food, containing both phosphoric acid in abundance, and chloride of potassium: it also includes casein, the same principle which is found in milk in its constituent parts. No wonder, therefore, that under its influence many children affected with atrophy (wasting away of the body) and marked debility, have completely recovered. I have given it with the greatest advantage in such cases; and, so far as I may judge from my own experience, pacrifies fully carries out what theory, from a knowledge of its composition, led us to anticipate. It gives good muscle and strengthens the bones, restoring tone, and a healthy, regular action to the stomach and bowels, whether constipation or a relaxed state of the system is complained of."

C. B. F. ROUTH, M.D.

Packed in Bottles, with full instructions:
Sole Agent Messrs. FRAMJEE NUSSERWANJEE, & Co., No. 1, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay.

JUST PUBLISHED.

ACTS OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL OF INDIA relating to the POLICE, MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT, and TAXATION OF BOMBAY. Reprinted from the *Calcutta Gazette*. Price Two Rupees. *Bombay Gazette* Office.

ARMY AND EAST INDIA AND COLONIAL AGENCY.

MESSRS. SAUNDERS, OTLEY, AND CO., inform Members of the Army and Civil Service and the Public at large in India, that they draw and remit Pay, Pensions, &c., forward Miscellaneous Supplies of every description to Regiments, Messes, and Individuals in India, Australia, and the Colonies, take charge of Children going to England, and arrange for their Education, and generally execute Commissions of all kinds.—SAUNDERS, OTLEY, & Co., 66, Brook Street, Hanover Square, London.

New Literary and Political Paper for India and the Colonies.

THE ORIENTAL BUDGET OF LITERATURE, POLITICS, SCIENCES, AND ART.
For India, China, Australia, and the Colonies.
PRICE ONE SHILLING.
Annual Subscription (including postage to any part of the World), 12*s*.

The "ORIENTAL BUDGET" is a perfect record of the *Literature* and *Political History* of the Month, and contains a complete Summary of *Scientific, Dramatic, and Artistic* intelligence.

Published on the 1st of every Month by
Messrs. SAUNDERS, OTLEY, & Co., 66, Brook Street, Hanover Square, London.

AGENTS:—
Calcutta.—Gillanders, Arbuthnot, & Co.
Madras—Balnbridge, Byard, Gair, & Co.
Bombay—Chesson & Woodhall.

THE LONDON HOUSE.

THORNHILL BROTHERS & Co. respectfully acquaint their Friends and the Public, that in consequence of the great depression in trade existing among the London and Geneva manufacturers, they have purchased for Cash a splendid lot of Gold and Silver Watches, Jewellery, &c., which they will sell at such prices as will ensure most decided savings to purchasers.
They consist of Gold and Silver Watches by McCabe.
Gold and Silver Watches by Thornhill Brothers.
Gold and Silver Watches by Jones.
Gold and Silver Watches by Allen.
Gold and Silver Watches by Bennett.
Gold and Silver Watches by Benoit.
Doctor's Independant Seconds and Race Watches.
Ladies' Gold Watches by English and Geneva makers.
Gold Watches from Rs. 70 to Rs. 350 each.
Silver Watches from Rs. 20 to Rs. 170 do.
Children's Sterling Silver Presentation Mugs.
Children's Sterling Silver Knife, Fork, and Spoon in Morocco cases.
Sterling Silver Snuff Boxes Gold gilt inside.
Sterling Silver Enamelled Snuff Boxes Gold gilt inside.
Coral Charms mounted in Gold. Rupees 5 per set of Ten.
Best Plated Tea Services on Nickle Silver.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's best description of London made Courior Bags from Rs. 10 to 15.
Aluminium and Jet Jewellery in great variety.
Steel Spectacles, Eye Glasses, &c. &c.
English, French and American Clocks in great variety.
Small Gilt Clocks without Pendulums.
Small Pocket Thermometers, Rupees 2, 3, 4 each.
All the above Watches are warranted to keep good time.
Thornhill Bros.' & Co. manufactures to order in fine Indian Gold.

Albert.	Gold Hoops for children's ears
Guards.	Wedding Rings and Guards.
Hair Guards.	Brooches.
Hair Rings.	Bracelets.

Watches made to order.
Old Gold and Silver, old Coins, Antiques, all kinds of Jewellery, Watches, Diamonds, Pearls, Coral, Plated Articles, &c., bought and taken in exchange.
Thornhill Brothers & Co., Practical Watchmakers, Jewellers, Opticians and Engravers, and Direct Importers from London and Geneva.
Established 1851.
Orders from Outstations must be accompanied by remittance or reference for payment.

INFANT-REARING.

MISS MARTINEAU, who, like all philosophical ladies, has studied the matter thoroughly, says, that "in England alone, 40,000 babes die annually; and one-third more of that number grow up either idiotic, sickly, or deformed." The reason is evident, as Mothers, through inability to nurse their offspring, resort to the administration of baked flour, biscuits, tops-and-bottoms, or-pap. The infant stomach cannot assimilate such crude preparations, and frequently rejects them; but still the nurse or mother continues to feed under the hope of soothing the child. Internal inflammation takes place—arricullions, diarrhœa, and consumption appear—and most frequently convulsions are induced which seal the infant's fate.

The *Medical Times and Gazette*, conveys Dr. C. B. F. Routh's views on the same important subject, and his opinion of Du Barry's Revalenta Arabica Food, as adapted to obviate the mischief effectually. Dr. Routh is physician to the Samaritan Hospital for Women and Children. This learned and experienced practitioner says:—

"The human milk contains besides salt of lime, chloride of potassium. Now, in common with carbonic acid, this salt enjoys the peculiar property of dissolving carbonate of lime or chalk. An absence of it in the food, as in wheat bread, is very injurious to a growing child; hence, a child fed on pap for a time grows fat, but the bones are soft; frequently it sickens, and severe symptoms supervene. Amongst the vegetable substances, that which comes closest to milk in its composition, besides being more easily assimilated and strengthening, is, without doubt, Du Barry's Revalenta Arabica Food, containing both phosphoric acid in abundance, and chloride of potassium: it also includes casein, the same principle which is found in milk in its constituent parts. No wonder, therefore, that under its influence many children affected with atrophy (wasting away of the body) and marked debility, have completely recovered. I have given it with the greatest advantage in such cases; and, so far as I may judge from my own experience, pacrifies fully carries out what theory, from a knowledge of its composition, led us to anticipate. It gives good muscle and strengthens the bones, restoring tone, and a healthy, regular action to the stomach and bowels, whether constipation or a relaxed state of the system is complained of."

C. B. F. ROUTH, M.D.

Packed in Bottles, with full instructions:
Sole Agent Messrs. FRAMJEE NUSSERWANJEE, & Co., No. 1, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay.

A SELF-IR
with moveab
Glass Shutters for the
proof Cover, moveable bo
and Shafts complete. Price R
McCOMBIE & WRIGHT.

premi
Company
at £105.
The Associatio
Ceylon.
Arrangements will be
and the payment of dividen
England.
Prospectuses and forms of
may be had on application to the
Presidency.
LAWRENCE & Co.

Hindostan (Singhbhoom) Copper Company Limited.

Completely Registered.
CAPITAL £120,000, in 24,000 *Shares* of £5 *or Co's. Rs.* 50 *each.*
DEPOSIT, £1, *or Co's. Rs.* 10 *per Share.*
The Remainder of the Capital will be called up as Required, with an interval of at least three months between each call.

DIRECTORS.
SAMUEL JOHN WILDE, Esq., Director of the Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway, Bromley, Kent.
EDMUND EDWARDS, Esq., Director of the Pachuca Silver Mining Company, Beaufort Buildings, London.
MAJOR-GENERAL D. DOWNING, Bengal Army, 36, Gloucester Terrace, Hyde Park, London.
F. EGERTON PETRE, Esq., Messrs. CUTLER & Co., London and Calcutta,) 44, Mark Lane, London.
J. HAMILTON BEATTIE, Esq., M.I.C.E., Kingston, Surbiton, Surrey.
ROBERT BROAD, Esq., Horsely Company, Tipton, Staffordshire.
(WITH POWER TO ADD TO THEIR NUMBER.)
Three Gentlemen will be selected from the Shareholders in Calcutta to form a Local Committee.
Consulting Engineer.
JOHN FOWLER, Esq., C.E., F.R.S., F.G.S., 2, Queen Square Place, Westminster.
Auditors.
Official Auditors.—MESSRS. TYLER & Co., 13, Gresham Street, London E.C.
Shareholders' Auditor.—G. A. HILLIER, Esq., 111, Gresham House, Old Broad Street, London.
Bankers.
In India:—THE CENTRAL BANK OF WESTERN INDIA.
In London:—THE BANK OF LONDON, Threadneedle Street.
Solicitors.
In India:—MESSRS LYON & DODD, Calcutta.
In London:—MESSRS. HOWARD & DOLLMAN, 141, Fenchurch Street, E.C.
Secretary.
HERBERT HEATH, Esq.,
OFFICES:—9, *Broad Street Buildings, London* E.C.
Agents in Bombay.
MESSRS. MACNEE & Co.

THIS Company has been projected to acquire and work important mineral and other rights in the district of Singhbhoom, on the South West frontier of Bengal and to purchase the existing buildings, machinery and plant already erected for the purpose of raising and smelting Copper ore.
These rights extend over an area of about *eight hundred square miles*, the mineral portion containing a belt of mountainous country 50 miles long by 16 broad and embrace all the old Copper Mines formerly superficially worked by natives as well as more lately opened up.
The principal site of the mines is between Badea and Jamjori, a distance of about thirty miles, lying N. W. and S. E., and situated on the western bank of the Sonbanreeka. The whole chain of hills in this district (within 140 miles of Calcutta) abounds in copper ore, samples of which, and of copper plates smelted in India and in this country, can be seen at the Company's offices.
The Land in Singhbhoom is held under perpetual Leases granted by the Rajah of that District to the Vendor, and by him transferred to the Company, or by an underlease from the Vendor himself, at the Company's option. The Company have agreed to purchase the whole of the rights of the present owners, with the plant, machinery, &c., now on the Property, for the sum of £10,000, and a royalty of 2*s.* 6*d.* per ton on the ore sold, or £4 per ton on the copper smelted. The purchase money will be £10,000 in Cash, £10,000 in fully paid-up Shares, and £20,000 in shares or cash, at the option of the Company; the Directors having six months to declare their option. Possession of the Property has already been given, and there is a gentleman on the spot as the present time superintending the preparation of ore, fuel, &c., for commencing operations.
The first Report of the Property have been duly examined by Solicitors of high standing in Calcutta, and declared perfectly in order.
The general features of this Copper Country are a number of small mountain ranges interspersed by streams, and plains, spotted with small villages. A number of old native workings exist at the outcrops of the hills, but no deep shafts have yet been sunk to test the value of these deposits. The old working may be said along the different ranges of hills to the extent, in length, of nearly 100 miles.
The Copper smelting works are situated in Dolbhoom about 30 miles East of Chaibussa, and from the town of Midnapore nearly due West about 65 miles. There is a range of hills from 800 to 1000 feet above the plain, in the immediate vicinity, and the river Garuru forcing its way through these mountains discharges its waters into the Soobunreeka, only about 3 miles distant. The Garuru river contains water the whole year round, and near the works where the river passes through the range of mountains already mentioned, it forms a number of falls, thus affording an opportunity for applying the water power by means of wheels and turbines.
Two most competent Smelters have been sent out to the works with full instructions to commence smelting immediately. An experienced under ground Captain and a Mine Carpenter have also been sent out with orders to lose no time in getting the Mines, in London and Janjori, into an actively producing state. Those mines which were lately opened, gave ores averaging from 18 to 25 per cent. Full reports on the samples of ore assayed are given in the detailed Prospectus.
The cost of raising, smelting, and carriage to Calcutta of Copper from the Mines is calculated at £38 to £40 per ton, and this allows a margin for contingent expenses.
The average percentage of profit for the first two or three years is reckoned at 15 to 20 per cent., but it is confidently expected that in a few years the dividend will reach a much higher figure.
A considerable number of Shares having already been taken up, only a small proportion is reserved for the Bombay Presidency.
Applications for Shares must be accompanied by a Deposit of Co.'s Rs. 10 per Share.
Prospectuses and Forms of Application may be had by applying in Bombay, to

Messrs. MACNEE & Co.

26, Apollo Street.

In the fire branch (the on
Bombay) the rates of Premium v
nature of the risk, and will be found as
those of other first class offices.
Amongst other advantages offered by the Company Household Furniture may be insured in one sum, or in separate items if preferred.
Claims are promptly and liberally settled.
Rent of Buildings may be insured to protect parties from loss during reinstatement of property destroyed or damaged by Fire.
Losses by fire arising from Lightning made good.
Short period Insurances are granted on usual terms
A liberal discount is allowed on Insurances effected for more than one year at a time.
Every information on the business of the Company can be obtained from the general Agents of the Company in Bombay.
LAWRENCE & Co.

Albert, Medical, and Family Endowment Life Assurance Company.

ESTABLISHED 1838.
HEAD OFFICES, 7, WATERLOO PLACE, PALL MALL, LONDON.
For Granting Assurances on Lives, Endowments, and Annuities.

Position and Progress of the Company.

The Accumulated Assets exceed	£650,000
The Subscribed Capital.....	500,000
The Paid-up Capital	145,000
The Annual Income from Life Premiums exceeds	250,000
The Policy Claims and Bonuses Paid to Claimants exceed	£1,000,000

The new business is progressing at the rate of about £30,000 per annum.

INDIAN BRANCH.
BOMBAY.
Board of Management.
Sir Alexander Grant, Bart., Malabar Hill.
James Hunter, Esq., (Ewart, Latham & Co.,) Merchant
Framjee Nusserwanjee, Esq., Retired Merchant.
J. P. Bickerstetb, Esq., (Messrs. Bickerstetb and Cleveland, Solicitors).
Medical Officer.
DR. CORNELIUS C. MEAD.
Agents and Secretaries to the Branch Board.
Messrs. EWART, LATHAM & Co.
Position and Progress of the Indian Branch.

The Accumulated Assets exceeds	Rs. 19,40,000
The Annual Income from Premiums exceeds ,,	7,50,000

The Premiums.
THE circumstances under which the Premiums for India were computed are these:—
Under authority from the Court of Directors of the late Honorable East India Company, of date September, 1847, Mr. Nelson, the Actuary, was permitted to examine the records of the India House, with view to his completion of a Report on the state of the Bengal Military Fund. The Rates of Premium of this Company were computed from the data thereby afforded, and from the subsequent practical experience of the Company. No other Life Assurance Company has enjoyed similar advantages in this respect.
For the Assurance of Rupees 1,000 for the wh